

# Hongkong Daily Press

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## KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

### TIME-TABLE.

On and after April 8th, 1929, until further Notice (all previous Time Tables cancelled.)

UP TRAINS											
STATIONS	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No. 10	No. 11
Kowloon Dep.	8.40	8.05	8.30	9.15	10.00	10.15	1.15	2.31	3.50	4.50	7.35
Yau Ma Tei Dep.	8.49	8.14	8.39	9.24	10.09	10.24	1.24	2.40	3.59	4.59	7.44
Shatin Dep.	7.01	7.26	7.51	8.36	9.21	9.36	1.36	2.52	4.11	5.11	7.56
Tai Po Dep.	7.15	7.40	8.05	8.40	9.25	9.40	1.40	2.56	4.15	5.15	8.00
Market Dep.	7.20	7.45	8.10	8.45	9.30	9.45	1.45	3.01	4.20	5.20	8.05
Fanning Dep.	7.30	7.55	8.20	8.55	9.40	9.55	1.55	3.11	4.30	5.30	8.15
Shing Mun Dep.	7.35	8.00	8.25	9.00	9.45	9.55	1.55	3.11	4.30	5.30	8.15
Shum Shue Dep.	7.41	8.06	8.31	9.06	9.51	10.01	2.01	3.17	4.36	5.36	8.21
Canton Arr.	12.05	11.30	11.55	12.30	13.15	13.25	4.00	5.16	6.35	7.35	8.31

DOWN TRAINS											
STATIONS	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No. 10	No. 11
Canton Dep.	8.10	8.35	9.00	9.35	10.10	10.25	1.25	2.41	4.00	5.00	7.35
Shum Shue Dep.	7.17	7.42	8.07	8.42	9.17	9.32	1.32	2.48	4.07	5.07	7.42
Shing Mun Dep.	7.25	7.50	8.15	8.50	9.25	9.40	1.40	2.56	4.15	5.15	7.50
Fanning Dep.	7.30	7.55	8.20	8.55	9.30	9.45	1.45	3.01	4.20	5.20	7.55
Tai Po Dep.	7.40	8.05	8.30	9.05	9.40	9.55	1.55	3.11	4.30	5.30	8.00
Market Dep.	7.44	8.09	8.34	9.09	9.44	9.59	1.59	3.15	4.34	5.34	8.05
Shatin Dep.	7.57	8.22	8.47	9.22	9.57	10.12	2.12	3.28	4.47	5.47	8.18
Yau Ma Tei Dep.	8.11	8.36	8.61	9.36	10.11	10.26	2.26	3.42	4.61	5.61	8.32
Kowloon Arr.	8.17	8.42	8.67	9.42	10.17	10.32	2.32	3.48	4.67	5.67	8.38

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2.00 P.M. "SUI AN" (Sundays Excepted)

SUNDAY EXCURSION:—  
FROM HONG KONG: 9.00 A.M. "SUI AN" SUNDAY, 12TH MAY.  
FROM MACAO: 4.00 P.M. "SUI AN"

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## "THE PRIEST OF THE PARISH."

NAPOLEONIC GAME OF THE NAVY.

"FLIPS" WITH KNOTTED NAPKINS.

"ENJOYED" IN THE WARDROOM AND GUNROOM.

A mysterious and painful game called Priest of the Parish is played now and then when naval officers relax on a guest night. It used to be played on the lower deck with a knotted rope—not a mild civilian rope, but a real rope—but in these days it is played in wardrooms and gunrooms with a knotted table napkin or a tightly rolled copy of "Country Life," writes H. V. Morton in the *Daily Express*.

No one knows how, when, or why this game took root in the Navy. The padre tells me that it was learnt from French prisoners during the Napoleonic wars. All I know is that the whole affair smells strongly of tar and the eighteenth century, or earlier. Now how does this game begin?

**A Guest Night.**  
It is, as I have suggested, a guest night. Dining with us are several distinguished officers from other ships. The marine band, stationed in the ante-room, has tricked its way through operatic selections and musical comedy numbers, ending with the final solemnity of the National Anthem, during which we sit with lifted port glasses because—well, it is really necessary to explain why the Navy drinks the King's health sitting?

We drift out by ones and twos. Some of us, stung to the extremes of hospitality by a guest, have perhaps been drinking champagne, and into a mind lifted richly above the common earth comes the idea that it would be good fun to rag old So-and-so or to take a jolly good whack at the posterior of a senior officer. So—

"Let's play Priest of the Parish!"  
"Yes; who says Priest of the Parish?"  
A man who respects his dignity hurriedly makes up a four at cards, but, generally speaking, every one joins in.

**"Man John."**  
We sit in a circle.  
The officer who is, Priest of the Parish comes into the circle, carrying a table napkin tied into a fierce knot. Next to him sits an officer who is called "Man John."  
The Priest hits the floor with his knotted clout and declares the court open. He points round the circle as each player announces the name of the cap by which he is to be known during the game. Each answers as the Priest points to him.

Mr. Blue Cap, Mr. Green Cap, Mr. Black Cap, Mr. White Cap, Mr. University Cap, Mr. Percussion Cap, Mr. Knee Cap, Mr. Nighs Cap, and so on right round the circle.

The game now consists in the inter-change of a certain ritual, the slightest departure from which condemns the defaulter to one or more whacks from the knotted clout, as the Priest decrees: The clout, by the way, is termed a "Stonachey." Is there any one—naval man or archaeologist—who can explain the meaning of the word?

The Priest opens the game by hitting the floor with the Stonachey, saying—  
"The Priest of the Parish has lost his considering cap. Who claims this very fine piece of money? Some say this and some say that, but I say Mr. Blue Cap."

**"Watch White Cap!"**  
The player who has taken the name of Blue Cap must then immediately salute the Priest and conduct the following dialogue:—  
Mr. Blue Cap: "What, me, sir?"  
Priest: "Yes, you, sir!"  
Mr. Blue Cap: "You be, sir!"  
Priest: "Who then, sir?"  
Mr. Blue Cap: "Mr. White Cap!"

The dialogue then moves to White Cap, and so on round the circle. But the slightest error in the formula or the etiquette of the game brings the player to disaster. For instance, every Cap must salute the Priest. Not to do so is an offence. If a player absent-mindedly salutes another player, that also is an offence. Every one Cap in the circle watches the Cap concerned in the dialogue in the hope of tripping him up. For instance, if White Cap makes an error, Red Cap (or the first player to notice) shouts—  
"Watch White Cap!"  
The Priest then stops the ritual by hitting the floor with the Stonachey and saying—  
"Mr. White Cap watched by Mr. Red Cap. Who claims this very fine piece of money?"  
Red Cap (or the Cap who first challenges White Cap) then makes the following extraordinary speech:—  
"I, Red Cap, claim that very fine piece of money, likewise Mr. White Cap, who, bringing a very fine flipper to the front, did, during the course of this most divine ceremony, make a complete and utter mess of his dialogue, in that he did"—(there follows a description of White Cap's mistake). "I therefore beg leave to award him with one good flip over the bow-hind."

If the Priest awards the "flip," White Cap must immediately rise, and, turning his back on Red Cap, bend down to receive a hearty lash from the Stonachey, after which Red Cap returns the Stonachey to the Priest with the remark (and a salute):—  
"All just debts and dues duly paid, most noble lord!"  
"Perfectly Sweet!"

It sounds easy. But see a room full of naval officers who know the game! The dialogue flashes round the circle. The thing is taken at breakfast speed, so rapidly, in fact, that it is only a question of seconds before even the most practised player is caught out.

There are a number of technicalities which it is rather difficult to explain. If the Priest makes a mistake he can be watched. Then "Man John" carries on for him. But during this regency "Man John" always refers to the Priest as "late Priest of the Parish" until that "watch" is made good and the Stonachey restored to the Priest.

A common cause of disaster, when the game is played quickly is saluting a player instead of the Priest. Then the Watcher who catches the defaulter demands the penalty with the phrase:—  
"Likewise Mr. Green Cap, who, being one of God's meaneast creatures, did in your honour's presence dare to salute Mr. White Cap."

When experts play the game it is not possible to avoid punishment. I have seen players pulled up for sitting with legs crossed, smoking, or behaving in a casual manner while addressing the court. Men wearing black socks in which there was visible the faintest of white lines have been punished, for "having the audacity to appear in your worship's court wearing socks of such a nature that one might play a game of chequers thereon."

I tried to explain this game to a charming woman who asked me how the Navy employs its spare time.—  
"What darlings they are!" she said suddenly. "That's what I adore about the Navy! They never quite grow up, do they? Such adorable schoolboys! How perfectly sweet!"

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## Diary of Coming Events.

**To-day (May 10.)**  
Christian Fellowship Meetings, Helena May Institute, 10.30 a.m.  
Union Church Hall, jumble sale, 2.30 p.m.  
H.K.V.D.F. Smoking Concert and Dinner.  
Queen's Theatre: "The Crowd."  
World Theatre: "The Thief of Bagdad."  
Star Theatre: "Lights of Old Broadway."  
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m.  
Dinner Dance: Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.

**Saturday (May 11.)**  
Shanghai Races, last day.  
St. Joseph's College Athletic Meeting, Sookunpoo.  
Lawn Bowls:—Division I: Kowloon Dock v. Taikeo, Craigengower v. Civil Service, Kowloon Bowling Green v. Police, Kowloon C.C. v. Recreation Division II: Recreation H.K. Electric, Taikeo v. Kowloon C.C., Civil Service v. Kowloon Bowling Green, Yacht Club v. Craigengower.  
Tennis:—"A" Division: Craigengower v. M.B.K., H.K.O.C. v. Chinese R.C., South China v. Indian R.C. "B" Division: Recreation v. Kowloon C.C., H.K.C.C. v. R.E. and R.S., M.B.K. v. Nippon Club, University v. Indian R.C., Chinese R.C. v. South China, "C" Division: Recreation v. R.A.O.C., Civil Service v. R.E. and R.S.  
Concert: Wesleyan Sailors' and Soldiers' Home, Praya East, 9 p.m.  
Queen's Theatre: "The Thief of Bagdad."  
World Theatre: "The Student Prince."  
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m.  
Dinner Dance: Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.  
European Mails:—Inward: Europe via Siberia (Tamsa Maru); Europe via Siberia (Amur Maru); Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Kalyan), 10.30 a.m.

**Sunday (May 12.)**  
Sunday after Ascension.  
Queen's Theatre: "Slightly Used."  
World Theatre: "The Thief of Bagdad."  
Star Theatre: "The Student Prince."  
**Monday (May 13.)**  
Piano Recital: Mr. H. Ore's pupils, Cathedral Hall, 5.30 p.m.

Queen's Theatre: "Slightly Used."  
World Theatre: "The Patsy."  
At 2.30, and 7.15, Chinese Picture "Yang Kwei Foo."  
Star Theatre: "The Danger Girl."  
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m.  
Dinner Dance: Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.  
European Mails:—Outward: Europe via Victoria, B.C., 5 p.m.; and via Siberia, 5 p.m. (President Taft); Europe via Siberia (Tjikombang), 6 p.m.  
**Tuesday (May 14.)**  
China Sugar Refining Co. Ltd. (in Voluntary Liquidation) Extraordinary general meeting, Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Board Room, noon.  
Sanitary Board meeting, 4.15 p.m.  
Queen's Theatre: "No other Woman."  
World Theatre: "The Patsy."  
At 2.30, and 7.15, Chinese Picture "Yang Kwei Foo."  
Star Theatre: "The Danger Girl."  
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m.  
Dinner Dance: Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.  
European Mails:—Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Hector), 4.30 p.m.; Europe via Vancouver, B.C., 5 p.m.; and via Siberia, 6 p.m. (Empress of Asia).



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# WOMAN'S PAGE.

**LA MODE IN A KINDLY MOOD.**

**FABRICS, COLOURS, AND LINE OF SUMMER FROCKS.**

WHAT LOCAL SHOPS ARE SHEWING.

### CHEZ PAMELA.

#### FLOWERED NINON.

Certainly Madame la Mode was in a very kindly mood when she designed our summer frocks this year. The variety in style seems endless, and yet when you look more closely it is not the silhouette which varies so much as the numerous details on which *chic* and refinement depend. With a wide choice of style there is also a wide choice of material. Organdie, *ninon*, voile, *crêpe de chine* and a fascinating new crepe-line are all fashionable for summer wear, and you can choose for your trimmings lace and delicate embroidery of flowers, volants, or decorative bands of encrustations just as you please.

#### Fullness to the Front.

While a good many dress designers still arrange the fullness at the back, it is interesting to note a tendency to put part or all of the fullness to the front, and a front dip is also observed in some of the new hemlines.

#### Sleeves for Evening Wear.

Among the latest novelties shown on evening gowns are the sleeve gloves, made of the same material of the dress, which run from wrist to elbow.

#### Volants Appear on Sleeves.

Summer dresses often show several rows of tiny volants arranged on a diagonal. The same effect is seen on the sleeves, and occasionally a tiny volant is placed round the arm hole.

#### Fashion's New Palette.

Soft off blue, off mauve, off rose kinds of shades with a couple of floating new green tones, pale citron yellows and some pink-brown and beige shades—all tremendously flattering to the skin—are predominant, with here and there a strong gleam of one of the two new red colours. These shades are all very becoming, and what is almost equally important they blend with one another so that one hat can sometimes be made to do with two different dresses!

### SHADOW GEORGETTE.

A delightful new silk just introduced to the Colony by the Pioneer Silk Store is called Shadow Georgette. It can be had in 15 different plain shades and has a stripe in a looser, more open weave rather like Indian muslin. This would be an excellent material for summer dresses and will undoubtedly be chosen by women who like frocks of the semi-tailored type, and find spun silk—of which they are usually made—over hot. It would also with the accompaniment of a jabot or collar of good lace, make up very smartly for afternoon wear.

Another new georgette has a marbled colour stripe and can be had in various pleasing combinations of colours.

### A COMFORTABLE CHAIR.

I sat down in a most comfortable arm chair when I was waiting to be served in Whiteaway's furnishing department the other day, and I much envied the person for whom it had just been made. The interesting point was that the arms sloped down from the back, which is a great deal more restful than the old-fashioned arm. The suit was upholstered in dark red cretonne with a beige and blue stripe, which looked handsome and practical.

### CURTAIN NETS.

There is an excellent selection of curtain nets, in both silk and cotton, now on show in Whiteaway, Laidlaw's. They can be had in almost any colour and at prices ranging from \$1 a yard. These nets are now the most fashionable method of window treatment, and the aspect of a room can be wonderfully improved by clever window draping.

### CHEZ PAMELA.

#### FLOWERED NINON.

Pamela has some exquisite frocks of flowered *ninon* with and without sleeves, which may be worn for afternoon or evening, and also some smart little dresses of cotton voile.

Of the *Ninon* Frocks, my favourite is a lovely sleeveless model, with large pink and violet roses printed on a beige ground. The bodice is semi-fitting and long in the waist. From the hip line panels, of an elongated diamond shape, fall with a rhythmic backward movement over a circular skirt. The points to which the panels are cut at the top, are stitched down for about 4 inches, and give a close hip line which is particularly graceful. An interesting detail is the cape effect at the back of the bodice.



Two sharply contrasting styles. On the left is a *crinoline* frock of white and *Nattier* blue organdie with applications of painted tulle, on the right a *frilled* dress of blue and white *crêpe de chine*.

A Typical Botticelli Frock is carried out in white *ninon* patterned with small bright flowers in pink, blue and green. The circular skirt with its rounded floating panels is slightly longer at the front than at the back or sides. Another white *ninon* is printed with large wild roses in cerise, and has a full skirt with pointed panels. This model has eleven.

Among the Voile Frocks is a fresh looking little dress of blue and white spot, with a vest and collar of white clear muslin, and a velvet belt in a deeper blue. Very attractive is a lido sand coloured voile on which is "etched" a design of leaves in thin black lines. The square cut inset panels, which give fullness to the skirt and are piped all round with a narrow edge of black, are interesting.

### BATH MATS.

Whiteaway, Laidlaw's have a wonderful selection of bath mats. I say wonderful because they are such very utilitarian objects that you would never expect so much variety and real beauty in their design. "Punch" wrote the "Tam Hras" joke so thin that I really believe that a mat with the old familiar inscription is the only sort you can't get now-a-days. You can have roses on your mat, pink, golden, blue or violet, complete with green leaves, or, if your taste is less flowery you can have checks, squares or stripes of almost any colour you choose, even if you wish it a plain white bath mat. But you will, I believe, look in vain, even in Whiteaway's, for our old friend "Tam Hras."

The modern bath mat has other qualities besides decoration, however, it is made of very soft thick turkish towelling, which is very absorbent and can be used—unlike the old variety—by more than one person without getting limp and soaping. The prices vary with the quality but are by no means high in any case.

### IN LANE, CRAWFORD'S.

#### SILK AND VOILE.

Lane, Crawford's are showing a delightful collection of summer frocks for day and evening wear. I told you something about their evening frocks last week and to-day I want to concentrate on those for day time.

First the Silk Frocks. White trimmed with colour is as popular as it is charming. There's a little jumper suit in washing satin, the skirt pleated, and the sleeveless jumper printed in quite big scarlet polka dots. A white silk dress has two semi-circular encrusted bands of Nile green—the top one accommodating two pockets. The cuffs are a pretty pointed shape, and also of the green.

Crêpe-line is used for an all white jumper suit with pleated skirt and no sleeves, and a dress trimmed with *jeune*. Another white frock of the same material has cleverly arranged decorative tucks piped with Nile green.

Silk Voile, a fascinating new material between cotton voile and *ninon*, which promises to be very fashionable this summer, is used for a smart frock of oyster with navy spots. The skirt is arranged in three tiers of volants, and a rhine stone buckle adds a touch of smartness to the belt.

Embroidered Voile is going to play a large part this summer. It is made in the most delightful pastel shades and trimmed with embroidery of small flowers in toning or contrasting colours, for afternoon or semi-evening frocks. One dress is made of white voile with a pale green plaid pattern. The bodice is piped in scallops with pink, and pink, blue and yellow flowers are embroidered round the hem and cuffs. A frock of nude voile has a double *faux* edged with blue and pink, and the same colours are repeated in the smaller flowers embroidered round the hem.

Orchid Voile makes a charming little frock trimmed with squares of a paler tone set in with drawn thread work. The same effect is used for a dress of pale corn voile, trimmed with rust red and inset squares.

### PRINTED SILK

Inspirations for the new printed silks are unique this season and a great French artist has been responsible for several of the best. Fougita, the Japanese, has designed patterns which are sold exclusively to the grand couturiers. Many of the patterns this season have four or five colours, so carefully blended and harmonized, however, that a soft unity of tone prevails. A pretty example is seen in "Mikayo," a Fougita design of birds, ferns, and flowers, in which soft shades of yellow, gray, green beige and blue are combined. Designs, as a rule, this season, are irregular, and seem especially adaptable to the flowing, asymmetrical types of gowns now "en mode." Another Fougita pattern is very Japanese looking, with wavy lines and flowers done in single strokes of the brush or pen. Combinations of colours show green, gray and black on a beige ground; rose, beige and black on a gray or navy ground. The same designs and colourings are carried out in a range of silk materials such as *crêpe satin*, *crêpe de chine*, *crêpe georgette* and chiffon; all this with the new ensemble idea in mind. One of the most charming patterns of the Fougita list is called "Isotomina" and has a small butterfly and poppy design in red on either black or gray ground, and yellow and rust on beige ground.

### MODERN JEWELLERY.

The Pioneer Silk Store is an excellent place to which to go for modern dress jewellery. They keep a good selection of imitation jade, crystal and pearl necklaces, besides amber and ivory chains and bracelets. A shipment of crystal and pearls has arrived this week, and there are some very lovely chains of real crystal to be found at reasonable prices.

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It is the great restorative value of Bovril which has gained for it the universal approval of doctors and nurses. It stimulates and nourishes without any of the reaction of drugs and harmful stimulants. The good that Bovril does a convalescent is permanent good—so much ground regained on the pathway to health.



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**Ladies' Ribbed  
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Light Weight Good Wearing  
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**ALL SIZES:**

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Ladies' and Children's Summer Weight Knickers. Fine Cotton in White, Blue, or Pink.

Ladies' Sizes:

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 \$2.50, \$2.65, \$2.75

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 her beauty largely depends upon it.*

**HAIRCUTTING, SHAMPOO, PERMANENT  
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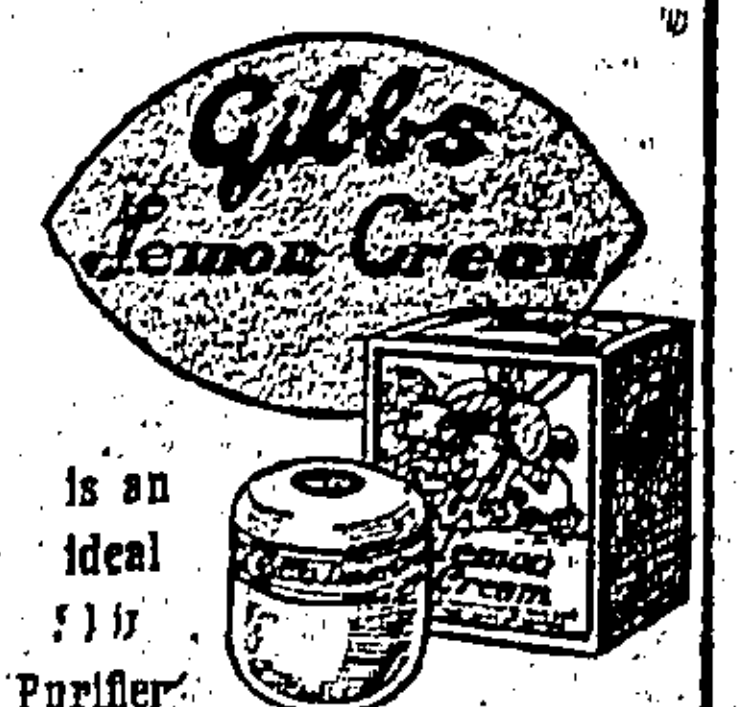
**UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.**

### FOR HOUSE WIVES.

Did you know that you can get, at WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW'S, a set of five aluminum saucepans for \$8.50! They are well and strongly made and in convenient sizes.

To make an orange jelly you will need 1oz. powdered gelatine, 1 pint water, 3 oz. loaf sugar, rind of three oranges, 1 pint orange juice, juice of two lemons.

Soak the gelatine in the water, add the orange rind and sugar and simmer for ten minutes, removing the scum as it rises. Remove from heat, and when it has gone off the boil add the strained orange and lemon juice. Leave to cool and then pour into a wet mould to finally set.



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 tiny imperfections are erased  
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 Your skin will grow clearer,  
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 day. This beauty is in  
 the skin itself.



# WOMAN'S PAGE.

When Your Hair Has That  
"Run-Down" Look.



There is a general lowering of vitality during the spring months and the hair is very quick to respond to such changes in bodily health.

It is for this reason that the hair requires a little extra attention in the spring, if it is to remain in perfect condition.

Particular attention should be paid to brushing the hair. Cleanliness is essential to health, and brushing does for the hair what washing does for the face.

Like washing, it should be practised twice daily; first thing in the morning and last thing at night.

At least four brushes should be used. This sounds rather extravagant, but, except for the initial outlay, it is not really so.

#### Four Brushes Best.

Four brushes, used in rotation, will last more than three times as long as two brushes normally would.

Use a clean brush every day and remember to wash the soiled one. The bristles of a good brush take from two to three days to become thoroughly dry.

Therefore, by using four brushes in rotation, one of the four is always in perfect condition for brushing the hair.

Providing the twice-daily brushing is carried out regularly, a good tonic is a great aid in keeping life and lustre in the hair.

The majority of hair tonics are combinations of a mild antiseptic and some oily substance. For greasy hair choose a tonic in which the oil has been diluted with rather a large amount of spirits.

For dry hair the oil should predominate. It is a good plan to make certain of this by adding a few drops of pure olive oil to a lotion before using.

During the spring it is natural for the head to shed some of its hair, and unless this becomes excessive there is no reason to become alarmed.

When the hair becomes "run-down" many people fly to shampooing as a remedy for all hair troubles. This is unwise, for, unless advised by a specialist, the hair should not be shampooed often than once a week.

In some districts where the water is very hard it is necessary to soften it before a permanent leather can be obtained. Never use soda or borax for this purpose.

Liquid ammonia is much more efficient and, as it is perfectly volatile, no injurious salts are applied to the hair which require thorough rinsing to remove.

When rinsing the hair, always add ammonia to the rinsing water until it slightly smells of it. This is very important. It is quite impossible to rinse away soapy lather by using hard water.

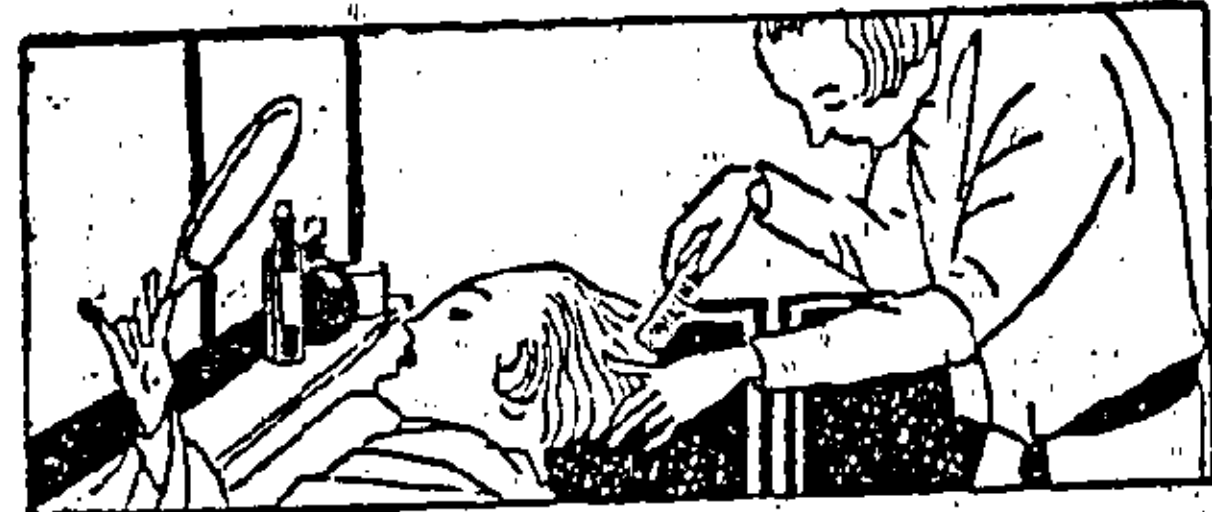
Directly the hard water touches the lather, the soap-foam breaks down and is converted into an insoluble sticky scum which it is almost impossible to remove from the hair without shampooing it a second time.

#### Where the Specialist Can Help.

The first thing to do when you notice that your hair is looking "run down" is to pay a visit to a reliable beauty parlour—the Darelle Beauty Shoppe would be my choice in Hong Kong—and get expert advice. Brushing and cleansing are right and good, but the manner and frequency with which it is advisable to do either depend on the condition of your hair, a factor which the expert alone is capable of deciding.

There are some women whose hair is so delicate that it cannot stand the ordinary shampoo or vigorous brushing, or again, your hair may need oil or scalp massage to give it strength and gloss.

Her hair, is or should be, every woman's crowning glory and it deserves as much care as she gives to her complexion and the choice of her clothes.



WHAT DOES YOUR HOME OFFER  
YOUR CHILD?

INFLUENCES AT WORK ON THE CHILD MIND.

By the atmosphere of your home, the spiritual nature of your child is moulded. Is it a place of happiness and high endeavour, has it abiding ideals of honesty, courage, tolerance and mutual helpfulness, do serenity and love dwell there?

The child's unfolding spiritual development is fostered neither by preachings nor rules, but by the atmosphere in which he daily lives and grows.

The creation of this atmosphere cannot be begun too early. All the qualities of an adequate and resourceful personality, the psychologists tell us, have their beginnings early in a child's life.

#### Significance of Early Impressions.

Affection develops into love; appreciation of shape, colour and pleasant sound gradually forms the basis of aesthetic feeling; the senses of awe and wonder, coupled with imagination and trustfulness, quietly make for the development of the soul, the spiritual quality of the individual.

In the early years of his life the child's character and career are determined.

Every school of education and psychology emphasises the profound significance of a child's earliest impressions. What he receives when he is very young he retains through life.

We are apt to do automatically what we have been trained to do in the early months and years of life.

#### Regularity.

All influences brought to bear on the lives of children which make for peace of mind, trustfulness, regularity and love contribute directly to the upbuilding of the spiritual life, while all factors which develop restlessness, distrust, irregularity or fear give rise to perplexities, which also have a definite spiritual significance.

Nothing when directly affects the spiritual or physical health or hygiene of the child is without profound meaning.

Regularity in bathing, sleeping and eating have a definite effect upon the child's temper, his receptiveness, and his general hospitality to ideas and practices.

#### Mystical Quality of Child Nature.

The first step toward the development of an adequate spiritual background is a recognition of the mystical quality of a child's nature.

The hidden fine qualities in people, the glimpses of beauty which flash unexpectedly in and then out of life, the world of imagination are as vivid to children as the world they see and touch. The other-worldly element, so often derided in a practical generation, is ever present in the lives of little children. Even the most rollicking, active youngsters, are essentially deeply mystical, and respond if given adequate spiritual nurture.

#### One Violent Scene.

It should never be forgotten that children are extraordinarily sensitive. Harshness and irritability bring them exquisite mental anguish. Loud scolding and vehemence can have no good result.

The child is a living spirit, responsive to the colour and texture of his social environment and especially sensitive to the voice, mood and facial expressions of those to whom he naturally turns for help and love.

One violent scene, one thoughtless slap, one degradation in the presence of third parties, can leave a lifelong impression upon the tender sensibilities of a child.

Emotional unsteadiness in parents is a frequent cause of trouble in the world of little children. No one is as sensitive to a mercurial temperament as the child.

IN THE KINGDOM OF HATS.

FLOWERS, AND PRINTED SILK, MORE NEW STRAWS.

SEEN IN LOCAL SHOPS.

Happiness reigns in the kingdom of hats and in the hearts of the women privileged to wear the new creations, because the styles are both more lovely and more becoming than they have been for a long time.

#### Hat Earrings.

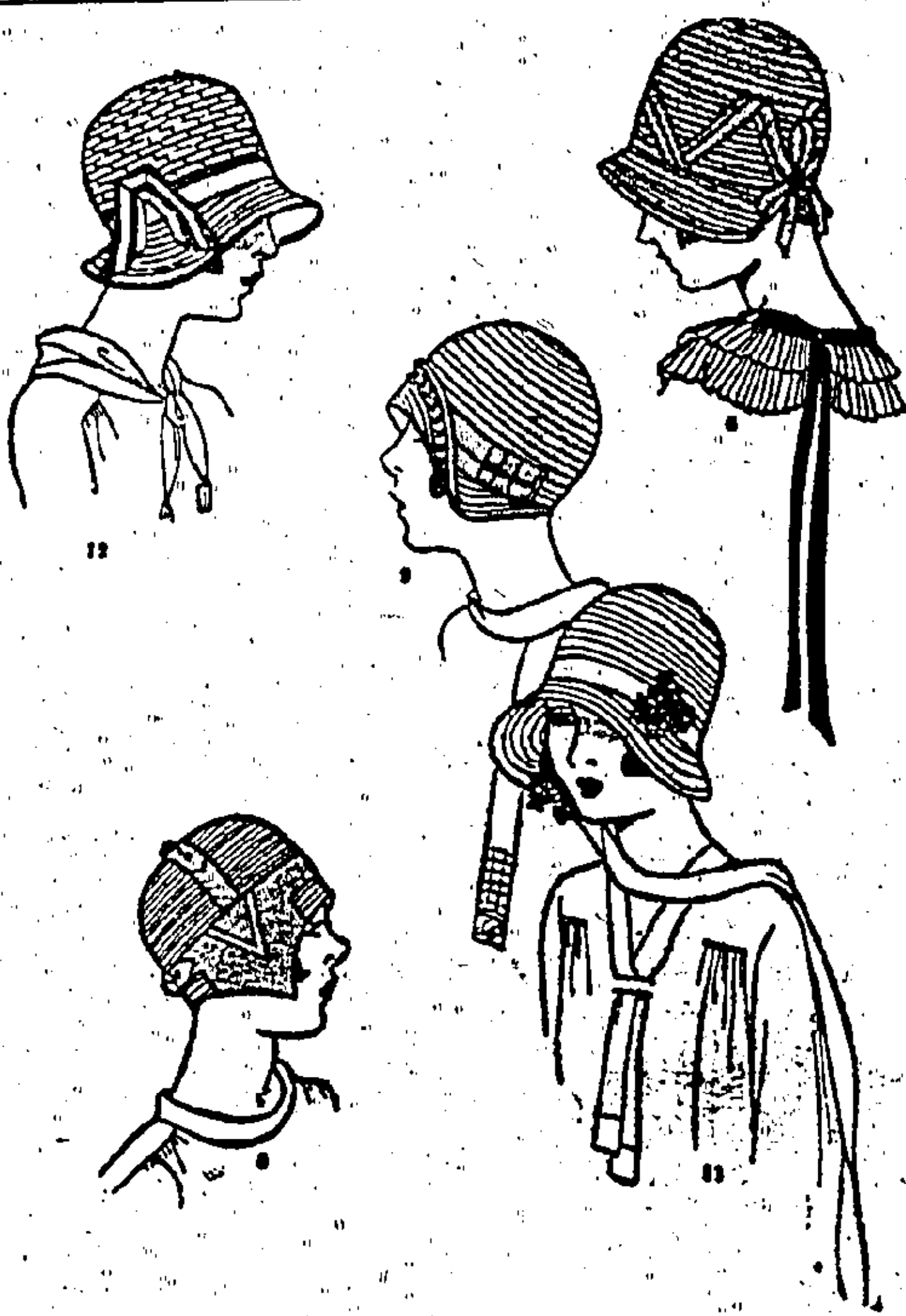
Earrings are often used as a decoration, with new hats as a background. The hats designed for this purpose have deep brims that curve down towards the shoulders behind the ears, so forming backdrops for the brilliance of the jewelled earrings.

These jewels are usually of the pendant type, and are chosen with



#### FELIX HAT SHOP.

There is an excellent selection of hats just now in the Felix Hat Shop. I was struck with the wide choice in smallish cloche hats for present wear in the new fancy straws in all colours.



Five smart little hats for small girls made in the same styles as those their mothers are wearing.

stones that tone with the colouring of the hat.

A variation of this fashion is the hat which has a wide brim hanging low over the cheek and ear on one side, and on the other is turned smartly up to disclose a diamond brooch from which hangs an immense aquamarine drop that gives the effect of an earring.

#### Fascinating Straws.

Never, perhaps, has there been such a fascinating variety of straws and combinations of straws as are showing this summer. Leghorn and crinoline is a new and delightful ensemble, and the list of novelty straws is too long to enumerate.



FOR YOUR COOKERY  
BOOK.

A GOOD PIQUANT SAUCE.

First of all make a foundation of Espagnole sauce. This is made from half a pint brown stock, 1 oz. butter, 1 1/2 oz. flour, ounce lean bacon or ham, a few mushrooms or mushroom trimmings, two tomatoes, piece of carrot and turnip, a small onion, small bunch of herbs, a clove, two pepper-corns, a glass of sherry.

Cut up the vegetables and ham and fry in hot butter for five minutes. Add the flour and cook until light brown, then add the herbs, spices, tomato and mushrooms, pepper and salt, and the stock. Stir until boiling, and simmer for one hour, skimming when necessary. Add the wine, boil up again, skim and strain through a fine gravy strainer.

(Continued at foot of next column).

A Scarf of Beige Crêpe de Chine with pink and red spots is wound round a gracefully shaped capeline of beige tagel. One of the new soft woven straws in a warm beige colour, is used for a small trimmed hat which is smartly banded with two rows of black and beige gros grain ribbon.

An Attractive Afternoon Hat is made of cocoas brown tagel with a wide brim bound at the edge with velvet, a swathe of velvet ribbon is placed round the crown. Another pleasing little model is of loosely woven silk straw in water green, and has a wide band of green satin ribbon and well placed bow of the same. An interesting trimming appears on a cloche of beige tagel in the form of a band of black patent leather.

The Attractive Combination of lido blue and black is used for one of the smartest examples I have seen of the new turban cloche. The straw is black baki, the blue being used for the outer edge of the brim, and an inserted circular band on the side top of the crown which suggests the folds of a turban. A blue gros grain ribbon with a pleated mount, makes an admirable trimming.

Beige Straws of every tone are fashionable this year, and I noticed that the Felix Hat Shop have now an excellent selection of these in large and small shapes. Almost every sort of straw now in favour is used for beige models, whereas a black or dark blue hat is nearly always carried out in crin, baki, or hankok. Of course, we have long ago discovered that most shades of beige can be worn with good effect with almost any colour dress, and it is very general becoming as a frame to the face.

For the piquant sauce take this quantity of Espagnole sauce and two tablespoonsful vinegar, a dozen peppercorns, a few drops anchovy essence, a teaspoonful chopped capers, and the same quantity of chopped gherkins and of chopped parsley. Boil the vinegar and peppercorns until vinegar is reduced to half. Strain, add the other ingredients, and re-heat.

#### DOLLY VARDON HATS.

The Dolly Vardon Hat Shop has, as usual, a most fascinating display. Over one hundred new hats arrived this week in various different styles, of which I have only space to mention a few.

Leghorn is going to be the choice of many smart women this summer, and is particularly smart with black crin as its partner. One model has the crown of white leghorn and a wide drooping brim of black crin. A wide swathe of black satin ribbon fastened by a small diamond pin makes a very smart finish. Another large hat of white leghorn is trimmed with a swathe of black satin ribbon and has a white camelia posed on the brim. A becoming poke-bonnet-cloche, has a crown of black crin and brim of white leghorn, with a narrow black ribbon and two white camelias as trimming.

Crin Straw has taken a very important place this summer. It is new, however, to find it used in conjunction with another favourite, printed silk. Gaily printed silk is used to underline the crowns of many large crin capelines, and is sometimes used to bind the edge of the brims. Brims are also bound with a braid of varnished straw, or underlined at the edge with gros grain to give them a slight stiffening. Some of the very fine crin straws have a band round the crown and another across the top, the effect in wear being that of a decorative bandeau worn over the hair, and fastened, generally, with a small jewelled pin. There is a very charming hat stressing this feature which is carried out in cocoa brown crin, with ribbon to tone, and another in oyster colour with lido blue ribbon with a narrow lemon edge.

Lace Allied With Crin is exceedingly smart. A lovely hat of black crin with a wide sweeping brim has the outer half of the brim made of two thicknesses of slightly stiffened black lace. Another smaller capeline is made of tulle-fine oyster crin covered with blonde lace, and bound round the crown with beige gros grain ribbon.

Crin and Printed Silk is used for several hats in fuchsia tones. In some cases the silk which underlines the crown is printed and in others plain. A stitched silk brim in a toning crêpe de chine is used for one cloche of fuchsia crin.

Angora Wool is used on some lovely little crin hats in pastel shades, which are trimmed with squares or triangles of corded silk, in contrasting tones, stitched on with the wool.

#### Flowers appearing.

Flowers and ribbons claim a definite place in millinery modes this season. Either may be large or small, but wide swathes of lovely ribbon and big soft flowers are old friends which most of us are delighted to welcome back again into millinery modes.



BISHOP'S APPEAL TO GIRL  
BEAUTY.

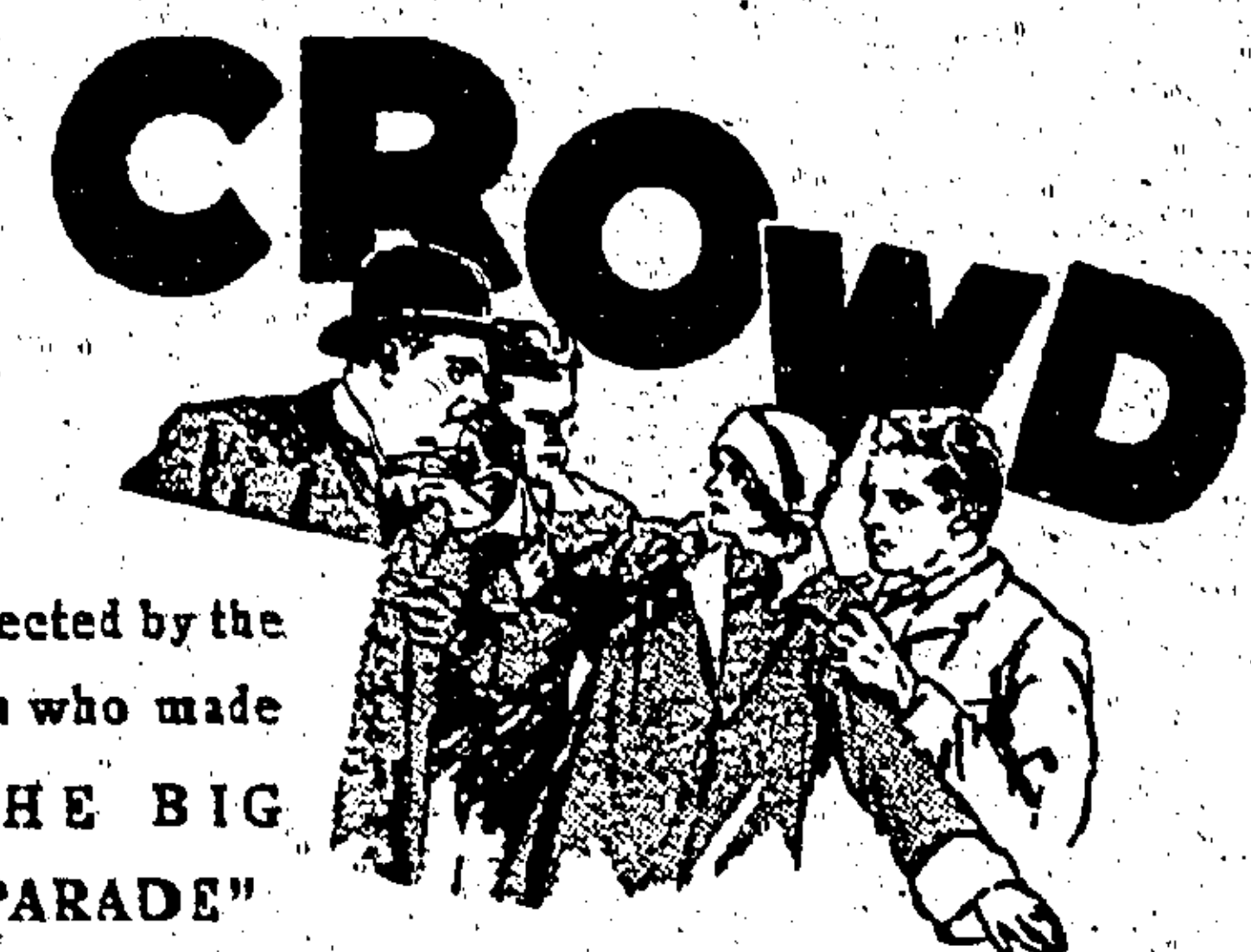
#### A "VULGAR" PAGEANT.

Lisl Goldarbeiter, the beautiful Viennese recently elected "Miss Austria" and invited to take part in the American beauty contest at Galveston, recently received a letter from the Bishop of Galveston urging her not to appear in the contest under the title "Miss Universe." "Galveston beauty pageant," says the Bishop, "is an uncouth, vulgar display for the purpose of advertising, and you will have to parade in a swimming suit before a motley crowd who will inspect you at close range as they might a beautiful animal. I cannot imagine any self-respecting person entering the contest. Fraulein Goldarbeiter says she will reconsider her decision to take part."

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Production

With  
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MURRAY,  
ELEANOR  
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THE



Directed by the  
man who made

"THE BIG  
PARADE"

RATE relentlessly pulls the strings in a stirring drama of to-day. The story of a marriage that goes smash and how it is saved in one of the most tense climaxes ever filmed!

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TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.

The story of the most delightful rascal of all time told against a background of bewildering and beautiful fancy!



THE ESSENCE OF THE ARABIAN KNIGHTS!

AT THE

WORLD

TO-DAY TO  
SUNDAY

Orchestra 5.15 & 9.20.

Interpreter 2.30 & 7.15.

A FILM OF LAUGHS, CHARM AND THRILLS!



FROM THE PLAY, "THE MERRY WIVES OF GOTHAM!"

with CONRAD NAGEL

AT THE

STAR

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

At 5.30 & 9.20.



COMING TO THE

QUEEN'S

SUNDAY &

MONDAY

YOU KNOW

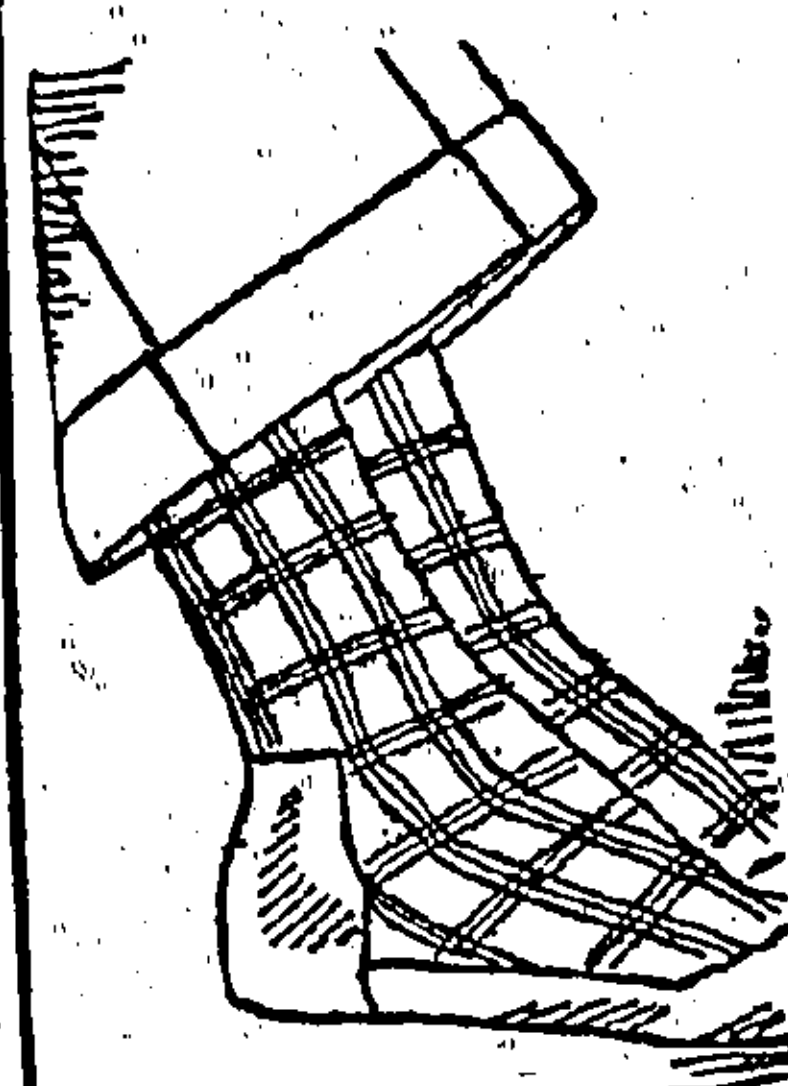
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MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS  
ALEXANDRA BUILDING.  
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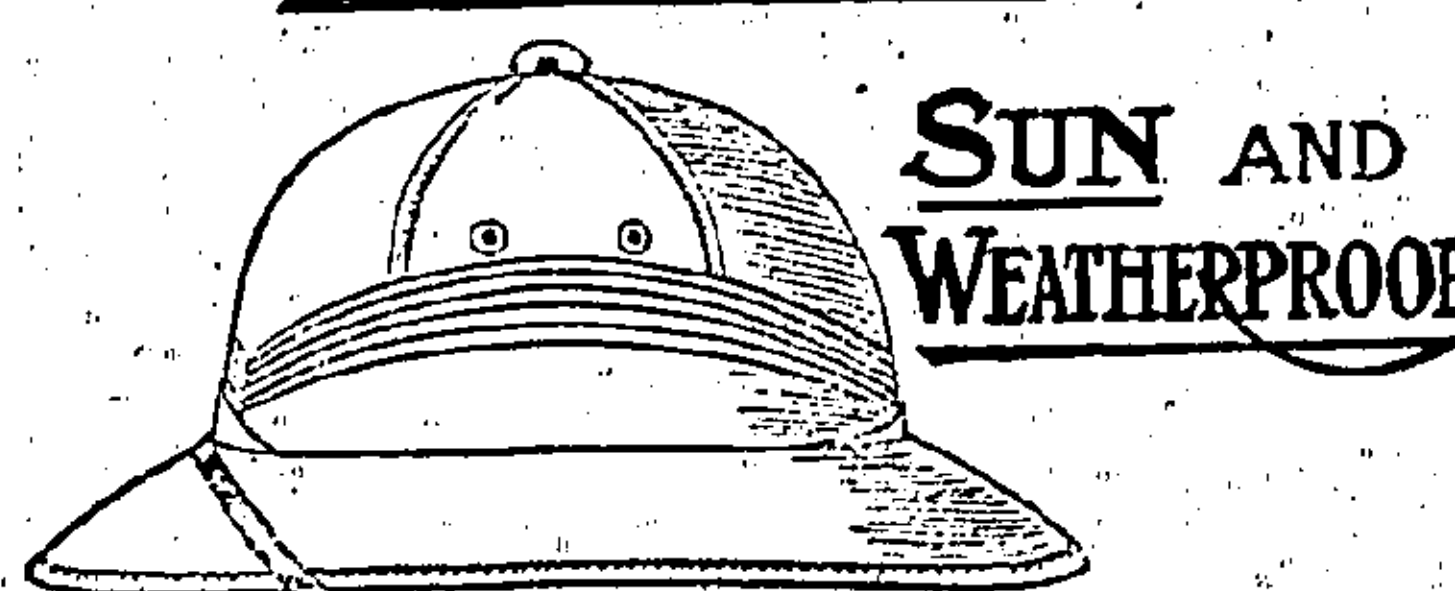
Five Kings?

Yes—  
when the fifth is  
"KING GEORGE IV."

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STANDARD  
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## K.C. CROSS-EXAMINES HANDWRITING EXPERT.

MR. POTTER RECALLS FAMOUS FORGERY CASES.

DRAMATIC MOMENTS IN YESTERDAY'S HEARING OF BANK CASE.

LANTERN SLIDES OF TSANG'S WRITING.

During yesterday's hearing of the action brought by the Attorney-General on behalf of the Government against the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, arising out of the Treasury frauds, before the Chief Justice (Sir Henry Gollan) and a Special Jury in the Supreme Court, Professor Shellshear, of Hong Kong University, continued his evidence-in-chief.

The Court adjourned during the forenoon to His Lordship's Chambers, where a screen and projector had been arranged for the purpose of screening, by means of lantern slides, for the Jury's benefit, portions of writing to illustrate the points brought out by Professor Shellshear.

The lantern demonstration in the Judge's chambers lasted an hour and three quarters.

### PROBLEMS OF PEN PRESSURE.

On returning to Court, Professor Shellshear continued his evidence-in-chief, in the course of which he gave detailed and technical descriptions of Tsang On Wing's handwriting.

Witness said he had made an exhaustive study of a number of known genuine cheques bearing Tsang's handwriting, which contained certain observable and significant forms of habits. These witness described in detail, after which he said that the writing in the bodies of the three disputed cheques showed the same forms and habits as in genuine writing.

With regard to pen pressure, the signatures were more marked on the disputed cheques than the writing in the bodies, but the pressure observable in the bodies of the disputed cheques was similar to that seen on genuine cheques.

**Professor's Cross-Examination.**  
Counsel: When were you retained by the bank in connection with these cheques?—I am not certain. I think it was the 19th or 10th of January.

Was it a verbal or a written retainer?—It was not written.  
As a result of a telegraphic communication?—I can't remember. I believe that it was, but I cannot say for sure.

From whom?—I cannot say for certain, but I think it was from Mr. Lewis. It was a long while ago, and I have not a note of that.

It is an important point, because the suggestion has been made that the bank had no idea of the authenticity and genuineness of the cheques being challenged before that date. A good deal of capital has been made out of that by the other side. If we are wrong in any of our submissions, you can correct us later and you can correct the date later. I suppose you must have been told why you were retained?—On account of three cheques.

You can't remember, I suppose, whether it was stated that there was a possibility of forgery?—No.  
You will agree that anybody in the bank seeking your aid would not do so unless some question of forgery arose?—I can't conceive of any other reason.

### Not An Expert.

You have said, according to previous evidence, that you were approached by Mr. King, who asked for your assistance on behalf of the Government because he regarded you as an expert in handwriting?—You never claimed to be an expert.

No.  
You had disclaimed that you were an expert in this Court?—Yes.  
I suggest that idea could never have entered the brain of the authorities?—I understand it did.

Really? When you expressly disclaimed disqualification of being an expert?—I thought he wanted my advice.

You have given evidence with regard to forged cheques in this Court before, when you were able to go into the witness-box and say you had measured the signatures and cheques with scientific instruments?—Yes. That class of evidence I have given before.

You have never stood in the witness-box as a handwriting expert?—No.

You will, I am sure, agree that if Tsang wrote on those cheques he must be a criminal?

Witness hesitated, and then replied: "I suppose so."

That shows how important this point is. The first time you went to give evidence as an expert was in the Yeo case?—Yes.  
When was that that you decided that you were an expert?—In the Yeo case I decided I had to take a stand other than the one I had previously taken. Either I was or I was not an expert and qualified to speak, so I decided that I possessed the qualification.

You were forced to make that decision because unless you took that qualification your evidence would not have been permissible?—Yes.

You were brought to make that decision by the class of evidence you had to give in this case. Did you consult anybody about taking that stuff?—I think now that I spoke to counsel, Mr. Jenkin.

He has been of considerable assistance to you throughout?—Before this case I mean? In getting your evidence?—Yes.

Did you consult anybody else before you decided to make the claim?—I took my own responsibility.

But he perfectly clear about this. Did you consider anybody else?—I don't remember.

How came you take up handwriting study at all?—I became interested in it about five years ago.

Were you advised to take it up?—I was asked to look at cheques, and pass opinion on the writing.

That was, of course, long before the Yeo case? Who asked you?—Mr. Jenkin.

Did that start your career as an expert?—Not in handwriting but on the neurological side. I had taken it up before.

Ah! That is the nervous system to which you are referring? That forms part of your career, I suppose?—Yes.

Perhaps I might make it clear, Professor, that I am making no suggestion against Mr. Jenkin, nor am I attempting in any way to discount your skill, but this is a very serious case and we must be perfectly sure without any trace of doubt as to the ground on which we stand. I am making no aspersions against anybody.

His Lordship: No, No!  
Counsel: Did you take up the study of handwriting as a habit of career?—At first out of pure interest.

I am right in saying that in your career, when you have given evidence in matters pertaining to false cheques, you have not given evidence except at Mr. Jenkin's request?—Yes.

I imagine that Mr. Jenkin would not look upon your qualification with a benevolent eye, so I am saying nothing against Mr. Jenkin. In how many cases have you investigated alleged forged writing?—About four or five.

Is that all?—Yes.

Including this case?—Yes.

**Detection of Forgery.**

This also is most important. I gather from your evidence that, granted sufficient data, by that I mean sufficient genuine and sufficient disposed writing, you can detect any forgery?—Yes.

So that the detection of forgery, as you say, has been brought to an exact science?—Provided you have sufficient material.

Has this become the case only in recent years or has it been so for years?—I think that it is not so very recent, since the use of scientific instruments for the detection of forgery came into being.

What scientific instrument? The microscope? That has been in existence for many years?—Yes.

And the theory of pen pressure has also been in use for many years?—Yes.

There is nothing novel about these things?—They have gone on for generations?—I can't say.

It is fairly obvious that these are old methods?—What do you call old?

And it hard to put it in so many words, but they have been in use for a considerable number of years?—I think so.

Well, then, an exact science ought to put this Court right out of considerable difficulties. If it is possible to detect forgeries easily by its application, I mean. Do you put a converse, that you can also attribute a particular piece of writing to a particular person?—There might be room for error.

So that you will say, given this material, "That is a forgery"?—If there is enough data.

I think this is only logic. In the same way, granted sufficient data, you can attribute to a specific person specific writing?—I think it is possible.

With what would you call a moral certainty?—Well, yes.

Without any room for doubt?—One would, of course, reckon in the human element. I think a man must be perfectly open and reasonable, and if he is he can form a definite opinion.

Do you never entertain doubts?—I do feel doubtful at times.  
So must any man's mind. And he must look at things honestly and squarely.

### An Exact Science.

His Lordship: You claim that the detection of forgery is an exact science, and that by its application writing "A" and writing "B" can be classified as genuine or spurious?

Witness: The methods in use are exact.

Counsel: That was never put to you.

His Lordship: That is not the answer I want, doctor. To call a science "exact" is a big thing. The law, for instance, is not by any means an exact science. (Laughter.)

Mr. Potter: Nor are the methods by which you and I play golf, doctor. (Laughter.)

Mr. Jenkin: And certainly not when you hole out in one. (Laughter.)

Mr. Potter: No. As my learned friend says, there is no science in that.

Witness: What I meant to imply was that the method are applied exactly.

His Lordship: That is a different thing.

Mr. Potter (to witness): I put the same question to you in the Yeo trial. You need not be afraid to answer. There is no question of trapping you. I rather pressed the point before, and it was so opened up by learned counsel. If you would like to give up that position, I should be very pleased. What do you say?—I hold to the opinion that forgery can be detected.

His Lordship: You don't claim that by this handwriting science you can undertake to discover every forgery?—I can't say. I would rather not go to that extent.

Mr. Potter: Then it is not an exact science?—I presume it is not.

### Inaccuracy Admitted.

Counsel then read extracts from notes taken at the Yeo trial. Witness had then said in effect that given one word it was possible to detect whether it was a forgery.

That was wrong! On your previous evidence either you spoke hastily or under distress of cross-examination. I don't think I am saying you told an untruth fully, but it was wrong?—Yes.

Raising his voice, Mr. Potter exclaimed: "Do you appreciate that a statement might have had very great weight with the jury trying a man on a very serious criminal charge? They might have acquitted the man? Never mind, you have admitted that the statement was not correct. If it is not correct to say you can detect forgery by the application of what you term an exact science, do you agree that it would be much more difficult to attribute specific writing to a specific person? I think it is possible.

I will read to you an extract of a case which occurred in 1912, known as the "Wakefield and Bishop of Lincoln case," in which the Privy Council attached the greatest importance, not to the evidence of the handwriting expert, but to surrounding circumstances. The handwriting expert was merely a link in the chain, and the expert said: "It is not possible to say definitely that anybody wrote a particular thing. All you can do is to draw comparisons and point out similarities between genuine and alleged forged writing." I understand you don't agree with that?—I think so.

If you like, you can take a report of the case away with you, study it, and answer me to-morrow morning. No expert can stand in the witness-box in an English Court and say he can definitely attribute a certain piece of writing to a certain person?—That is not what you are doing to Mr. Messer, Mr. Black, and Tsang's writing?—I have put forward my evidence, and given my opinion.

Do you claim as an expert that you can attribute specific writing to a specific person?—You say you can. I hold that opinion, but I admit possibility of being wrong.

Suppose we had a fellow expert on the other side in this case and he disagreed with you. He would not say that was dishonest?—No, he would be perfectly open for another expert to give another answer or opinion, honestly, fairly, and confidently.

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That is very fair of you, Doctor. There are two big points at issue in connection with your method of detection, and there are also two big difficulties. The difficulty of calculating, and the difficulty of estimating, pen pressure, etc., and these merely emphasise the point that the expert might disagree with you.—There might be a good deal of opinion.

### The Yeo Case.

I want a word about the Yeo case, not for suggesting that the jury are bound in any way. They are as free as the air, but it is important from your point of view, Doctor. At the trial, which lasted about thirteen days with a special jury, you were the only witness for the defence, and you told me that although you were a witness your one and only client was the Hong Kong Bank. So that Yeo was not your client?—The Bank was paying me then.

Never mind about that; you gave evidence on behalf of Yeo. I don't care who your client was, but you put the same points to that jury that you are doing now?—Yes.

You have all the material or data you desire?—Yes.

You will remember that three points were at issue. (1) The body of the cheques were in Tsang's handwriting; (2) Whether or not Mr. Messer's signature was forged or genuine; and (3) Whether Mr. Black's signature was forged or genuine. They were the only three points, and on those you gave very lengthy and detailed evidence, as in this case?—Yes.

Not precisely, but on the same lines?—Yes.

The jury found the man guilty, that the cheques were forged, and that he uttered them. But at that trial, at which you had all materials before you, the special jury could not have agreed with your evidence and still have found a verdict, because they found that the cheques were forged, and you said that the cheques were genuine!

Witness hesitated.

Have you any doubt?—Yes.

### The Two Juries.

I have no desire to disparage your skill, Doctor, but here is a jury which says we don't agree with you, and you are asking another jury to agree with you. I put it to you that the former jury could not have agreed with you and found the verdict that they did?—I took it as the case.

You know that for the purposes of the defence of Yeo not only were you retained by the Bank as an expert permitted to give evidence on behalf of Yeo for trying this issue, but also to decide "were the cheques genuine"?—Yes.

I put it to you that the Government gave permission to go to the Bank and extract any cheques you saw fit for the purpose of examination and for the purpose of testing this very issue?—I believe it to be the case.

You know it to be the case?—Yes.

You could do as you liked with them?—Yes. We were granted anything we desired. Greater facilities, no Government could give for the defence of a criminal.

It would also be within your knowledge that the Government gave permission to Mr. Jenkin to go to the Treasury and extract every voucher for 1927?—I think so.

The Government went out of its way to try and discover whether these cheques were forged?—Yes.

The Bank knew you were assisting in the defence. Do you recollect that during the trial the Government, through me, made a protest that a specimen of the signature of Mr. Black was given to you and photographed by you?—Yes.

And the learned Judge made an order for you to return the photograph and negative?—Yes.

Because you took the photographs without their knowledge or permission?—Yes.

A signature is a confidential document, and you would not like your signature to be photographed?—I don't know.

I think there would be a grievance if your signature was photographed and put at the disposal of strangers in the Colony?—I think so.

How did you get Mr. Black's signature?—I got it from the Bank, and I asked for it.

Who gave it to you?—I forgot, but I think Mr. Proctor.

Was Mr. Jenkin present?—My memory is a little hazy.

Who did you ask for?—I can't remember.

Try to remember! Who brought it to you?—It was brought to me in the office, and as near as I can say it was brought to me by Mr. Proctor, and it is quite possible it is Mr. Proctor's.

Were you justified in asking for it without the consent of the Government?—I had some consultation before I went.

With whom?—I think with counsel, but I could not be certain.

You realised that a paper bearing a specimen signature of Mr. Black was a highly confidential document?—I suppose it was.

So that in addition to cheques from the Bank, vouchers from the Treasury, you had a specimen and photograph of Mr. Black's signature in the hands of the defence?—Yes.

You could not wish for more material than that?—Yes.

For the purposes of this case you had been given permission to use any cheques out of a total of 18,000?—Yes. There has been no limitation, nor could the Government have done anything more to assist me; I had everything I wanted.

### Three Methods of Forgery.

There are three methods adopted by forgers or, at any rate, you gave us three before. First, there is the ordinary old-fashioned method of tracing; secondly, copying over a glass above a light; and thirdly, writing with a free hand. You can have a combination of methods two and three?—I don't think it is possible.

I do not say that it is possible to bring about a successful forgery by the combination, but it is possible for a man to adopt it when endeavouring to produce a forgery?—Yes.

His Lordship: I take it you mean a man's equipping himself to produce a forgery by freepand?—That method can be used.

Counsel: So that for future reference we will call this combination the fourth method. In all those efforts a man must be skilful to achieve success?—Yes.

A skilled forger can produce a signature which will deceive the alleged writer?—I think that might be so.

Did you see a recent account in a local paper or in the London Daily Express of a forgery in which it was said that the forgery was so clever that it would be against public policy to disclose the details?—I would believe that possible?—I cannot say.

His Lordship: Mr. Potter is coming very near your point, Mr. Jenkin.

Mr. Jenkin (smilingly): Yes, my Lord.

Mr. Potter (to witness): Do you think it is possible for a forger to deceive a man whose writing is being exploited?—I don't know.

It is not possible to tell a man an expert?—A forger could not do that.

I don't think he could.

You could not be deceived by forgery when bankers and business men are being deceived every day. Bank officials are rather experts on handwriting, are they not?—Yes.

The Hong Kong Bank recently kept a number of notes as genuine when they were forged?—I don't know.

The signatures on the bank notes were forged?—I don't know.

I am sure that it happened. Have you studied any cases recently?—I have studied the Wakefield case.

I can read you another case, that of Adolphe Beck, who was arrested in London for obtaining money from women and was convicted.

Evidence was given by that great Treasury expert on handwriting, Gurrin, who swore positively that certain documents were in the handwriting of Beck and that certain peculiarities in Beck's writing were the same as those of a man named Smith, who had been convicted before, and that Beck was in reality the man Smith. After serving five years Beck was released, but was arrested again in 1904 on a similar charge.

Mr. Gurrin went to the Old Bailey, proved that forgery had been committed, and that the handwriting was that of Beck, who was again convicted and sentenced to two years. Later, the real Smith was arrested, and it was

(Continued on page 5)



## CANTON NAVAL REVOLT QUELLED.

GUNBOATS BOMBED BY PLANES.

HEAVY FIGHTING ON NORTH RIVER.

## FRANTIC EXODUS TO HONG KONG.

(FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.)

CANTON, May 9.—The situation in Canton is tense. Heavy fighting occurred this morning at about 10 o'clock off Fort Macao, and the reports of guns were clearly heard in every part of the city of Canton. Practically every store is closed and business is at a standstill. The whole Bund, stretching from Tin Tze Ma Tau in the east to the front of the Canton Customs House in the west, was lined with soldiers carrying machine guns, rifles and automatics ready to fire.

Traffic along the Bund is at a standstill, and no pedestrians are permitted to go in or out of the area. All the foreign firms along the Bund are closed.

## BOMBING AEROPLANES.

Upon hearing the reports of artillery fire, the representative of the *Daily Press* at once went to the affected area to make inquiries, but was stopped by soldiers. He then went into Shamene. Three bombing aeroplanes were flying high and encircling the vicinity above Fort Macao, attempting to bomb the gunboats. Hoi Fu and Fai Ying below.

None of the bombs took effect. One bomb exploded when it struck the water about 15 or 20 feet from the Fai Ying.

The gunboats had declared their allegiance to Kwangsi and refused to take orders from General Chen Tsai Tong, the Commander-in-Chief of the Kwangtung forces.

The fight occurred when these gunboats refused to surrender to the Canton Government. Both sides fought furiously and the artillery from the battery of Fort Macao fired shot after shot into these gunboats.

## LOYAL SECTION OF FLEET.

The crippled gunboats are now at anchor off Shamene, their crews having been disarmed. The trouble is apparently over and the portion of the fleet remaining loyal to the Canton cause has emerged victorious. The number of casualty is unknown, but is believed to be heavy.

The leader of this naval revolt was Shi Chung Lau, Vice-Commander of the Canton Fleet. He attempted to escape in a gunboat which was closely followed by the bombing aeroplanes. It is reported from reliable sources that when the gunboat reached Sun Tso, near Canton, it was hit by a bomb dropped from a chasing aeroplane which caused the magazine of the gunboat to explode.

The whole of the crew and the Vice-Commander of the Canton fleet was instantly killed.

## ADMIRAL CHEN CHAK'S RETURN.

The situation is now under control, and Admiral Chen Chak has just returned to Canton, but the fear of the people has not yet subsided. They are rushing to Hong Kong to seek safety by the thousands. This afternoon's Hong Kong boats are literally jammed with people, mostly women and children.

## BANK NOTES DECLINE.

The Central Bank of China notes have gone from bad to worse. The Bank has closed its doors and the Government banknotes are not accepted anywhere.

The Canton Government has today issued a circular to the effect that it will hereafter accept 50 per cent. silver and 40 per cent. notes for revenues. This is the first time that the Government has openly depreciated the value of its banknotes, an act severely criticised by the merchants.

## FIGHTING ON NORTH RIVER.

Heavy fighting is reported to be in progress near Tsing Yuen on the North River. The Kwangsi forces have so far been quite successful. Since their capture of Shuihung, a strategic point on the West River, they have been advancing northward with Tsing Yuen as their objective.

Colonel Li Mo Tee has definitely revolted against the Canton Government in Watchow and Cheung Mok Tan in the East River districts.

In addition to the regular Police force Canton is at present protected by only one company of troops—that belonging to Captain Man Tsi, a subordinate of General Chen Ming Shu. Martial law is strictly enforced in the city.

## TROOPS AT CANTON.

(Nam Kewng Pao.)

The first instalment of the troops detailed by Chiang Kai Shek, numbering over five thousand, arrived at Canton yesterday afternoon in ships of the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company.

They are now quartered at Wongsha pending orders for mobilisation.

## THE NAVAL MUTINY.

## QUARREL BETWEEN RIVAL ADMIRALS.

According to the vernacular Press, Admiral Chen Chak has been ousted by Vice-Admiral Shu Chung Lou, and has fled from Canton, as already reported.

It appears that on the 7th instant when the military situation was critical, the fleet was ordered to proceed along the West River. Instead of complying with the order, a number of gunboats, the Fei Ying, Fuk On, Hoi Shui, Chung Shan, Chih Yau, Kiang Pak, and some other small craft proceeded to Nam Shek Tau. A conference was held on board the gunboat Fei Ying with Vice-Admiral Shu Chung Lou as chairman, and a unanimous resolution passed to oppose Admiral Chen Chak. The latter, upon learning of the mutiny of his subordinates, fled to Hong Kong to discuss the matter with General Chen Ming Shu, who is in hospital recovering from injuries sustained in the King Edward Hotel fire.

It is reported that Vice-Admiral Shu is neither opposing the Central Government nor supporting the Kwangsi Clique, his sole object being to oust Admiral Chen Chak, whom he bitterly denounced. General Chen Tsai Tong and a number of other military leaders are mediating in the trouble, but Vice-Admiral Shu insists upon the retirement of Admiral Chen, who is reported to have decided to request the Central Government to send gunboats to Canton to deal with the mutineers.

## THE ADVANCE IN CANTON.

## KWANGSI TROOPS NEAR SAMSHUI.

The military situation along the West River has become most critical. Vernacular Press reports state that Kwangsi troops launched a heavy attack on Shuihung on the evening of May 7, and captured the city about one o'clock next morning. The Kwangsi troops have since pushed eastward along the West River, threatening to occupy Samshui.

Since Wednesday morning telegraph and wireless services between Canton and Shuihung have been interrupted. It is also reported that General Chen Tsai Tong has abandoned his intention to proceed from Canton to the war area to direct military operations.

## NEWS FROM THE NORTH.

(Industrial and Commercial Daily Press.)

A mandate was issued on May 6 by the Central Government, dismissing Hu Tsung Tu from the post of Deputy in charge of the Disbandment and Reorganization affairs of Hupeh, and appointing Liu Chi to succeed him.

Accompanied by Li Shih Tseng, Tsai Yuan Pei was back in Nanking on Wednesday. He still insists upon resigning his post as Head of the Supervisory Council.

Dr. C. T. Wang, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has decided to go to Shanghai on May 11 to interview the Polish Minister in regard to the discussion of the new treaty between China and Poland.

## THE WATER SUPPLY. CHARLES HARDOUN CASE.

## LESS STORAGE.

The total water supply on the Island, according to the P.W.D. water return, dated April 30, is 312.75 million gallons compared with 457.20 million gallons at the end of March. The expenditure during April was 156.74 million gallons.

The restrictions have reduced consumption from 194 million gallons in January to 156 million. Over at Kowloon the storage is 117 million gallons compared with 306 millions at the same time last year, and 197 at the end of March. The consumption is put at 103 million gallons compared with 108 millions in March.

The total amount of water stored on both sides of the harbour is 459 million gallons, and as last month's consumption was 264 millions, there is less than two months' requirements in the reservoirs.

The full figures for April are as follow:—

## CITY AND HILL DISTRICT WATER WORKS.

	1928.	1929.
Tytam .....	171.5	31.0
Tytam Byewash .....	16.8	34.1
Tytam Intermediate .....	4.6	34.7
Tytam Tuk .....	38.0	92.1
Wong Nei Chung .....	16.5	40.3
Pokfulam .....	11.10	33.5

The figures are the depth of the surface in feet and inches below overflow level.

## Storage in Millions and Decimals of Gallons.

	1928.	1929.
Tytam .....	253.30	173.70
Tytam Byewash .....	4.67	.70
Tytam Intermediate .....	171.36	53.80
Tytam Tuk .....	658.00	78.50
Wong Nei Chung .....	12.62	.96
Pokfulam .....	40.44	4.42

Total .....

Consumption of water in the City and Hill District in millions and decimals of gallons during the month of April.

	1928.	1929.
Consumption .....	217.00	156.74
Estimated population .....	421,390	431,700
Consumption per head per day .....	17.1	12.3

\* Includes 3.72 million gallons from Taikeo Refinery Dam and 7.38 million gallons from Kowloon. Intermittent supply in all Rider Main Districts during April 1929. Services to houses in the Rider Main Districts were disconnected and a supply was given by public street fountains only during April 1929.

## KOWLOON WATER WORKS.

	1928.	1929.
Kowloon Reservoir 17' 42" 37' 5"		
Shekaipei Reservoir 9' 2" 34' 2"		
Reception Reservoir 2' 0" 2' 2"		

Feet and inches below overflow.

## Storage in Millions and Decimals of Gallons.

	1928.	1929.
Kowloon Reservoir .....	196.68	72.75
Shekaipei Reservoir .....	81.94	16.80
Reception Reservoir .....	27.87	27.43

Total .....

Consumption of water in Kowloon in millions and decimals of gallons during the month of April.

	1928.	1929.
Consumption .....	97.69	105.64
Estimated population .....	164,860	169,600
Consumption per head per day .....	19.7	20.7

Full supply in all districts during April 1928 and 1929.

The Government Analyst's reports show that the quality of the water is satisfactory.

The total rainfall to April 30, 1929, is 14.74 inches, and 3.56 inches this year.

## KIDNAPPERS SENT TO GAOL.

## BOY SOLD IN KOWLOON CITY.

Two Chinese men and a married woman were brought before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith yesterday on charges of kidnapping. The first defendant was charged with kidnapping a 12-year old boy, while the other two defendants were charged with receiving and harbouring. All three pleaded not guilty.

Sergeant Mackay, attached to the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs, told the Magistrate that on August 11 last the first defendant met the boy in Reclamation Street, and asked if he wanted to find work. The little fellow replied that he did, and the defendant took him to the house of the second defendant in Kowloon City. The boy stayed there two days and was taken into the country by the third defendant—the married woman—who sold him there for \$170. After a few months the boy wrote a letter to his mother.

Returning to Hong Kong, the boy pointed out the second defendant to a Chinese detective in Shanghai Street, and on information from this prisoner the other two defendants were arrested.

The Magistrate convicted all three defendants, and imposed a three years' imprisonment. The two male defendants were also ordered to receive 15 strokes of the birch.

## APPLICATION FOR REHEARING REFUSED.

Before Commander G. F. Hole, at the Marine Court yesterday, an application for the re-hearing of the case against Mr. Chow Jar Hoo, manager of the Sai Nam S.S. Co., and owners of the Charles Hardouin, was made by Mr. Leo D'Almada, who had appeared for the defence.

It will be remembered that the defendant was summoned at the instance of Mr. A. G. Corbin, formerly Chief Officer of the Charles Hardouin, on a charge of interfering with the navigation of the vessel whilst under way. He was found guilty and fined \$1,000, with the alternative of six months' hard labour.

At the hearing yesterday Mr. G. K. Hall Brutton, who prosecuted for the complainant, was present, and Captain T. T. Laurensen, of the Chinese Coast Officers' Guild, also watched the proceedings.

## Reason For a Re-hearing.

In his application for a re-hearing Mr. D'Almada argued that the summons was irregular in that it was not signed by a certified Marine Magistrate, and did not bear the seal of a Marine Magistrate. The seal of a Marine Magistrate, "notice" to summons was merely a "notice" to appear at the Harbour Office, and appear at the Deputy Harbour Master, Commander J. B. Newill, who did not hold the position of Marine Magistrate. The seal was not the seal of a Court of Jurisdiction but the seal of the Harbour Department.

Another point raised by Mr. D'Almada was that there was no permanent and regular Marine Court in this Colony. "Courts are only created by the authority of the King as the fountain of justice," said Mr. D'Almada. The only Marine Court that could be established in this Colony is that provided for by Section 19, Ordinance 10 of 1899 of the Merchant Shipping Act, under the heading of "Marine Courts and Courts of Survey." "Search as I have, I have not found anywhere in the local Acts where such a Court has been established."

## No Evidence of Obstruction.

Mr. D'Almada then referred to the evidence given in the case, which he said nowhere showed that defendant had obstructed or impeded complainant in the navigation of the ship. What the defendant had done was merely to go to the bridge and ask to interview the Captain. The Chief Officer had left the bridge to accompany defendant to the Captain's cabin, and it was then that the quarrel took place.

## Magistrate Replies.

Referring to the form of the summons, the Magistrate remarked that if the defendant had refused to attend the Court, this would have been a point for discussion, but the defendant did appear in Court.

With regard to the signing of the summons, the Magistrate said Commander Newill's position as Deputy Harbour Master automatically made him a Marine Magistrate, and nothing short of a special minute could deprive him of that power.

As regards the seal, Commander Hole said that it was the seal always used by Marine Magistrates, and moreover, the Ordinance did not provide for any special form of seal. Continuing, he said:—

"I find that the words in the charge to which objection has been taken are relevant particulars to the charge of the 'obstructing, impeding or molesting' under Section 257 (2) of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, and were and are so regarded by me."

"I overrule the objection of the summons on the foregoing findings, if it is necessary to confine myself to such findings; I do not think that I am so confined."

"I hold under Section 41, 2(A) of the Merchant Shipping Ordinance, 1899, 'The procedure established by the Magistrate Ordinance, 1890,' applied to this case, and that under Section 22 of that Ordinance the objections cannot be taken or allowed. Furthermore, I find that the defendant having duly appeared to answer this charge the summons itself is relevant."

Dealing with objection (2) I find that the words 'the Magistrate in Section 41, (2) of Merchant Shipping Ordinance of 1899 include Marine Magistrate vide Section 2 F. of that Ordinance and that the case was properly taken by me. Draling with objection (3) I find that Section 19 of the Merchant Shipping Ordinance of 1899 relates to Marine Courts of Survey and Inquiry and has no bearing on the Marine Magistrate Court or the Marine Magistrate."

"Furthermore, I find that this Court is the recognised open Court House that Marine Magistrates have been and are accustomed to sit in to hear and determine summary information and complaints within their jurisdiction, and that this is the proper Court of the Marine Magistrate and that the proceedings objected to were properly held therein."

"Application for rehearing is not allowed."

## COURT-MARTIAL CONCLUDED.

## CHARGES AGAINST K.O.S.B. CORPORAL.

## COURT TO CONSIDER VERDICT.

The trial of Corporal Charles Hendry, of the King's Own Scottish Borderers, by District Court-Martial concluded yesterday after sessions lasting eight days. Accused was charged with embezzlement of funds amounting to \$1,500 while acting as clerk to the President of the Regimental Institute during 1928. There were sixteen charges, the first ten including alternative counts.

Major Todd (3/15 Punjab Regiment) presided over the Court, other members being Capt. Gage-Brown (1st Batta. Somerset L.I.) and Lieut. Vivian (Royal Artillery). Mr. H. Somerset Fitzroy was Judge Advocate, Mr. R. A. Wadson prosecutor for Capt. Perfect, K.O.S.B., and Mr. D. L. Strellett appeared for the defence.

## Accused Makes No Statement.

When the Court assembled in the morning, the President asked the accused if he wished to give evidence, either sworn evidence on which he could be cross-examined, or a statement not on oath. Witness replied that he did not wish to give evidence, and added that he had no witnesses to call.

Major Todd (to Mr. Strellett): Is the accused going to make a statement?—He does not elect to.

Major Ogilvy (former P.R.I.) again entered the witness-box, when the whole of his evidence was read over. Witness desired to make a correction in his evidence regarding billiard accounts where he said "the money was always paid to the clerk (accused)" to read "nearly always paid to the clerk." Mr. Fitzroy entered a footnote in the depositions.

## Not a Subtle Scoundrel.

Mr. Strellett made a lengthy address for the defence. He submitted that if the accused had been a subtle scoundrel he had many opportunities to cash cheques at the bank without going to Major Ogilvy for endorsement, and no one would have known. When the accused cashed the first cheque, it was probable that he had not sufficient cash in hand to pay someone, and he ran to the N.A.A.F.I. The accused kept his cash in a tin box, which was wrongly dipped into, and he himself did not know at times how much it contained. It was the usual practice to keep cash in such a way, and unless the accused was instructed to the contrary he did nothing wrong.

## Accused's Indifference.

The office routine, continued Mr. Strellett, was at fault. There were no details of cheques, and the only records were the receipts. Owing to pressure of work, as he had other duties to perform, or through carelessness, the accused omitted to enter payments, and he had made several payments from cash which had not been entered in the books. Such neglect grew from small to large transactions, and, as has been shown, if the accused had deliberately paid into the bank more than he was bound to, it was not the act of a person who intends to defraud.

## Court Members Not Common Jury.

It was for the Court to determine whether it was the accused's duty to keep the books, whether he failed in that duty, and further whether he made subtle entries in the books with deliberate intent to defraud his employer. These charges had to be established beyond all doubt. It was not sufficient for the Court to assume that the accused had no doubt done something, and find him guilty on a charge or two.

Mr. Fitzroy, interposing told Mr. Strellett that he should not put it in that way. He was not addressing a common jury.

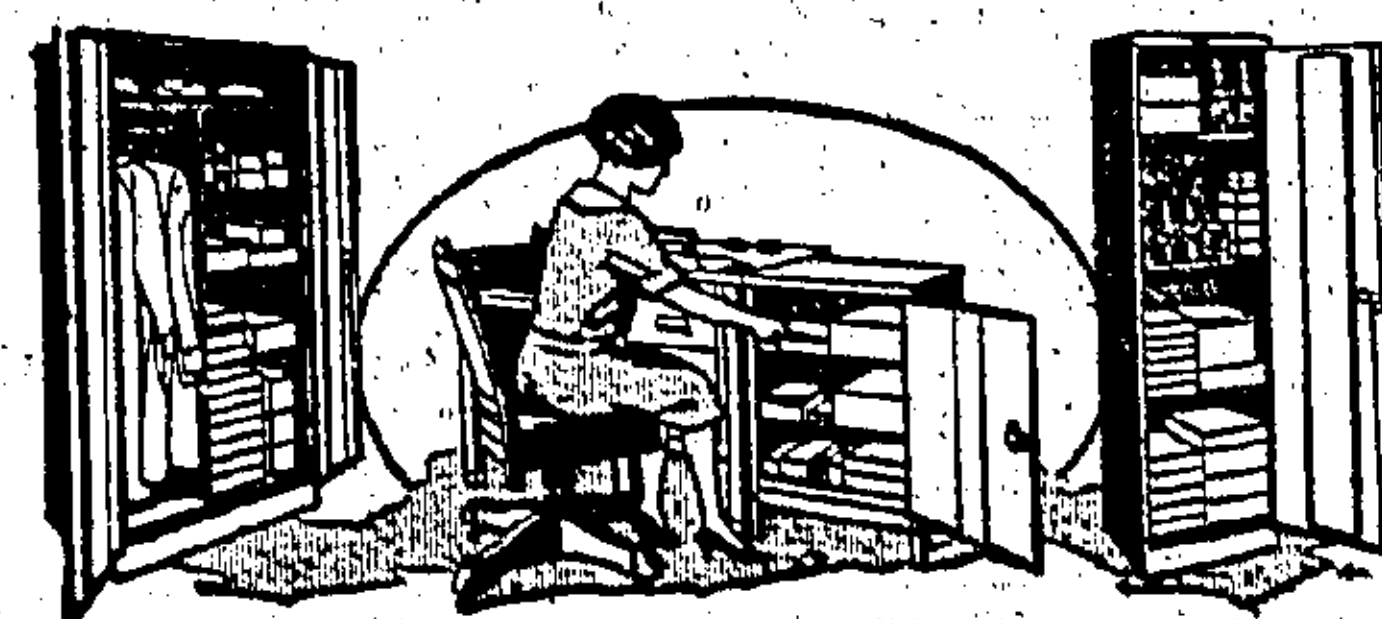
Mr. Strellett assured the Court that he cast no reflection on their capabilities. Continuing, he asked the Court to pass a nominal sentence on the accused if they found him guilty—a sentence which would not reflect unduly on his dependents. In arriving at their verdict he would ask the Court's consideration of the utter confusion in the office where the accused was employed.

## Slovenly Accounts and Slack Supervision.

In summing up the evidence, Mr. Fitzroy told the President and members of the Court that it was not for the accused to prove his innocence but for the prosecution to prove his guilt beyond any reasonable doubt. As regards the first ten charges, Mr. Fitzroy said they came under Section 17, and the Court had to satisfy themselves that the accused came under that section. They should also be satisfied that the accused had been properly appointed by the Colonel, and was authorised to handle money. The charges were gone through one by one, weighing them with the evidence which had been given. Dealing with the fourteenth charge, the Judge Advocate remarked that the accounts were slovenly kept, and supervision was none too good.

Major Todd announced the adjournment of the Court to consider the verdict, which will be promulgated in due course.

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5184	GET OUT AND GET UNDER	...	...	...	"
5265	ROSES OF YESTERDAY	...	...	...	"
5265	I'M SOBBY SALLY	...	...	...	"
5265	HOW ABOUT ME?	...	...	...	"
5264	HAPPY DAYS LONELY NIGHTS	...	...	...	Waltz
5247	OLD TIME ORGAN MEDELY	...	...	...	"
5247	MY LITTLE FAULT AND ME	...	...	...	Fox-Trot
5247	NOBODY'S FAULT	...	...	...	"
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## INTIMATIONS.

## NOTICE.

AS FROM THIS DATE MRS. B. L. SETON-WINTON has severed her connection with our firm by mutual consent and his powers of attorney for the Undersigned are duly revoked.

S. J. DAVID & CO.  
ARCHIBALD DAVID.  
Hong Kong, May 1st, 1929. (7763)

## NOTICE.

THE AUTOCAR FIRE & ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, owing to the Restriction implied by the Word "AUTOCAR" as to the Classes of Business transacted, the above Company's Name has been Changed to

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as From Date.

By Order,  
G. E. HUYGEN,  
Agents,  
February 20th, 1929. (7763)

CHINA SUGAR REFINING CO., LIMITED.

(IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held in the BOARD ROOM of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., Pedder Street, Hong Kong, on TUESDAY, 14th MAY, at 12 O'CLOCK NOON, for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit, passing the proposed Extraordinary Resolution, viz.—

"That Mr. ARCHIBALD RITCHIE, Chartered Accountant, of the Firm of Messrs. LOWE, BINGHAM & MATTHEWS be appointed to act as the Liquidator of the Company in conjunction with Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & COMPANY, LIMITED, during the Absence from the Colony of Mr. JOHN FLEMING, C.A., one of the originally appointed Liquidators of the Company."

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that in pursuance of Section 187 (2) of the Companies Ordinance 1911, A GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Same Place on TUESDAY, 14th MAY, at 12 O'CLOCK NOON, immediately after the Termination of the aforementioned Extraordinary General Meeting, for the purpose provided for in the said Section.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.  
JOHN FLEMING, Joint Liquidators.  
Hong Kong, 8th May, 1929. (7747)

HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

## NOTICE.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of YOUNG MEMBERS will be held in the JOCKEY CLUB ROOM, HONG KONG CLUB ANNEX, on FRIDAY, 17th MAY, 1929, at 5.10 P.M.

By Order,

C. B. BROWN,  
Secretary.  
Hong Kong, 30th Apr., 1929. (7716)

THE CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FORTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Office of the Undersigned on THURSDAY, 23rd MAY, 1929, at NOON, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Agents, together with a Statement of Accounts for the Year ended the 31st December, 1928.

The SHARE REGISTER and TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 9th to the 23rd MAY, 1929, Both Days inclusive.

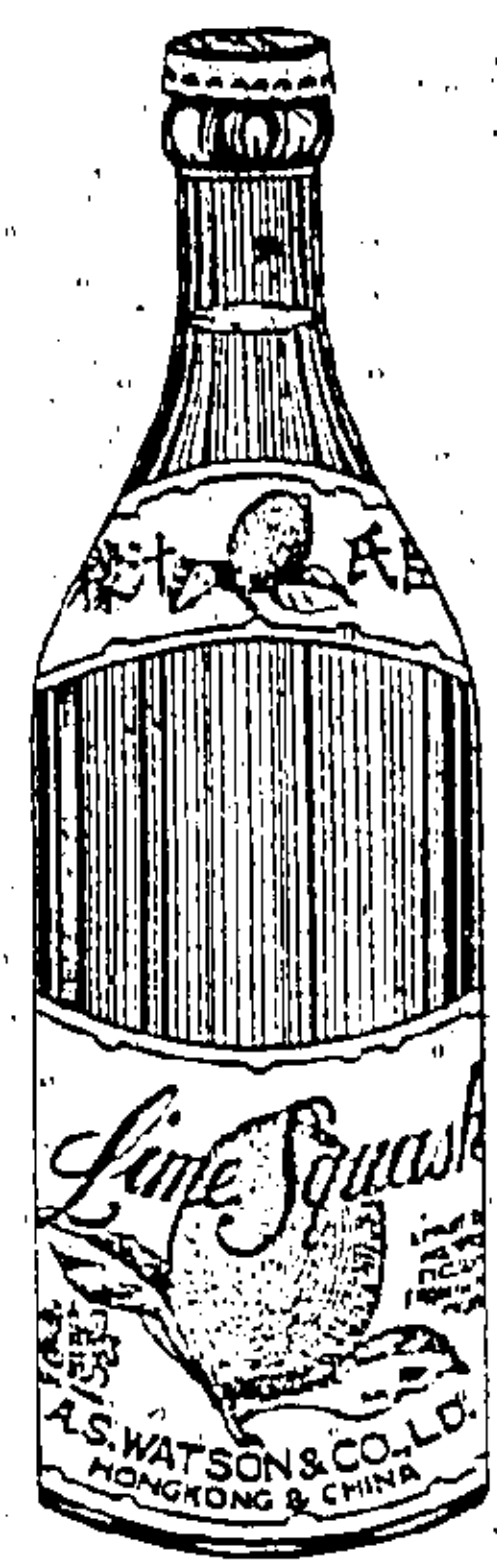
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.  
General Agents.  
Hong Kong, 2nd May, 1929. (7724)

HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Provisional Certificate No. 57/1182 dated Hong Kong, 20th FEBRUARY, 1929, for One Share Numbered 131473 in the Name of LO WING CHUN, Provisional Certificate No. 57/1183 dated Hong Kong, 20th FEBRUARY, 1929, for One Share Numbered 131473 in the Name of LO WING CHONG and Certificate No. 57/1182 dated Hong Kong, 21st DECEMBER, 1928, for One Share Numbered 120305 in the Name of GERARDUS WOODENBERG, have been LOST or STOLEN, and should these Certificates not be produced to the Bank before the 10th MAY, 1929, New Certificates for the Shares will be issued and the said Certificates Provisional No. 57/1182 and Certificate No. 57/1183 and the 5/1182 1929 will be thereafter treated by this Corporation as Null and Void.

By Order of the Court of Directors,  
A. C. HYNES,  
Chief Manager.  
Hong Kong, 10th Apr., 1929. (7633)

## LIME SQUASH



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## AGENCIES.

The London Office of the HONG KONG DAILY PRESS, 21, BRIDE LANE, E.C.4., is constantly receiving Enquiries from Home Manufacturers regarding Suitable Firms to act as Agents for their products in Hong Kong and South China.

If Local Companies desirous of taking up further Agencies will let us know the lines in which they are interested the information will be forwarded to London and passed on to interested parties as opportunity offers.

This Service is offered to our Readers without charge and of course no obligation is incurred on either side.

The Required Information should be sent to the  
HONG KONG DAILY PRESS, LTD.,  
11, JON HON STREET,  
Hong Kong.

## WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.15 p.m., stated:—

Pressure is highest to the north-east of Japan and relatively low over China generally. The depression remains over Tongking.

Local Forecast:—S. or variable winds, moderate, fair to showery.

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Ice House Street. Tel. Central 12.  
Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. Central 4511.  
London Office: 21, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C.4.

## The Daily Press

HONG KONG, MAY 10, 1929.

## PRESS INFLUENCE ON POLITICS.

EVERY mail from England now brings news of many interesting sidelights on the political struggle now in progress. Among the more piquant incidents bearing upon the coming general election is the bitter quarrel which has broken out between the *Morning Post* and the *Daily Mail*, two journals which always had a fierce hatred of Socialism—and now hate each other as bitterly.

The trouble started when Lord ROTHERMERE, owner of the *Daily Mail* group of newspapers, charged the Conservatives, through the *Morning Post*, another staunch Conservative organ, with having won the last election with money accumulated by the sale of peerages, baronetcies, and knight-hoods.

The charge was contained in a letter from Lord ROTHERMERE published on the main news page of the *Post* recently, and simultaneously published in the *Daily Mail*. The battle thus started was an echo of a former quarrel about eighteen months ago over the Lloyd George "personal fund." It may be recalled that at that time ROTHERMERE stigmatised his dignified adversary as an "organ of the servant's hall, fit only for kitchen-maids." The previous day the *Post* had annoyed the owner of the *Daily Mail* by scoffing at his campaign to get Conservatives and Liberals to join forces against the "common enemy of Socialism." The *Post* observed that ROTHERMERE "stood convicted of what is vulgarly known as talking through one's hat," and quoted Sir HERBERT SAMUEL, chairman of the Liberal party organisation, as "categorically" denying the possibility of any alliance with any party.

Lord ROTHERMERE wrote a second letter in which he explained that the Conservatives were, in his opinion, quite unable to win the election single-handed, and must therefore seek the aid of the Liberals in order to keep Labour out. "Once the 'Socialists' obtain a majority, it may be half a generation before the British people see another moderate Government in office," warned Lord ROTHERMERE. The *Post* retorted with excerpts from various ROTHERMERE journals purporting to show the "quick-change politics" of their owner.

From the *Sunday Dispatch* of October 21 last was gleaned the opinion that "in some respects the distinct benefits might accrue to the country from the arrival in power of a Labour Government." In February Lord ROTHERMERE announced, said the *Post*, that "Labour will win." In March a ROTHERMERE organ wrote: "It is possible to keep the 'Socialists' out without giving votes to an undeserving Government, by voting Liberal." Next morning the *Daily Mail* proclaimed the need of a union between the anti-Socialist parties to fight the "menace of Socialism." An accompanying editorial in the *Post* pointed out that this last attitude "has been maintained for a full fortnight—quite a long time for the ROTHERMERE Press."

The second day of the interchange the Labour organ *Daily Herald* observed that "Lord ROTHERMERE has gone abroad, leaving his newspapers behind him with instructions to continue the fight." The third day's battle resolved itself into an explanatory letter from Lord ROTHERMERE not published in the *Post*, but appearing in the *Daily Mail* as having been sent to the *Post*, while the reverse occurred in case of a letter from Mr. H. A. GWYNNE, editor of the *Morning Post* to the editor of the *Mail*. Lord ROTHERMERE's letter declared he had never been inconsistent, and that he now believed the Labour Party would certainly have the largest membership in the next Parliament, with Liberals probably second. Mr. GWYNNE's letter quoted a cable received from Lord ROTHERMERE notifying the *Post* of the dispatch of the third letter, to which Mr. GWYNNE stated he had replied stating he would be unable to publish it unless given similar space for his own communication in the *Mail*. Lord ROTHERMERE is quoted as "indignantly" declining to "give the editor of the *Post* twenty times the publicity its own limited circulation can obtain for him."

In some quarters it is believed this wordy battle will have a good result in bringing out certain facts regarding the method of awarding honours which neither the Conservatives nor Liberal Party organisers wish to be revealed. Apart from this unsavoury subject, it is very interesting to observe how the English papers are grouping themselves in the present political struggle. It will be still more interesting to see what effect massed Press opinion will have upon the political sympathies of the people. The Conservatives have the solid support of the *Times*, *Morning Post* and *Daily Telegraph*. The Liberals have behind them the *Daily News* and *Daily Chronicle*—but they are getting considerable support from an unexpected quarter. Lord ROTHERMERE and Lord BEVERBROOK, who control two very powerful groups of newspapers centred on the *Daily Mail* and *Daily Express* are throwing their political weight into the Liberal scale. It is not that these Press magnates have any particular liking for Lloyd George, but they fear the Labour party getting into power as a result of anti-Labour votes being divided between Conservatives and Liberals—or at best that Labour will be returned in such strength as to constitute a very formidable Opposition. The large number of newspapers controlled by Sir WILLIAM BERRY are Conservative in tone, but here again it is significant that no determined opposition is being shown to Lloyd George. There is evidently a feeling that the Conservative chances at the coming election are not too favourable, and the open support or friendly neutrality shown by Conservative papers towards Lloyd George means that of two evils—Liberal or a Labour Government—they would prefer the lesser. The situation is a novel one, and the result of the polls will show to what extent this remarkable Press campaign has affected the political sympathies of newspaper readers.

## News and Views.

Major W. A. F. Kerrieh, D.S.O., M.C., R.E., will assume the duties of President, Hong Kong Area Trade Testing Board, vice Major C. W. R. Tuke, M.C., R.A., with effect from June 1.

It has been decided that troops not forming permanent garrisons may be allowed to be in possession of their medals, and officers in charge of Records have been instructed to issue any such medals in their possession to Officers Commanding the units concerned.

The four Chinese who were charged with possession of property stolen from Eli Cottage, Kowloon Tong (where the occupier, a Chinese gardener was murdered some time ago), were discharged by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith yesterday, as there was no evidence of guilty knowledge.

A junk left Hong Kong on the 7th instant with 50 tons of coal for Castle Peak. So far, it has failed to arrive at its destination. The number of the junk is T.5788 and is owned by Chinese.

Work was commenced last night to make an elevation about six inches high directly in front of the Star Ferry Wharf Hong Kong to prevent traffic from encircling the lamp-post at this spot.

Mr. Purvis of the P.W.D. made a report to the Police yesterday that three swings at the Children's Public Playground in Chatham Road had been cut and that the padlocks on the sec-saws had been broken by some unknown person.

Rivalry over a conservancy contract has led to a feud between two factions at Aberdeen. The coolies employed by the unsuccessful contractor, in order to impede and inconvenience their rivals, resorted to breaking the night-soil receptacles. Later more desperate measures were taken, and on Wednesday night a coolie was prevented from going his rounds by two women, who attacked him. The parties appeared before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Central Magistracy yesterday, and were bound over in the sum of \$50 to keep the peace. His Worship hinted that if there should be any further trouble he would send the offenders to prison.

## Yesterday's "Frost."

Not until the moon's shadow had passed away completely did the sun really show his face yesterday in Hong Kong. All day the sky was overcast, and though it was possible after a time to get a fitful glimpse of the sun, it was not until about fifteen minutes after the eclipse was over that his Majesty came out and stayed out. So far as this Colony is concerned, yesterday's event was a "frost," but the heavy rain showers fully compensated us for the lost opportunity of watching the eclipse. The replenishment of our water supplies is a much more urgent matter than blinking at solar phenomena through dark glasses.

## Chinese Aviator's Feet.

Some time this week-end Chen Wen Lin, a Chinese aviator, should arrive in Canton on his long flight from London to Nanking. Not much attention has been given to Mr. Chen's adventure, though it is quite a remarkable one. He is the first Oriental aviator to make a long-distance flight, and he has flown from London to Hanoi with the minimum of publicity—thus breaking two records. He leaves for Peking to-day (Friday), and thence to Canton, and it is hoped will make a passing call at Hong Kong. Mr. Chen's machine is an Avro Avian, a British airplane fitted with Citrus engines—which supplied the power enabling Sir Alan Cobham to fly from London to Zurich and back in one day, a distance of about one thousand miles. Mr. Chen has attempted nothing so spectacular; he was content to attempt to fly steadily eastward from London to China, and that he has done. From Canton he proposes to fly to Amoy (his native city), where he will find awaiting him three machines similar to his own, thence proceeding to Shanghai and Nanking. The successful flight made by Mr. Chen is one of which his countrymen may be well proud, and incidentally we are pleased to note the fact that this long flight from London has been made on a British airplane.

## Government Wireless School.

The Government Radio Office invites British subjects with a good knowledge of English to join the Wireless School. Approved students will be given one month's trial free, and on the satisfactory completion of trial will be accepted for training in the Government School of Wireless Telegraphy. The fee will be \$10 per month, payable in advance. The average period of training required for a student to obtain a Coastal Certificate is from six to nine months, and the pay of a ship's operator varies from \$60 to \$100 per month with food and accommodation. The Government do not undertake to employ or to secure employment for successful students, but they will be eligible for consideration for vacancies in the Government staff. The Government salary of pay for Operators is from \$800 to \$1,500 per annum, according to ability and service. No food is supplied, and quarters are provided at out-stations and on Government vessels only. Operators employed by Government who have been trained in the Government School will have their fees refunded after two years' satisfactory service, and will be eligible for appointment to the permanent staff. Applications should be made to the Officer-in-Charge, Government Radio Office, P. & O. Building.

## Corkscrew Driven Into Wife.

A shocking story of murder is reported from Quilon. It relates to a family consisting of a man and his wife and their three children. The man fell out with his wife and went away from the place. He returned home recently. In his absence the woman was working in a coir factory to maintain herself and her children. This she continued to do after the man's return as he would not work and earn their livelihood. A week ago the man suddenly became violent. It is reported that he drove a large corkscrew into the chest of his wife. The woman died shrieking. The noise brought the neighbours to the house who found the man raving. He then swallowed some poison. Meanwhile the police arrived on the scene. The man was taken to the hospital where he was treated. The murderer has been placed in police custody.

## The Legal Labyrinth.

It is reported in connection with the new building for Gray's Inn library that the library, which already contains over 9,000 books on case law, not to mention the mightier tomes on statute law, is growing at the rate of 500 volumes a year. An old writer, Dr. Cowell, held that a lawyer should not be ignorant "of beasts, fowls, and creeping things, nor of trees, from the cedar of Lebanon to the hyssop," but the acquisition of such knowledge would be the child's play compared with keeping in touch with these yearly outpourings. Even the learning recommended to a lawyer by the Chitty who adorned the profession in 1850 would in the long run be easier to come by—"anatomy, physiology, theology, surgery, chemistry, medical jurisprudence, police, and mankind." It would be interesting to know how many points of law are comprehended in such a library. Perhaps the person (whoever the optimist was) who said that all law could be brought within seven principles would like to make an estimate. As a clue, and with the warning that the figure was arrived at before modern statute law—that "mighty maze of walks without a plan"—had really started one, would oblige him with the information that, according to the computation of a Mr. Park in 1898, a law library "of moderate dimensions" contains 2,500,000 points of law.

## General Election Betting.

The by-elections were responsible for increased business in London recently where the results of the coming general election can be discounted in advance on terms of cash. On the Stock Exchange a jobber, after a good day's business, issued his closing prices in "election results" as follows:—Labour 264, Conservative 262, and Liberal 68. In this case both Liberal and Labour show a three-point rise compared with prices, while Conservative stock shows a loss of these half-dozen points. These particular closing prices may differ, of course, from those of other dealers, who naturally quote by the position of their respective "books." A jobber's "book" is his record of all sales and purchases. There is some heavy betting on the election results, some of it by business men who are covering themselves in this way against possible loss in business should Labour sweep the country. Liberal results are a favourite gamble in the City, on the idea that Mr. Lloyd George and his employment scheme are likely factors to create surprising results when polling-day comes along.

## My Hat!

Most of us who are over the age of thirty cling to the hope that another Great War is at least probable within our own span of life, but it is sinister and disturbing news to read that the War Office has just invented a new hat for the special use of "general officers, brigadiers, and substantive colonels on active service, annual training, and manoeuvres." That really does look like impending trouble. A new hat for mere sergeants and the rank and file means nothing—inventing new forms of "head-joy" for the baser sort is the natural occupation of the War Office in piping times of peace; it is the one occupation which keeps the Army Council quiet and happily convinced that it is doing its best to win the next war but one. But a new hat for general officers is a very different and more serious matter; it sounds like a deliberate challenge to the League of Nations, the Washington Agreement, and what remains of the Locarno Pact. Put a private into a new hat and next to nothing happens—at the worst he will only succeed in getting a new girl on the strength of it. Put a major-general into a new hat and anything may happen, from another war in China to an attack on Habsburg Compus. The thing is ominous in the extreme, a new and horrid development of the armaments race. For what, pray, will the War Office do if U.S.A. now proceeds to give its own major-generals three new hats?

## Torpedo Craft Speeds.

At her speed trials off Lorient, the French fleet leader Guepard, designed for 38 knots, is reported to have developed over 38 knots, which has been claimed by certain French experts to be the highest ever made by a war vessel. This rate, however, has been exceeded more than once by British torpedo craft. The destroyer *Turquoise*, built by Yarrow and Co., Ltd., at Scotstoun, and completed in March, 1918, developed 30.8 knots on trial, and a similar vessel, the *Tyrian*, completed by the same firm in December, 1919, reached 38.72 knots. Nor is performance of the Guepard the best on record by a fleet leader, as the British vessel *Shakespeare*, completed by Thornycroft & Co., Ltd., at Woolston in October, 1917, made a speed of 38.74 knots on trial. The only destroyer built for the Royal Navy since the War, the *Amazon* and *Ambuscade*, were designed for 37 knots, but their trial performances were not published.

## Caste Distinctions.

In view of the resolution abolishing all caste distinctions passed by the Bengal Provincial Political Conference, at Rangpur, and the Sanjathan and other resolutions passed by the Surat sessions of the Hindu Mahasabha, it will be interesting to recall some of the resolutions adopted at Calcutta by the first All-India Marwari Agrawal Panchayat, only a few months ago. Out of some 35 resolutions the following are particularly remarkable:—(1) Cow protection is the chief duty and dharma of the Marwari Agrawal Caste. Therefore every Marwari should keep a cow, should not sell cows to non-Hindu dealers, and should let loose fine bulls in order to improve the breed of cows. (2) The bridegroom must not be under 16 at the time of marriage. (3) The bride must not be under 11 at the time of marriage; if "rajadarsan" (menstruation) is apprehended, marriage can be celebrated (even under 11) after giving notice to the local Panchayat. But in any case the marriage of a girl must necessarily be celebrated, according to the Shastras, before appearance of signs of puberty.

## The Steak-Tester.

Although the United States is such a good producer and exporter of tinned meat, her fresh meat is, as a rule, as bad as, or worse than, that of France. That is the reason why "steak" in many a form, is so often served. There are two sorts of American bacon too—the best in the world, in costly sealed glass jars, and the worst in the world, a form of salted leather. But now the U.S. Government Bureau of Standards, which busies itself with all manner of ingenious tests, has come to the poor housewife's rescue with a chewing machine, a sort of lather that automatically twists and "chews" beefsteaks, whistles and "chaws" registered on a dial. Enterprising fellows have now appeared with the announcement that they are going to instal machines of this sort in a chain of cities and test, for a small fee, every purchase of fresh meat brought to them by a housewife with doubts as to its degree of chewability. If it does not pass muster the purchaser can then go back and display it to the butcher, with its rejection ticket pinned on. The life of the directors of the Institute of Chewing does not sound to be what the insurance companies call a good risk. One can see them eventually "bumped off" and found by the police stuck all over with those scornful little tickets, the tribute of the tough purveyors of tough wares.

## Walter the Sublime.

For the sublime self-confidence which is more irritating than abject humility, commend us to Mr. Walter Hagen, the American golf professional, whose latest dictum on his abilities appears in the cable news of the day. The Home papers, it seems, have been spreading themselves over the Ryder Cup competition, in which British professionals meet their colleagues from the other side and which sees an American victory with monotonous regularity. Interviews on the "Why I shall win" principle established by heavyweight pugilists have become the fashion and no doubt will be followed in due course by the "Why I lost" articles which are so familiar. Ryder Cup players have been interviewed, and their efforts vary from "We shall win" to "We ought to win" and "It will be a great fight." It remained for Mr. Hagen to vary this theme, and he maintained his reputation with "I shall win anyway, I always do." What is so annoying is that Walter is right. He does always win—or nearly always. One memorable exception was in a 72 hole match with Archie Compston at Moor Park, Hertfordshire, last year. Compston won 18 up and 17 to play and received £250 for his trouble while Hagen gathered in £500. Let us admit frankly that Hagen had been only two days in the country and was short of practice. When the pair met again in the States the result was very different; also Hagen won the British open championship. Still, the Moor Park memory is worth a lot.



## HAGEN'S SUPERB "COMEBACK."

UNCANNY ACCURACY AT MUIRFIELD.

NEW RECORD FOR BRITISH "OPEN."

AMERICANS LEADING THE FIELD.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MUIRFIELD, May 9. In sunny weather, with a gentle breeze blowing, Walter Hagen of America to-day staged a "come-back" which marks him as one of the greatest players of all time, even if he fails to retain the British title.

With a total disregard of time, the crowd, or anything else, he studied thoroughly every shot, and saved stroke after stroke by his painstaking methods.

He took 100 minutes over the first nine holes which he did in 33. At the eighth, a long drive was very slightly pushed out and as a result was trapped, and Hagen paid the penalty with a five. By the time he left the tenth tee, the gallery had increased to over 5,000.

Hagen continued to play with uncanny accuracy, and never looked like breaking down at any stage. At the fourteenth he played a great spoon shot, and then holed a putt from ten feet for an "eagle" three. In his whole round there was only one bad shot, a chip from behind a bunker at the seventeenth, where he went too boldly for the hole, the ball running ten yards past. This was the only time he failed to get a par figure.

Hagen was a little lucky at the eighteenth, when his second shot struck the flag which partially stopped the ball, which finished at the far edge of the green. He got a four here, however, to wind up the best single round accomplished in the history of the Open Championship. He came home in 34, making 67 for the whole round, and a new record for the course.

## The Leaders.

The leading scores are—	
Diegel (U.S.A.)	71-69=140
Hagen (U.S.A.)	75-87=162
Albright (Britain)	69-78=147
Craigbank (U.S.A.)	73-74=147
Farrell (U.S.A.)	72-75=147
Armour (U.S.A.)	73-74=147
Boomer (Britain)	74-74=148
Melhorn (U.S.A.)	74-74=148
Compton (Britain)	76-73=149
Bingham (Britain)	73-76=149
Tolley (Britain)	74-76=150
Fernie (Britain)	76-75=151
Williamson (Britain)	73-78=151
Barnes (U.S.A.)	71-80=151
Turnesa (U.S.A.)	74-78=152
Espinosa (U.S.A.)	77-75=152
J. J. Taylor (Britain)	77-75=152
Dudley (U.S.A.)	78-75=153
Perkins (Britain)	78-75=153
Watrous (U.S.A.)	73-79=152
Twine (Britain)	74-79=153
Chas. Whitcombe	
(Britain)	77-76=153
Westell (Britain)	76-79=154
Duncan (Britain)	78-76=154

## THE WORLD'S FINEST.

MUIRFIELD, May 9 (U.P.).

Strengthened by the presence of the entire United States Ryder Cup team, one of the greatest selections of golfing talent assembled in England for many years appear in the British Open Championship on the Muirfield courses. Both professionals and amateurs who have figured in the most important tournaments of the world have led off in the heart of this historic golfing country. One of the hardest-fought battles in the annals of the royal and ancient game is expected before the King of British Golf for 1929 is crowned.

In addition to the American delegation, including the Ryder Cup players and a large number of other prominent professionals and amateurs, the leading golfers from the Continent, Jose Jurado from the Argentine, a representation from Australia and other distant colonies, and entries from almost every land where golf has attained prominence are gathered in Muirfield. The British entries are especially determined to win the golfing honour which has been kept away from the United States only twice since the war. George Duncan won the championship in 1920, and A. G. Havers was the winner in 1923.

Walter Hagen has carried Britain's most cherished golf trophy across the Atlantic three times. Bobby Jones has taken it back to Atlanta on two occasions. Jock Hutchison and Jim Barnes accounted for the other two post-war American victories. Yankee players have developed the habit of winning to such an extent that the British are becoming aroused. Their efforts at Muirfield will be backed by a campaign waged throughout the winter with "Keep the Championship at Home" as its objective.

## Experts Baffled.

The unusual strength of the entries has the experts baffled when it comes to picking the probable winner. Any one of more than a dozen men is considered capable of capturing the championship. The ability of Hagen, Sarazen, Compton, Abe Mitchell, Duncan, Melhorn, Boomer, and many other of the professionals now at Muirfield has been often demonstrated in England. Jurado is always a threat against keeping the cup in this country. Two young players, Henry Cotton of England and Horton Smith of America, are due for sensational performances in the Open. Cyril Tolley, French Open Champion, T. P. Perkins and J. A. Stout, finalists in the English Amateur Championship last year, Percy Alliss, the dapper Johnny Farrell, and a number of lesser known golfers may spring a few surprises before the championship is decided.

Hagen is favoured in many quarters to retain his title. The fact that he has played more golf and made less mistakes this year than before he came over in 1928 causes many of his supporters to boast that the iron nerves of "Sir Walter" will carry him to another victory. Gene Sarazen is very popular on this side, and will have a large following at Muirfield. Sarazen, with 294, finished only two strokes behind Hagen last year. His second round cost him 76 and a chance to at least tie Hagen, but he shot the other rounds in 72, 73, and 73. Hagen's winning figures were 75, 73, 72, and 72. Hagen and Sarazen are generally regarded as the two most dangerous invaders.

## Compton's Rise.

Of the other men who finished close to Hagen and Sarazen, the most favoured are Compton, Jurado, and Alliss. Compton gained immortal fame in England by his victory over Hagen at Moor Park last year, and has been playing good steady golf ever since. His trip to the United States apparently did him some good in that he is now more inclined to the American display of confidence. Percy Alliss, a British professional attached to the Berlin Golf Club, has won the German Open Championship for the past three years, and is recognised as a dangerous competitor in any gathering.

Jose Jurado, the smiling Argentine champion who almost burned up the course at Sandwich last year, is still the darling of the British golfing galleries, and will have a substantial following. Jose has been playing over the Muirfield course for the past three weeks. He produced a 71 on the Prince's Course last year and then went up to 80 on the final round at St. George's. He is capable of producing an amazing round any time, and if his putting luck ever starts running consistently in his favour, Jurado is likely to win the hardest competition.

"Wild Bill" Melhorn is another visitor whose varying golfing moods may upset the Open. Bill is out to win this year, and will have the sympathy of the crowd because he was not included in the United States Ryder Cup team. Altogether, the players at Muirfield represent an unusually strong field from which it is very difficult to pick a favourite.

## THE REPARATIONS DISCUSSION.

A FEW QUESTIONS.

"WHERE IS MR. CHURCHILL?"

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, May 9. In the House of Commons, Col. J. C. Wedgwood asked whether Mr. Churchill had any communication from the Reparations Committee to give the House and why the committee was dealing with the Spa percentages.

Mr. A. M. Samuel, on behalf of Mr. Churchill, asked Col. Wedgwood to repeat the question tomorrow and that Mr. Churchill would meanwhile consider whether he was able to make a statement.

Colonel Wedgwood, in a supplementary question, asked whether the British representatives on the Reparations Committee were without information and instructions at this very critical moment.

The Speaker asked Col. Wedgwood to wait Mr. Churchill's statement.

Colonel Wedgwood: "We cannot wait. If we wait till tomorrow the country may be committed to another gift to the French people. Why is Mr. Churchill not in his place?"

Mr. Samuel explained that the question had only reached the Treasury that afternoon, and it was impossible to get information in the time given.

## A Counter-Proposal.

PARIS, May 9.

Following on the British disapproval of Mr. Owen Young's reparations plan, there seems ground to suppose that Britain is willing to make some concession with regard to the proposed reduced German annuity, but considers that the sacrifices should be proportionate all round.

There is reason to believe that a counter-proposal is being prepared by "countries interested" (among which Britain would logically figure) for the distribution of the Allied shares which will be submitted to Mr. Young on May 9.

The hope prevails that the adoption of some such compromise may save the conference.

## NO HOLDING-UP OF WHEAT.

"RIGGING THE MARKET" FAILURE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, May 9. The newspapers give prominence to the fall in the price of wheat, especially from Canada, where there has been serious grain congestion owing to the lack of orders from Overseas.

The development is attributed, primarily, to attempts by Canadian and Australian wheat pools to hold up supplies and to Europe refusing to buy at their prices.

Meanwhile, a huge amount of Argentine grain has been landed at Liverpool at lower prices than has been asked for Canadian wheat.

## SUN YAT SEN'S BURIAL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, May 9. It is reported that Marshal Chiang Kai Shek will leave for Peking on May 18 or 19, to accompany the remains of Sun Yat Sen to Nanking.

Mr. Sun Fo, son of the late revolutionary leader, is leaving for the North in a few days. The members of the Government who will probably leave for Peking with Chiang Kai Shek include Mr. Tai Chi Tao and Dr. Wang Chung Hui.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, May 9. It is reliably learned that the Kuomintang forces have routed the Mohammedan rebels operating in Kansu, and have recaptured the city of Ninghsia, where the "revolution" originated.

A large number of the Mohammedan forces have turned over to Feng Yu Hsiang's troops, and are being reorganized into the Kuomintang.

## ECLIPSE PHOTOS OBTAINED.

SUCCESSFUL ATTEMPTS IN PHILIPPINES.

MALAYA UNLUCKY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Manila, May 9. The eclipse observations here were highly successful, and weather conditions excellent, with only very faint cirrus clouds near the sun.

The United States Naval Observatory, the English Expedition, and the Manila Observatory executed their scheduled programmes.

The Englishmen, Professors Waterfield and Lloyd, obtained seventeen valuable photographs, and the United States naval staff obtained thirteen variable exposure plates, with a 6 1/2 camera, and 46 others with a two Polar axis and celeostat. Two airplanes also obtained photographs and observations from 5,000 to 10,000 feet. The Manila Observatory made several actinometric measurements.

A beautiful corona of the maximum sunspot type, also planets and stars were visible. Keen interest was generally evidenced.

## No Luck in Malaya.

ALOR STAR, Kedah, May 9.

Although the Greenwich Observatory's eclipse observation party here were apparently slightly more successful than the Pattani party, little useful result is expected owing to most cloudy conditions.

## Nor Siam!

SINGAPORE, May 9.

The sultry atmosphere when the eclipse of the sun commenced at 12.05 p.m. was followed by a refreshing coolness as the phenomenon reached its maximum at 1.40. The Pattani observation party on the Siamese side of the "shadow line" were disappointed, as the sun was veiled by clouds during the period of the eclipse.

## JAPANESE PLANE MISSING.

TREACHEROUS WEATHER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Tokyo, May 9. One naval plane is missing, and two others were forced to make emergency landings, owing to stormy weather while carrying out a long-distance flight from Nagasaki.

Destroyers were despatched to search for the missing machine, but have met with no success so far.

## A Collier Wrecked.

A Navy-chartered collier, the Tamon Maru VI, struck a coral reef near Truk Island in the Caroline group on the afternoon of May 7. The ship is believed to be a total loss.

A telegram to the Navy Department says that strong tides and many reefs at the scene of the wreck make the rescue of the crew most difficult. Their fate is not yet known. There are believed to be at least fifty souls aboard.

## BRITISH PENSIONS.

BIG CHARGE ON REVENUE.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

LONDON, May 9. In the debate in the House of Commons to-day, on the vote for the Ministry of Pensions, Mr. Tryon, Minister of Pensions, said it was still almost the largest single vote for any of our great departments. The Ministry's work affected the weekly budget of about 1,000,000 families, and the number of their beneficiaries was about 1,500,000.

At the end of the current year we should have spent since the beginning of war—that was in the last 15 years—no less than £913,000,000 on war pensions. He had taken pains to ascertain how this compared with the expenditure of other great countries who, along with us, were most heavily engaged in the Great War.

He found that as compared with our £913,000,000 France had spent approximately £500,000,000 and Germany approximately £400,000,000, so that we had spent, roughly, an amount on pensions equal to those of two great countries combined.

Unlike other countries, we had adjusted our scale of pensions to meet the enhanced price of the cost of commodities so that the pensioner should not suffer.

He estimated for the next few years expenditure on pensions would be about forty-five million sterling a year.

## STOCK EXCHANGE SWEEP.

FAVOURITES' NUMBERS DRAWN.

DANGERS OF FORGERY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, May 9. The draw for the Stock Exchange £1,000,000 Derby Sweepstake has been accelerated, owing to rumours that forged tickets are in circulation.

Results fully published gave the following numbers on present favourites, (two prizes to each horse).

Cragadour D12338, E86036, Mr. Jinks E38565, G18077, Gay Day B88536, A69209, Kapi A78571, D40900, Costaki Pasha F61860, C74107, En Garde I34491, H23449.

There are 1,018 prizes, the two first each being for £125,000. The organisers announce that there is no guard against a danger of forged tickets, and drawers of winning tickets should present them to the offices of the fund the week after the Derby is run, for examination only.

Members of the Stock Exchange who originally purchased tickets may bring the tickets, and cheques will only be paid to such stock-brokers.

## SWEDEN'S HOME CULTURE.

ARTS AND CRAFTS EXPOSITION AT STOCKHOLM.

AN APARTMENT IN THE CLOUDS.

[British United Press.]

Plans are rapidly maturing for the Stockholm Exhibition which will be held from the end of May to September 1930, and will concentrate on illustrating Sweden's progress in Arts, Crafts and Home Culture.

The exposition buildings will be placed on the shores of the picturesque Bay of Djurgårdsbrunnsviken to the north of the city and just behind the aristocratic, so-called "Diplomatic Quarter." From the entrance of the exposition grounds, a wide boulevard will run straight through the grounds, flanked on one side by a row of airy halls tinted in light colours, and on the other by waters of the bay. The boulevard will end in a wide open piazza, bordered by a flower garden, and containing a broad forty-foot water-fall.

## Mammoth Tower.

This will be the central meeting place for festivals, and will hold a large platform for musical performances. In the piazza there will also be a steel tower 300 feet high with a visitors platform on top. The platform will be reached by an elevator. It is also planned to build in the tower a model and fully equipped "skyscraper apartment."

East of the piazza there will be the exposition's main restaurant, and from its windows and porches a fine view of the bay will be afforded.

All the exposition buildings will be characterised by the simplicity and purity of their lines. One of the most interesting buildings will be a dome-shaped structure in the middle of building row. This dome viewed from below will be an exact replica of the starry firmament. It is being built at a cost of approximately 500,000 kroner. This exhibit will have considerable scientific interest, and it is expected that it will be one of the features of the exhibition.

The first section of the exhibition will contain representative of the Swedish metal, leather, textile manufacturing industries and Swedish handicraft and home products. The second section will be devoted to showing ideal types of homes, and apartments ranging from tiny three room affairs to palatial town houses and country villas.

Besides pageants, festivals, open-air shows and musical entertainments on land, the bay will be utilized for "regatta" and water sports. There is also to be an elaborate amusement field and a "children's paradise."

## PRINCE HENRY ON HOLIDAY.

"OFFICIAL VISIT" ENDED.

TO TOUR JAPAN "INCOGNITO."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, May 9. To-day ends the Duke of Gloucester's stay in Japan, as an official guest of the nation. Tomorrow he leaves for a fortnight's tour of the country, where he will travel incognito.

This morning he paid a farewell visit to the Emperor and Empress, to thank them for their hospitality; and afterwards he lunched at the Imperial Palace.

The Emperor returned the visit in the afternoon, and bade the Duke a cordial farewell. He requested Prince Henry to convey to the King his deep appreciation of the bestowal of the Order of the Garter.

The Duke's visit to Japan has made an excellent impression, and Japanese of all ranks are extending the greatest honour to him.

## "CONNIE" TALMADGE AGAIN MARRIED!

THE THIRD TIME!

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

BEVERLY HILLS, Cal., May 8. The film star, Miss Constance Talmadge, has been married for the third time to a Chicago merchant, Mr. Townsend Netcher.

## WHO OWNS THESE MEDALS?

We understand that two medals—British War and Victory—inscribed "35879 Pte. P. Helyar R. War R." were found on the Star Ferry Wharf recently. If the owner has not already done so, he should apply for them, through authorised channels, to the Headquarters of the China Command.



## For Baby's Sake

Give Baby Nature's Own Food. Maternal milk is pure and germ free and contains everything Baby needs to build bone and muscle and flesh. There is no substitute equal to it.

Doctors, nurses and mothers testify that when "Ovaltine" is taken by the mother before and after the birth an adequate supply of rich milk is assured. The mother is enabled to maintain her strength and to feed baby naturally and easily. Nutritional diseases, such as rickets, are prevented and baby is assured of happiness and healthy development.

"Ovaltine" contains the rich nourishment extracted from ripe barley malt, creamy milk and new laid eggs. It makes a delicious and easily digested beverage.

# OVALTINE

TONIC FOOD BEVERAGE

Builds up Brain, Nerve and Body

(L.P. 15)



## UNIVERSITY CRICKET

## PROSPECTS IN 1929.

As last Reuter has condescended to write us through some cricket, though the Seniors and Freshmen's matches at Oxford and Cambridge apparently did not appear sufficiently interesting. We shall now have to wait for the papers to get the scores, and much more important, and interesting, to discover who are taking part in those trial games, success in which so often means a "Blue." It is, however, possible, and it may be interesting, to sum up the position so far as it can be known before the season starts. As Cambridge have on the whole enjoyed more success recently I will begin with them.

## Cambridge Old Blues.

Of this side that was robbed of victory last year by the heroic last-wicket stand of C. K. Hill-Wood and E. T. Benson, who stopped together for half an hour to draw the match, K. S. Dukepingh, F. J. Seabrook, and M. J. C. Allom completed their fourth year in 1928 and are now "down." This year's Captain, M. J. Turnbull, is in his fourth year, and he may have a somewhat difficult task in building up this eleven owing to the fact that in both the 1927 and 1928 seasons not a single Freshman got his Blue. I might here explain to make things quite clear to some of my readers, who may not be quite so familiar with Oxford & Cambridge as most of them are—that a man does up in September-October, and completes three terms before he enters his second year. Thus Turnbull went up in October 1925, and will have completed his fourth academic year when the Varsity Match is played at Lord's next July.

Of the old Blues (and it is by no means the rule that "once a Blue, always a Blue"), four fourth-

year men are available provided they have been up for the summer term 1928—and of this, of course, I have no means of knowing at present—E. F. Longridge, R. W. V. Robins, T. C. Longfield and N. S. Wykes. Robins was considered one of the finest of the younger amateurs in 1922. He is a brilliant fielder, a very fine quick-scoring batsman, and has come on wonderfully with slow spin bowling into which he occasionally gets "the wrong un." He made 33 and 101 not out last year in the Varsity Match, and took 4 for 91 and 4 for 90, so it can easily be imagined what a difference he will make to the side if still up. I might mention that I saw his father make a most juvenile century for Wimbledon Park last summer, so it is scarcely likely that such "inherited" cricket will not be given a fourth year!

Longfield is a useful bat and bowler, while Longridge, an opening batsman, had an average of 27.37, though he failed to come off in the Lord's game. N. G. Wykes, a left hander, was not tried in the Freshers' match in 1928, played in the Seniors 1927, and got his Blue last year as a bat, making 94 and 18 not out.

E. T. Killick, J. T. Morgan, and E. D. Blundell all failed to get their Blues as Freshers in the 1927 season, but got in last year. They will therefore all be up, though that beastly institution known as a "Tripos"—a sort of intellectual gauntlet—may interfere with their cricket during the earlier part of the season.

## Third Year Blues.

Killick went up with a tremendous reputation from St. Pauls, but quite failed in 1927. Last year he batted finely, getting 74 and 20 at the top of the batting, and finishing with an average of 45 at the top of the Cambridge list. He is apparently an unlucky player as, despite his excellent batting, the fact that he dropped Hill-Wood seven minutes before time will be remembered for a long time!

J. T. Morgan, another left hander, used to bowl, but turned himself into the wicket-keeper. Seabrook could not discover elsewhere, he let 33 byes, against Benson's 6, at Lord's, but after a year's experience will probably come on, turning up among the Freshers, and D. C. Haikes, the Shrewsbury Freshman, may be given a trial. E. D. Blundell is a medium fast bowler who did better during the other matches than at Lord's.

## This Year's Successes.

At the time of writing, the only definite news is that Turnbull got 167 not out against Yorkshire, and Blundell got 6 for 99 in the same match. Cambridge did well, as against Yorkshire's 420 they made 211 and 425 for 7 wickets.

## The Vacancies.

Assuming, then, that all the old Blues are available, and retain their places (which as I have said, is by no means certain), Turnbull will have three vacancies to fill, and for the future of Cambridge cricket it is to be hoped that at least two or three Freshers will get in.

Of the Seniors, Valentine of Repton & Pembroke was disappointing last year, but stands a good chance if he can find his form as a bat. Other possibilities are D. S. Oseroff (Uppingham & Sidney), R. H. G. Calthorpe (Harrow & Magdalen), and F. W. Baines (St. Africa & Trinity Hall) as bats, besides several others, while G. P. Goodwin (Whitgift & St. Catharine's) has bowled well.

It is very difficult to judge of what talent may have come up this year, for Public School form has an awful way of getting upset in a man's first year. E. R. Sheehy, captain of Eton last year, played a fine innings in the 2nd knock against Harrow, and will undoubtedly get a trial. G. L. Raphael had an average of 45 for Harrow, J. F. Anderson and M. J. H. Morton of Marlborough had averages of 50 and 49 respectively. (Continued at foot of next column.)

## HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

## FIFTH EXTRA RACE MEETING.

The following is the programme of the fifth extra race meeting to be held at Happy Valley on Saturday and Monday, May 18 and 19:

SATURDAY, MAY 18.

## 1.—3 p.m.—Green Island Handicap "C" Class Six Furlongs.

For China ponies. Ponies, other than subscription griffins, which have won the Aggregate Stakes, Substitute Stakes, or an "A" Class Handicap since January 1, 1929, barred. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 2.—Green Island Handicap "B" Class Six Furlongs.

For China ponies. Ponies, other than subscription griffins, which have won the Aggregate Stakes, Substitute Stakes, or an "A" Class Handicap since January 1, 1929, barred. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 3.—Green Island Handicap "A" Class Six Furlongs.

For China ponies. Ponies, other than subscription griffins, which have won the Aggregate Stakes, Substitute Stakes, or an "A" Class Handicap since January 1, 1929, barred. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 4.—Third Aggregate Stakes: One Mile.

Value \$350. For all China ponies. Catch weight at 10st. 9 lbs. Winners of a race value \$300 or over, other than a race confined to subscription griffins, or ponies that have won the aggregate prize in the Aggregate Stakes in any season, 5 lbs. extra. Non-winning subscription griffins allowed 5 lbs.

A Cup to be run for five times, or as decided by the Committee, called the Aggregate Cup, will be presented at the end of the season to the winner of the race for the Aggregate Stakes at the Extra Meetings during the season, counting 4 points for a first; 3 for a second; and 1 for a third. The benefit of marks already scored to pass with the pony on a sale. Any winner of the race this season to carry 5 lbs. extra for each in subsequent starts for the race, but in the event of a pony carrying the penalty not winning, 2 lbs. to be deducted next time he starts, such 2 lbs. to remain deducted until he win again, when he will carry the full penalties without deduction. Penalties accumulate up to 15 lbs. In the event of two or more ponies tying with the same number of marks after five races have been run the winners shall either divide the value of the Cup which is hereby placed at \$1,000, or shall run off on a day to be fixed by the Committee, not being the same day as the last race for the Stakes but within two weeks thereafter. In the event of a run off the weights shall be weight for inches as per scale. Entrance fee \$5. 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$150.

## 5.—Cust Rock Stakes: One Mile.

For China ponies, subscription griffins of this club of any season. Winners of this year, only. Winners of two races, weight for inches; winners of three races 10 lbs. penalty; winners of four races 10 lbs. penalty; winners of five races allowed 5 lbs. Jockey allowance. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 6.—Feng Chan Stakes: Once Round.

For China ponies, non-winning subscription griffins of this club of any season. To be ridden by Jockeys who have not won five flat races in Hong Kong, China, or elsewhere. Jockeys 2 lbs. extra for each win. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 7.—Beaufort Handicap "B" Class: 1 1/4 Miles.

For China ponies. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$450; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

## 8.—Beaufort Handicap "A" Class: 1 1/4 Miles.

For China ponies. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$450; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

MONDAY, MAY 19.

## 1.—3 p.m.—Crocodile Stakes: Six Furlongs.

For China ponies, non-winning subscription griffins of this Club, of any season. Jockey allowance. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 2.—Cheung Chan Plate: Five Furlongs.

Blue World, Stanton and Beidy; Baster and Target; Stanton; Glory; Cheung and Ng; Tarmacadam, K. H. Kay; Mount, Elburz, K. C. Lau; Cream Cracker, Mrs. K. E. Beith; Loch Elvive, Dyer and Beith; Huntington, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; Young Pretender, Dynasty; Idol, Hee Cheong; Luca, Ip and Mo; Erastville and Heretofore, Seth.

## 3.—Whitsum Plate: 1 1/4 Miles.

Imperial Hall and Town Hall, Ho Kong Tong; Grand Tattoo Eve, Eric Pickle, Hynes and Mackie; Christmas Chimes, Beith and Heald; Loch Elvive and Tangle, Dyer and Beith; Skinfaxi, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; Young Pretender and King's Falloch, Dynast; One-Third, Yam Man; Monterey Bay, Han Un.

## 4.—Lama Plate: From the Two Mile Post Once Round and In (about One Mile 155 Yards).

Rammy, James; King's Parade, Service; Alderley, Mancunian; The Sun, Chan Bik Chuen; Ezatmar, K. H. Kay; The Ape, Tester and Abraham; The Phœnix, W. E. L. Shenton; W. E. L. Shenton; False Alarm, R. M. Austin; Armory, Mrs. R. M. Austin; Mirror, Hall, Liang and Wong; Duke of Milan and Ploughman, Lau and Lee; Movinagar, D. A. Cave; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshine, Lobel; The Jungle Book, Harbot; Half Pint, Splits; Bronze Idol, Ip and Mo; Heretofore, Seth.

## 5.—Cheung Chan Plate: Five Furlongs.

Blue World, Stanton and Beidy; Baster and Target; Stanton; Glory; Cheung and Ng; Tarmacadam, K. H. Kay; Mount, Elburz, K. C. Lau; Cream Cracker, Mrs. K. E. Beith; Loch Elvive, Dyer and Beith; Huntington, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; The Jamaica, Wayfoong; Duke of Normandy, II; and Duke of Milan, Lau and Lee; King's Falloch, Dynast; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshine, Lobel; Bronze Idol, Hee Cheong; Flying Stag, Chan and Rafeek; Heretofore, Seth; Zephyr, Mo.

## 6.—Whitsum Plate: 1 1/4 Miles.

Imperial Hall and Town Hall, Ho Kong Tong; Grand Tattoo Eve, Eric Pickle, Hynes and Mackie; Christmas Chimes, Beith and Heald; Loch Elvive and Tangle, Dyer and Beith; Skinfaxi, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; Young Pretender and King's Falloch, Dynast; One-Third, Yam Man; Monterey Bay, Han Un.

## 7.—Lama Plate: From the Two Mile Post Once Round and In (about One Mile 155 Yards).

Rammy, James; King's Parade, Service; Alderley, Mancunian; The Sun, Chan Bik Chuen; Ezatmar, K. H. Kay; The Ape, Tester and Abraham; The Phœnix, W. E. L. Shenton; W. E. L. Shenton; False Alarm, R. M. Austin; Armory, Mrs. R. M. Austin; Mirror, Hall, Liang and Wong; Duke of Milan and Ploughman, Lau and Lee; Movinagar, D. A. Cave; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshine, Lobel; The Jungle Book, Harbot; Half Pint, Splits; Bronze Idol, Ip and Mo; Heretofore, Seth; Zephyr, Mo.

## 2.—Cheung Chan Plate: Five Furlongs.

For China ponies that have started in Hong Kong at least twice since January 1, 1929. Weight for inches as per scale. Winners of one race (other than races confined to subscription griffins), 7 lbs. penalty; two or more races, 15 lbs. penalty. Jockey allowance. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 3.—Lantau Handicap "B" Class: One Mile.

For China ponies. Ponies other than subscription griffins, which have won the Aggregate Stakes, Substitute Stakes, or an "A" Class Handicap since January 1, 1929, barred. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 4.—Whitsum Plate: 1 1/4 Miles.

For China ponies that have started in Hong Kong and have won in cash prizes. Weight 145 lbs. For each \$500 or part thereof won in excess of \$750, 1 lb. extra. Subscription griffins of this Club of any season allowed 10 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$500; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$150.

## 5.—May Plate (Handicap): 1 1/4 Miles.

For China ponies that have started at least four times since January 1, 1929, and have not won. To be ridden by novices. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 6.—Lantau Handicap "C" Class: One Mile.

For China ponies. Ponies, other than subscription griffins, which have won the Aggregate Stakes, Substitute Stakes, or an "A" Class Handicap since January 1, 1929, barred. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 7.—Lama Plate: From the Two Mile Post Once Round and In (about One Mile 155 Yards).

For China ponies, subscription griffins of this Club of any season. Winners at this meeting barred. Weight for inches as per scale. Winners of two races, 5 lbs. penalty; three or more races, 10 lbs. penalty. Non-winners allowed 5 lbs. Jockey allowance. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 8.—Lantau Handicap "A" Class: One Mile.

For China ponies. Ponies other than subscription griffins, which have won the Aggregate Stakes, Substitute Stakes, or an "A" Class Handicap since January 1, 1929, barred. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## THE ENTRIES.

## FIRST DAY.

## Race 4.—Third Aggregate Stakes: One Mile.

Grand Tattoo Eve, Eric; Cream Cracker, Mrs. K. E. Beith; Christmas Chimes, Beith and Heald; Loch Elvive, Dyer and Beith; Huntington, Skinfaxi, and Nookhail, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; San Francisco, Bennett and Cave; City Hall, Harbot; Monterey Bay, Han Un.

## 5.—Cust Rock Stakes: One Mile.

The Sun, Chan Bik Chuen; The Ape, Tester and Abraham; The Phœnix, W. E. L. Shenton; W. E. L. Shenton; False Alarm, R. M. Austin; Armory, Mrs. R. M. Austin; Mirror, Hall, Liang and Wong; Duke of Milan and Ploughman, Lau and Lee; Movinagar, D. A. Cave; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshine, Lobel; The Jungle Book, Harbot; Half Pint, Splits; Bronze Idol, Ip and Mo; Heretofore, Seth; Zephyr, Mo.

## 6.—Feng Chan Stakes: Once Round.

Sopron, Service; Mountain Air and Big Ben, S. To Wong; Ezatmar, K. H. Kay; Papaya, Hynes and Mackie; The Phœnix, W. E. L. Shenton; W. E. L. Shenton; False Alarm, R. M. Austin; Armory, Mrs. R. M. Austin; Mirror, Hall, Liang and Wong; Duke of Milan and Ploughman, Lau and Lee; Movinagar, D. A. Cave; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshine, Lobel; The Jungle Book, Harbot; Half Pint, Splits; Bronze Idol, Ip and Mo; Heretofore, Seth; Zephyr, Mo.

## 7.—Beaufort Handicap "B" Class: 1 1/4 Miles.

Blue World, Stanton and Beidy; Baster and Target; Stanton; Glory; Cheung and Ng; Tarmacadam, K. H. Kay; Mount, Elburz, K. C. Lau; Cream Cracker, Mrs. K. E. Beith; Loch Elvive, Dyer and Beith; Huntington, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; Young Pretender, Dynast; Idol, Hee Cheong; Luca, Ip and Mo; Erastville and Heretofore, Seth.

## 8.—Beaufort Handicap "A" Class: 1 1/4 Miles.

Imperial Hall and Town Hall, Ho Kong Tong; Grand Tattoo Eve, Eric Pickle, Hynes and Mackie; Christmas Chimes, Beith and Heald; Loch Elvive and Tangle, Dyer and Beith; Skinfaxi, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; Young Pretender and King's Falloch, Dynast; One-Third, Yam Man; Monterey Bay, Han Un.

## 9.—Whitsum Plate: 1 1/4 Miles.

Imperial Hall and Town Hall, Ho Kong Tong; Grand Tattoo Eve, Eric Pickle, Hynes and Mackie; Christmas Chimes, Beith and Heald; Loch Elvive and Tangle, Dyer and Beith; Skinfaxi, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; Young Pretender and King's Falloch, Dynast; One-Third, Yam Man; Monterey Bay, Han Un.

## 10.—Lama Plate: From the Two Mile Post Once Round and In (about One Mile 155 Yards).

Rammy, James; King's Parade, Service; Alderley, Mancunian; The Sun, Chan Bik Chuen; Ezatmar, K. H. Kay; The Ape, Tester and Abraham; The Phœnix, W. E. L. Shenton; W. E. L. Shenton; False Alarm, R. M. Austin; Armory, Mrs. R. M. Austin; Mirror, Hall, Liang and Wong; Duke of Milan and Ploughman, Lau and Lee; Movinagar, D. A. Cave; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshine, Lobel; The Jungle Book, Harbot; Half Pint, Splits; Bronze Idol, Ip and Mo; Heretofore, Seth; Zephyr, Mo.

## 11.—Cheung Chan Plate: Five Furlongs.

Blue World, Stanton and Beidy; Baster and Target; Stanton; Glory; Cheung and Ng; Tarmacadam, K. H. Kay; Mount, Elburz, K. C. Lau; Cream Cracker, Mrs. K. E. Beith; Loch Elvive, Dyer and Beith; Huntington, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; The Jamaica, Wayfoong; Duke of Normandy, II; and Duke of Milan, Lau and Lee; King's Falloch, Dynast; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshine, Lobel; Bronze Idol, Hee Cheong; Flying Stag, Chan and Rafeek; Heretofore, Seth; Zephyr, Mo.

## 12.—Whitsum Plate: 1 1/4 Miles.

Imperial Hall and Town Hall, Ho Kong Tong; Grand Tattoo Eve, Eric Pickle, Hynes and Mackie; Christmas Chimes, Beith and Heald; Loch Elvive and Tangle, Dyer and Beith; Skinfaxi, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; Young Pretender and King's Falloch, Dynast; One-Third, Yam Man; Monterey Bay, Han Un.

## 13.—Lama Plate: From the Two Mile Post Once Round and In (about One Mile 155 Yards).

Rammy, James; King's Parade, Service; Alderley, Mancunian; The Sun, Chan Bik Chuen; Ezatmar, K. H. Kay; The Ape, Tester and Abraham; The Phœnix, W. E. L. Shenton; W. E. L. Shenton; False Alarm, R. M. Austin; Armory, Mrs. R. M. Austin; Mirror, Hall, Liang and Wong; Duke of Milan and Ploughman, Lau and Lee; Movinagar, D. A. Cave; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshine, Lobel; The Jungle Book, Harbot; Half Pint, Splits; Bronze Idol, Ip and Mo; Heretofore, Seth; Zephyr, Mo.

## CHEQUES CASE.

(Continued from page 1).

found that Mr. Gurrin had been hopelessly wrong and that Smith and Beck were two different persons. Have you ever read that case?—I have recollections of it. The moral I draw is that nothing is more difficult than proving that a particular piece of writing is written by one particular man. "Listen to me," continued counsel, dramatically. "If you are right, then Tsang ought to be serving ten years with Yeo!"

## The Parnell Case.

Then we have the great Parnell case, a matter of history, when Piggott presented forged letters purporting to have been written by Parnell and sold them to the *Times*, which published them, thinking them to be quite genuine. As intended, the letters stirred up trouble in Ireland. Then there was the Parnell Commission and a gentleman was produced who underwent a close cross-examination by Lord Russell. The letters were detected as a forgery only by a misapprehension of the word "hesitancy." After the cross-examination Piggott fled to Spain, shot himself, and sent a confession to the expert admitting that the letters were forgeries. If your view is correct, it is most inconceivable that the *Times* could have been bluffed—I cannot say. Those letters led Lord Russell in Court to say that he left as nervous as a schoolboy when he reflected upon the skill of forgers in those days. If your theory is correct, by the theory of pen pressure which was in use then it should have been easy to have detected forgery—I can't say unless I see the case.

## Forged Notes and Cheques.

Here we have another case, which was reported in our newspapers, four members of a gang who were arrested not because of an error in signatures on cheques and bank notes, but through a typographical error in the documents. The manager of a large London bank could detect nothing wrong with a £10,000 banknote, but for the sake of his own convenience asked them to call the next day, retaining the note. They did not call back, but went to other banks and cashed notes to this value, totalling over £50,000. The notes were found to be spurious, and finding that Scotland Yard were upon their tracks they fled to Paris. The newspapers said that the notes were forged in such a clever manner that it would be foolish to disclose any details as to how the forgeries were committed. You remember the case—I have some recollection of it.

Even in Hong Kong and other places, as no doubt you are aware, a big gang has been forging banknotes and cheques, even deceiving the Hong Kong Bank!—There are people always doing it.

Yes, but there is one big gang. Banks don't depend on the signatures of their own officials because they don't know whether they are forged—I have never heard that. Don't you know that some corporations who deal extensively with banks send in a list of large cheques which are likely to be drawn upon their accounts every afternoon?—Yes.

That is to prevent forgery—I suppose so.

The skilled modern forger forces these great banks and corporations to adopt these precautions!—Yes. I can give you another case of a London banker who was in the habit of cashing bills of exchange for 20 years for an Italian client whom he had never seen. The bills were for very large sums. After 20 years a clerk in the office of the banker forged the client's signature on 43 bills with such skill that the banker even went to the trouble of sending letters of advice to the bank of England, stating that the bills would be presented for payment in due course, notwithstanding the fact that he had his client's genuine signature before him all the time.

(Continued on next column.)

Chow Tze Lon, J. J. Baste; City Hall, Harbot; Blue Darnay, Yam Man; Monterey Bay, Han Un; Ezatmar, K. H. Kay; Papaya, Hynes and Mackie; The Phœnix, W. E. L. Shenton; W. E. L. Shenton; False Alarm, R. M. Austin; Armory, Mrs. R. M. Austin; Mirror, Hall, Liang and Wong; Duke of Milan and Ploughman, Lau and Lee; Movinagar, D. A. Cave; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshine, Lobel; The Jungle Book, Harbot; Half Pint, Splits; Bronze Idol, Ip and Mo; Heretofore, Seth; Zephyr, Mo.

## 4.—Whitsum Plate: 1 1/4 Miles.

Imperial Hall and Town Hall, Ho Kong Tong; Grand Tattoo Eve, Eric Pickle, Hynes and Mackie; Christmas Chimes, Beith and Heald; Loch Elvive and Tangle, Dyer and Beith; Skinfaxi, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; Young Pretender and King's Falloch, Dynast; One-Third, Yam Man; Monterey Bay, Han Un.

## 5.—Lama Plate: From the Two Mile Post Once Round and In (about One Mile 155 Yards).

Rammy, James; King's Parade, Service; Alderley, Mancunian; The Sun, Chan Bik Chuen; Ezatmar, K. H. Kay; The Ape, Tester and Abraham; The Phœnix, W. E. L. Shenton; W. E. L. Shenton; False Alarm, R. M. Austin; Armory, Mrs. R. M. Austin; Mirror, Hall, Liang and Wong; Duke of Milan and Ploughman, Lau and Lee; Movinagar, D. A. Cave; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshine, Lobel; The Jungle Book, Harbot; Half Pint, Splits; Bronze Idol, Ip and Mo; Heretofore, Seth; Zephyr, Mo.

## 6.—Feng Chan Stakes: Once Round.

Sopron, Service; Mountain Air and Big Ben, S. To Wong; Ezatmar, K. H. Kay; Papaya, Hynes and Mackie; The Phœnix, W. E. L. Shenton; W. E. L. Shenton; False Alarm, R. M. Austin; Armory, Mrs. R. M. Austin; Mirror, Hall, Liang and Wong; Duke of Milan and Ploughman, Lau and Lee; Movinagar, D. A. Cave; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshine, Lobel; The Jungle Book, Harbot; Half Pint, Splits; Bronze Idol, Ip and Mo; Heretofore, Seth; Zephyr, Mo.

## 7.—Beaufort Handicap "B" Class: 1 1/4 Miles.

Blue World, Stanton and Beidy; Baster and Target; Stanton; Glory; Cheung and Ng; Tarmacadam, K. H. Kay; Mount, Elburz, K. C. Lau; Cream Cracker, Mrs. K. E. Beith; Loch Elvive, Dyer and Beith; Huntington, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; The Jamaica, Wayfoong; Duke of Normandy, II; and Duke of Milan, Lau and Lee; King's Falloch, Dynast; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshine, Lobel; Bronze Idol, Hee Cheong; Flying Stag, Chan and Rafeek; Heretofore, Seth; Zephyr, Mo.

## 8.—Beaufort Handicap "A" Class: 1 1/4 Miles.

Imperial Hall and Town Hall, Ho Kong Tong; Grand Tattoo Eve, Eric Pickle, Hynes and Mackie; Christmas Chimes, Beith and Heald; Loch Elvive and Tangle, Dyer and Beith; Skinfaxi, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; Young Pretender and King's Falloch, Dynast; One-Third, Yam Man; Monterey Bay, Han Un.

## 9.—Whitsum Plate: 1 1/4 Miles.

Imperial Hall and Town Hall, Ho Kong Tong; Grand Tattoo Eve, Eric Pickle, Hynes and Mackie; Christmas Chimes, Beith and Heald; Loch Elvive and Tangle, Dyer and Beith; Skinfaxi, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; Young Pretender and King's Falloch, Dynast; One-Third, Yam Man; Monterey Bay, Han Un.

## LAWN BOWLS.

## LAST WEEK'S UNEQUAL MATCHES.

## TO-MORROW'S FIXTURES.

Bowling science, with which so many games are won, was an absent factor when a few League teams carried out their fixtures in the conditions set by Jupiter Pluvius last Saturday. A drizzle continued throughout the afternoon, making slippery cells of woods, and grounds soaked by earlier rain upset bias to the great discomfiture of the players. Their experiences proved the wisdom of the majority who had arranged early in the day to postpone their engagements. It was unfortunate that the matches were played at all.

To-morrow's fixtures in the senior division include the meeting of the two Docks at Hung Hom, and the visit of Civil Service to Craigengower, last season's champions. Recreio make their first appearance in the higher section at Kowloon C.C. An interesting junior division match is at the Valley, where Civil Service receive Kowloon Bowling Green Club. Takoon juniors are at home to Kowloon C.C. Weather conditions at the moment are again not promising. Fixtures follow:—

Division I.  
Kowloon Docks R.C. v. Tai Koo R.C.  
Craigengower C.C. v. C.S.C.C.  
Kowloon B.G.C. v. Police R.C.  
Kowloon C.C. v. Club de Recreo.

Division II.  
C. de Recreo v. H.K. Electric R.C.  
Tai Koo R.C. v. Kowloon C.C.  
C.S.C.C. v. Kowloon B.G.C.  
R.H.Y.C. v. Craigengower C.C.

## TENNIS LEAGUE.

## TO-MORROW'S MATCHES.

The following have been selected to represent the Club de Recreo to-morrow (11th instant):—

"B" Team v. the K.C.C. (home).—L. A. Rocha, G. A. Noronha, A. V. Gosoan, A. A. Remedios, A. V. Remedios, and L. A. Ribeiro.

"C" Team v. the R.A.O.C. (home).—M. Remedios, J. L. Xavier, M. Oliveira, A. Ribeiro, H. A. Noronha, and E. A. Noronha.

time he was handling the forged bills. Later, when the forgeries were discovered, the Bank of England took action against him. If your theories are correct and your method is sure, don't you think the officials of the Bank of England would have detected the forgery and have discovered the forger?—I cannot say.

Is it possible to be deceived?—I cannot say, I suppose so. Can you, Professor Shellshear, be deceived?—I am of the opinion that if



# Money and Markets

## CANTON TRADE NOTES.

2,390 bales of nankeen were exported last month, this amount being 519 bales more than in March. In April, the largest consumer was the United States, which country took 1,160 bales; 875 went to France, 298 to Italy, 66 to Britain, while the rest were exported to Switzerland and Japan.

Quotations for shark's fin have been firm in Hong Kong, which is the distributing centre for this trade. Arrivals from Bombay have been small, while the demand from merchants on the Yangtze has been brisk. Consequently business has been fairly good, in spite of the limited demand in Canton, caused by financial crisis.

During April the amount of raw silk exported from Canton amounted to 4,528 bales, a decrease of 25 bales as compared with March. Of the total 2,300 bales went to France, 2,006 to the United States, and 20 to Britain. According to telegraphic advices from New York, transactions have been very recently, on account of scarcity of stocks.

In view of the increasing demand for silver coins and foreign currency, due to the constant fluctuation of Central Bank of China notes, considerable amounts of Kwangtung silver coins have been acquired by Hong Kong bankers to meet the call. Recently over twenty thousand dollars' worth of coins were imported here from Hong Kong.

Depreciation of Central Bank of China notes has not only considerably affected business in Canton but also in Hong Kong. Imports of vegetables, fresh-water fish, and other edibles into Hong Kong from Canton and the country districts have fallen unusually short, resulting in a rise of prices. Fresh-water fish is \$10 dearer per picul.

The lychee crop is expected to be most satisfactory this year. The fruit is raised only in Kwangtung and a few places in Fukien. Besides supplying local demands, large quantities are exported to other provinces. When the crop is plentiful, the fruit is canned or dried and exported in large quantities to meet the requirements of Chinese overseas.

Prices of rice in Wuchow have fallen after advancing considerably during the last few weeks. The Kwangsi authorities recently placed numerous orders in Hong Kong for Annamese and Siamese rice, and during last week thousands of bags of rice were imported into Wuchow. More shipments are expected to arrive in the near future, the current price of middle-grade rice being \$13 per picul.

## CANTON INSURANCE CO. PROPOSED DIVIDEND.

We are informed that the general agents and consulting committee of the Canton Insurance Office, Ltd., will, at the forthcoming meeting of shareholders to be held on Thursday, May 23, recommend a final dividend of 822 per share in respect of working account for 1927, and add the balance of \$686,668.10 to underwriting suspense account.

They will further recommend the payment of an interim dividend of \$18 per share in respect of working account for 1928, and that the balance of \$1,657,848.86 be carried forward.

## BERLIN EXCHANGE.

The stock exchange is firm with trading improving. Slight price advances were recorded especially in potash shares. The demand for foreign currency has dropped to normal. Call money stood at between 8.5 and 9.5 per cent. Frankfurt was quiet, Hamburg practically unchanged.

Berlin exchange quotations: New York 4.9175, London 20.468, Paris 18.49, Amsterdam 169.56.

## EXCHANGE RATES.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

	Rupee, May 8.
Paris	124.20
Geneva	25.19
Berlin	20.468
Oslo	18.103
Helsingfors	183
Athens	375
Buenos Aires	47 5/16
Hong Kong	1/111
New York	4.95 7/32
Amsterdam	169.56
Stockholm	13.064
Vienna	34.55
Madrid	34.051
Bucharest	81.63
Bombay	1/5 29/32
Yokohama	1/10 3/16
Brussels	34.85

(Continued at foot of next column.)

## CANTON COTTON YARN MARKET.

Prices of cotton yarn have been variable on account of the fluctuation of Canton money, and are comparatively higher. Demand has been slow, and merchants are holding their goods for firm prices. Latest quotations are as follows:

No. 8 Lion	\$220
Lion No. 2	210
Five Hou	210
No. 10 Sailing Vessel	205
Golden City	205
Peacock	205
Lotus & Bee	205
Double Lions	270
Five Lions	270
Yan Chung	295
Tai Fat	295
Tak Lee	295
Excellent Crop	270
No. 12 Golden City	310
Peacock	310
Poo Kwai	310
Poo Yee	310
Tramcar	310
Pretty Damsel	310
Acropolis	310
Tak Lee	310
Larp Ma	315
No. 18 Globe	330
Poo Kwai	330
Yan Chung	330
No. 20 Golden City	380
Globe	380
Good Harvest	350
Sin Tao	380
Hung Hay	350
Tin Koon	370
Wan Pang	340
Ng Fook	330
Blue Phoenix	350
Tramcar	330
Shepherd	340
Poo Yee	340
Three Stars	330
No. 32 Blue Phoenix	512
Tin Koon	500
Pine Tree & Deer	500
Sheung Hay	490
No. 42 Yang Hok	560
Flower & Butterfly	550
Foon Hay	550

## HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

### CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

H.K. Banks	\$1210 buy, 1315 ss.
Do., London	\$131 nom.
Chartered Banks	\$13 buy.
Mercantile Banks & C.	\$233 nom.
Do., C.	\$215 nom.
P. & O. Banks	\$294 nom.
East Asia Banks	\$294 nom.
Oversea Assurance	\$395 buy.
Union Assurance	\$368 buy.
North China Ins.	\$160 buy.
Yantai Assurance	\$150 nom.
China Underwriters	\$220 buy, 230 sel.
China Fire Insurance	\$300 buy.
H.K. Fire Ins.	\$375 nom.
Douglases	\$154 sel.
H.K. Steamboats	\$22 sel.
H.K. Lines	\$22 buy, 265 sel.
Indo-China (Pvt.)	\$45 buy.
Do., (Def.)	\$70 nom.
Shall Transport	\$77 nom.
Union Waterworks	\$22 nom.
Bengalis	\$24 buy.
Kailan Mining Admin.	\$47 buy.
Langkats (combined)	\$14 nom.
Do., (single)	\$14 nom.
S'hai Explorations	\$14 sel.
Shanghai Loans	\$14 nom.
Banks	\$6.65 nom.
Tromph Mines	\$17/8 nom.
H.K. & K. Wharves	\$121 nom.
H.K. & W. Docks	\$38 sel.
China Petroleum	\$144 buy, 151 sel.
Do., (old)	\$40 ss.
Hongkows	\$178 no-.
New Shanghai	\$14 buy.
Shanghai Docks	\$14 buy.
Ewo Cottons	\$14 buy.
Oriental Cottons	\$14 buy, 215 sel.
S'hai Cottons (old)	\$14 sel.
Do., (new)	\$14 nom.
H.K. & S. Hotels	\$31 nom.
H.K. Lands	\$32 buy.
Shanghai Lands	\$14 nom.
Humphreys Estates	\$14.35 nom.
H.K. Realities	\$3.65 nom.
H.K. Tramways	\$13.60 buy, 13 sel.
Pearl Trams (old)	\$124 buy.
Do., (new)	\$430 nom.
Star Ferries	\$58 sel.
China Light, Cam.	\$12.50 buy.
Rights	\$14 sel, 12.9 ss.
Do., Ex Right	\$13 buy.
Do., Rights	\$74 buy.
H.K. Electric	\$571 buy, 561 sel, 58 ss.
Macao Electric	\$563 nom.
Sandakan Lights	\$24 sel.
Telephones	\$7 buy, 7.10 sel.
China Buses	\$14 buy.
Singapore Trams	\$11/8 nom.
Do., (Pvt.)	\$16 buy.
China Sugars	\$1 nom.
Malayan Sugars	\$27 buy.
Canton Ice	\$1.80 buy.
Cements (combined)	\$28.10 buy, 28 ss.
Do., (old)	\$74 sel.
Do., (new)	\$74 nom.
H.K. Bop	\$85 buy.
United Asbestos	\$5 buy.
Dairy Farms	\$19 buy, 19 1/2 sel.
Watsons	\$12.20 nom.
Der A Wings	\$80 cts. buy.
Lea Crutcher	\$2 sel.
Macintosh	\$12 buy.
Sincores	\$11.50 buy.
Wm. Powells	\$3.50 nom.
H.K. Amusements	\$1 sel.
H.K. Concessions	\$1 sel.
H.K. Indus. C. Bonds	\$6 1/2 nom.
H.K. Govt. Loans	\$57 prom. buy.
buyers; sel-sellers; no-sales; nom.-nominal	
Milan	92.65
Copenhagen	18.504
Prague	163
Lisbon	108
Rio	557/64
Shanghai	2/54
Silver, spot & forward	25 5/16

## THE CHINA UNDERWRITERS.

### ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

#### PROGRESS IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION.

Mr. R. G. Shewan, presiding as Chairman at the fifth annual general meeting of China Underwriters, Ltd., held yesterday in the boardroom of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co., said that business in the life department was progressing in the right direction.

#### CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH.

The Chairman, addressing the meeting, said: As on the last occasion, we have converted all silver currency figures to Hong Kong dollars and all gold currency figures to sterling at the parities. The gold and silver figures have then been converted for convenience of reference to Hong Kong dollars at the rate ruling at December 31, 1928, namely 2/0 1/2. As the rate differs slightly from that at which the figures were combined on December 31, 1927, we have, for the sake of continuity, shown the figures brought forward at last year's rate and carried the difference to exchange account.

#### Increase in Life Premiums.

We suggested last year combining the accounts of the Marine, Fire, and Accident Departments, but on consideration feel that the figures are more informative if we continue to follow the practice of Home companies and publish them separately.

In the Life Department the premiums received during the year, after deducting Re-assurances, amounted to \$425,161, an increase of \$47,208 over the figures for 1927. Expenses show an increase of \$51,413, but the bulk of this increase represents expenses incurred in extending the scope of our operations, and will either be non-recurrent or will be represented by an increase in business.

After beating this increased expenditure the income in the department has exceeded the outgo by \$15,273, which has been written off establishment of life business account. The department is progressing in the right direction, and we have confidence in its future. The net premiums in the Marine Department amounted to \$168,890, compared with \$120,271 in 1927. The claims experience, which must necessarily be fluctuating in a small account, has been unfavourable compared with last year. After putting up reserve of \$109,814 for unexpired risks the account shows a debit to Profit and Loss of \$7,516.

#### Fire and Accident Departments.

The net premiums received from the Fire Department amounted to \$79,468 against \$81,819 in 1927. Claims at \$37,500 compare with \$44,538 last year. After setting up reserves of \$31,767 for unexpired risks the sum of \$914 was carried to the credit of Profit and Loss. From its commencement this Department has shown a small profit, and has borne a share of the executive expenses.

The net premiums received in the Accident Department amounted to \$24,979 against \$13,146 in 1927. After putting up reserves of \$10,991 for unexpired risks the account shows a credit to Profit and Loss of \$212. This is the first time the Department has shown a profit, and in view of the fact that the premium income has practically doubled for the third year in succession the Department may be said to be making satisfactory progress.

After transferring the amount referred to above to the marine reserves the debit to profit and loss is reduced by \$9,760 from \$47,243 to \$37,483.

#### Loyal Co-operation.

In conclusion I should like to place on record our appreciation of the loyal co-operation of the Branch Managers, Secretaries, Agents and Staff in our various branches. I have now the pleasure to propose the adoption of the report and accounts of the Company for the year ending December 31, 1928, as presented, and when that has been seconded I shall be pleased to answer any questions that shareholders may wish to ask.

No questions were asked, and the motion having been seconded by Mr. H. J. M. de Figueiredo, the report and accounts were adopted unanimously.

(Continued on next column.)

## BY MAIL, WIRE, AND WIRELESS.

Washington.—The Pennsylvania Railroad has completed the marking of stations and other large structures in 38 cities and villages along its lines, for guidance of air travellers. The markings consist of the name of the city or town painted in large letters upon the roofs of large buildings and, in case an airport is nearby, an arrow pointing to the airport, together with the distance to the airport expressed in miles.

Chicago.—Sam Sircelli was held to the grand jury on bonds of \$5,000 after being identified by Mrs. Mary Eckhart as the man who attempted to kidnap her child, George F. Sircelli, a father of six children, denied the charges.

Paris.—So rapid has been the work of reconstructing the devastated regions of France that Deputy Georges Antoine has introduced a bill asking that a part of the war area be segregated to serve as a permanent souvenir of the feverish days that followed the opening of hostilities in 1914. M. Antoine proposes that the segregated region be made a sort of park to which school children of the future could be taken as a means of revivifying the texts of the history textbooks of that day.

New York.—Mathieson Alkali new stock only will be sold on the New York Stock Exchange in future, it was announced. The stock was split on a basis of four shares of new for one of old.

Angora.—The Minister of Health Dr. Refik Bei has left on an extended tour of inspection. He will also go to the United States.

Arizona.—The municipal airport at Douglas, Ariz., was recently threatened with a prolonged delay of operations, when an army of pocket gophers invaded the flying field. The rodents threw up more than 2,000 mounds of earth, which made landing and taking off difficult. Three days of hard work eradicated the pest.

Berlin.—The annual report issued by the Association of German Cities says that the loan-debts of the cities had to be considerably increased during the last year on account of the very heavy burden caused by unemployment and the bad economic situation in general, although the programmes of the communities were cut down to the most urgently needed undertakings. The total long-term debt of the cities at the end of 1928 amounted to 2,800 million marks and the short-term debt to 738,470,000 marks.

Brussels.—The Senate has rejected with 68 against 14 votes the bill granting women the franchise in the provincial elections.

Dublin.—Two armed men in broad daylight held up the Tipperary branch of the Bank of Ireland and got away with £17,000. They escaped in a motor car. Two arrests have been made.

Constantinople.—Leon Trotsky will shortly publish a book bearing the title "L'Union" and describing his own co-operation with Lenin in contrast with his conflict with Stalin.

Shanghai.—Three American sailors suffered minor injuries and the Moon Palace cabaret was thrown into an uproar when French soldiers and American navy men engaged in a free-for-all argument over a dancing partner. The American sailors were severely beaten by their French antagonists, one of them nearly losing a finger and another receiving lacerations on one leg. A third sailor suffered a scalp wound. The extent of injuries to the French soldiers has not been determined.

Panama.—Five of eight American soldiers who "for a lark" left camp without permission for a canoe excursion are missing. They paddled on a lake infested by alligators and the canoe capsized. Three were ultimately rescued on the verge of exhaustion after clinging to overhanging trees for eleven hours. It is believed that the alligators devoured their comrades.

#### Other Business.

The other business before the meeting was the re-election of Messrs. C. A. da Rosa and Mok Ching Kong to the Board of Directors, which was carried unanimously on the proposal of Mr. L. C. F. Bellamy, seconded by Mr. J. F. Wright (Jr.).

Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews, chartered accountants, and Messrs. Percy Smith, Seth & Fleming, incorporated accountants, were re-elected auditors at a remuneration of \$750 per annum each, on the proposal of Mr. L. C. F. Bellamy, seconded by Mr. Wong Oi Kuei.

Those present at the meeting were: Mr. R. G. Shewan (Chairman), Messrs. Allen Cameron, Lo Tse Fong, C. P. Marcel, C. A. da Rosa, Mok Ching Kong, Tsang Foo, and A. R. Botelho (directors), Mr. E. R. Child, A.I.A. (assistant secretary), and the following shareholders: Messrs. Allen Keith, J. W. Shewan, A. L. Shields, L. S. Greenhill, L. C. F. Bellamy, J. F. Wright (Jr.), Wong Oi Kuei, H. L. M. Figueiredo, M. A. Figueiredo, F. J. Tavares, J. Toppin, A. A. Botelho, and A. H. Rumjahn.

## "THE CROWD."

### PICTURE OF AMERICAN INDUSTRIALISM.

#### ELEANOR BOARDMAN AT THE QUEEN'S.

[BY OUR FILM CRITIC.]

"The Crowd," King Vidor's latest production has been promised to Hong Kong audiences for a very long time. To me, at least, the fulfilment of that promise brought disappointment.

Vidor has based his picture not on a story but on an idea—that idea expressed by the verses:—  
"Laugh and the world laughs with you,  
Weep and you weep alone,  
For the sad old earth must borrow its mirth  
But has sorrow enough of its own."

It would appear that to build a film round an idea is far harder than to make one round a story, and other directors have found this out before Mr. Vidor.

The director has taken the life of a young couple who have to work for their rather scanty living, as the examples to point his moral that "The Crowd" is indifferent to the sorrows of individuals although ready enough to share their joys.

Eleanor Boardman is the wife and James Murray the husband to whom all sorts of misfortunes have to come to point the director's moral. From the very first you are shown them quarrelling, not because they are naturally bad tempered, but because the industrial conditions under which they have to live are a constant and impossible irritation. Then a child is born to bring them together, according to the best canons of film sentiment, and two years later, when they have begun quarrelling again, another. This second link is born to be snapped in a quite unnecessarily realistic manner under the wheels of a lorry. "The Crowd" remains as indifferent to this tragedy as they were to the bickering which preceded it.

Two more blows are to follow. The young husband, distracted with grief, cannot do his work properly and loses his job. After months of unemployment—and domestic scrapping—the wife is persuaded by her family to leave him. Mercifully just before the close of the curtain Mr. Vidor allows us to see his hero and heroine reunited, the wife having repented at the last moment of her decision to "go home to mother," and laughing—with "the crowd"—at the antics of a clown on a music hall stage. Vidor has done better, and I hope this will be his last experiment off the beaten track.

Eleanor Boardman acts well, but why is she never allowed to be a happy wife? Even her husband (Vidor) condemns her to constant tears!

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## SYNTHETIC WOOL.

MADE FROM WASTE FIBRE.

UNITED STATES INTERESTED.

(British United Press.)

An artificial wool, manufactured from a waste vegetable fibre and sold at one-third the price of real wool, is soon to make its appearance in America, according to Messrs. Lewis and Marks, a British firm who hold the patent rights on the process.

Mr. Theodore Marks, partner in the firm, told the United Press that, in the past, American textile men have scoffed at the idea of producing a cheap artificial wool that could be dyed and washed without injury.

"But we have done it," he declared, "and even the strong-headed spinners and weavers of Yorkshire are now using large quantities of our artificial wool. Now that we have got the local market convinced we are going to get America interested. With a modern plant in the United States, our new wool could be turned out even more cheaply than here."

## A French Formula.

The new artificial wool is known as N.T. and is manufactured from a formula discovered by a Frenchman, M. Vaillet. The British firm bought up the rights in the process last year and at the present time they have two factories operating in France. One plant is at Beauvais and the other at Pont-Au-Neuf, and according to Mr. Marks both are working at maximum capacity to supply the demand in France and in England. Plans are under way for a new and larger factory in France which will be followed by the erection of a plant in England. Samples of the N.T. wool were shown a representative of the United Press, and comparisons were made with the genuine product. It was demonstrated that the N.T. wool dyes and washes equally as well as pure wool, and that its fibre strength is the same. It is further claimed that there is no shrinkage from washing, nor does the material harden.

The new product, however, is not used alone but is mixed with real wool up to twenty-five per cent. According to Mr. Marks, if sixty-six per cent. N.T. is mixed with thirty-three per cent. real wool and made into a blanket, the cost of manufacture is cut down by two-thirds.

## For Making Blankets.

The manufacturer using a large percentage of artificial wool may pass this saving along to the public by reducing the retail price of his finished product. A great number of uses have been found for the new textile, chief of which are in the making of blankets, felt padding, carpets, lining for boots, low grade cloth, curtains, felt slippers, cheap felt hats, and motor-car upholstery.

Twenty Yorkshire mills are testing and using N.T., often in 50-50 proportions, and have found the mixed yarn suitable for making carpets, suitings and blankets. At first, the British concern had great difficulty in convincing the home trade of the quality and cheapness of their product. Their sales, starting with a first order of about \$5, have increased until their shipments now run into the thousands of dollars.

France was the first to buy the product and use it. Now that English manufacturers are purchasing it, the firm of Lewis and Marks intends to concentrate on getting the United States' markets.

## THE SUBCONSCIOUS MIND.

ELECTRICAL PSYCHO-ANALYSIS.

(British United Press.)

Psycho-analysis by electricity, as a method of reading the subconscious mind with mathematical accuracy, is proposed by Dr. Foveau de Courmelles, writing in the *Revue de Psychologie Appliquée*. Dr. de Courmelles in fact describes the departure as "mathematical psychoanalysis."

The writer would base this new research on the frequently observed fact that emotional reactions of patients receiving electrical treatment register on the galvanometer. Dr. Gelma, the Strasbourg psychiatrist, has even laid down the rule that any appreciable emotional reaction of a patient crossed by an electric current will show on the galvanometer.

## Galvanic Reflex.

"He has called this reaction—the psycho-galvanic reflex. Medical observers have seen words, thoughts, pictures, individuals cause the needle to move, indicating a definite reaction. One doctor tells of a farmer whose galvanometer swung twenty-three points upon hearing a piano in the next room play the Lorraine March."

(Continued on next Column).

## GERMANY'S LUXURY TAXES.

ONE-FIFTH OF THE NATIONAL INCOME.

MAMMOTH HOTEL BILLS.

(British United Press.)

Approximately fourteen billion marks is paid out by the German public every year for its hotel service, its theatre and cinema tickets, its cabaret and dance hall patronage, and its restaurant meals.

While the financial editor of the *Vossische Zeitung*, who made this estimate, asserted that the amount is roughly one-fifth of the total national income, he also was at pains to point out that the items contributing to this rather imposing sum must not be considered as luxuries in the strict sense of the word. He contended, for example, that the post-war housing shortage makes it imperative for more and more German people to "eat out."

Another pertinent point set forth in his survey was that these vast expenditures support an industry of no mean proportions, while they also lend a helping hand to other industries, thus helping to keep down unemployment and providing a boon to business in general.

## Helping Other Industries.

This hotel-theatre-restaurant industry has on its payroll more than 750,000 persons, which is more than has either the mining or electrical groups; and these employees receive in wages about a billion marks annually. Measured according to the value of its yearly business it stands fourth among Germany's industries, being outranked only by commerce, clothing and food. Moreover, it carries 40 per cent. of the unusually heavy German luxury tax burden.

Far and away the largest branch of this industry is that including the hotels, of which there are more than 5,000 in the Republic. It is the largest in the sense that its annual income, almost 12,000,000,000 marks, is approximately 85 per cent. of the total. Moreover, these hotels, which have about 180,000 beds and a total capital investment of somewhere near 1,500,000,000 marks, give employment to 80,000 persons.

Next in line comes the group embracing the variety houses, cabarets, dance palaces and "movies" which have vaudeville acts on their programmes. Such places take in a total of two and a half billion marks every year which is about 250 per cent. more than the gross income of the whole German automobile industry.

## 10,000 Coffee Houses.

Not quite half of this sum is paid out in salaries to musicians, actors, stage hands and waiters—who together with the other help number about 236,000—and these people in turn spend their salaries on life's necessities and thereby, according to the financial writer, in no small way stimulate trade conditions.

He also demonstrated that the food, drink, furniture and other industries profit by the patronage the cabarets and vaudeville houses receive.

Close behind are the ten thousand coffee houses, employing 35,000 people and receiving annual revenues totalling between 750,000,000 and a billion marks. The five thousand motion picture houses, which have about 1,750,000 seats and employ 40,000 people, including 17,000 musicians, have a yearly income of only a quarter of a billion marks.

Despite their predilection for the spoken drama the German people pay out only 300,000,000 marks every 13 months for theatre tickets. Albeit, only 81 of the 243 German legitimate theatres are operated without government subsidies so that the public does in fact pay more than this sum for its dramatic entertainment.

No definite estimate can be made of the exact total of these subsidies because they vary greatly from year to year.

Dr. de Courmelles has verified these facts and in several instances has followed the observation of a wide swing of the galvanometer with questions and has succeeded in accomplishing more in the reading of the patients' subconscious mind in a few minutes than ordinarily he would have been able to accomplish in weeks.

"Shall we eventually measure electrically our inner reflexes?" he asks. "Or our intimate feelings? And overcome the obstinacy of some individuals by mathematical psychoanalysis? It is possible, even probable, that the patient will have to be electrified."

Dr. de Courmelles suggests that the new research may have practical value in testing qualifications of applicants for aviation and other professions requiring special gifts. He thinks it will be possible to reduce all psychological investigation to a mathematical basis by means of the galvanometer.

## HONG KONG VOLUNTEER DEFENCE CORPS.

(ORDERS BY LT.-COL. L. G. BIRD, D.S.O., O.B.E., COMMANDANT.)

No. 10/20.

1.—King's Birthday Parade. All ranks of the Corps are reminded of the King's Birthday Parade which will take place on the Cricket Ground during the forenoon of June 3, 1929. H.E. the G.O.C. has expressed his special wish for a full turn out of the Corps and the Commandant asks all to keep the date free.

2.—Sergeants' Mess Meeting. There will be a meeting of the Sergeants' Mess at 6 p.m. on Thursday, May 16, 1929. It is particularly requested that all members will attend as there are several important items on the agenda for discussion.

3.—Corps Band. The Band will parade on Tuesday, May 14, at 5.30 p.m. at Corps Headquarters for Band Practice in multi—a full attendance is necessary.

4.—Mounted Infantry Company. Thursday, May 16. All ranks will parade at Race Course at 5.30 p.m. for Mounted Drill. Dress: Multi.

5.—Armoured Car Company. CAR SECTION. Monday, May 13, 1929. Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. for passing for Machine Gun Standard-Tests. Cards can be drawn at Corps Headquarters by those not in possession.

6.—Motor Cycle Section. Monday, May 13, 1929. Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. for Machine Gun Instruction. Dress: Multi.

7.—Machine Gun Company. There will be no further Company Parades until further notice.

8.—Scottish Company. Weekly parades will be discontinued until further notice. All ranks are reminded that rifles and bayonets must be kept at Corps Headquarters or in the Armoury at Platoon Headquarters. No arms are to be kept by individuals at their homes.

9.—Pipe Band. Weekly practices will take place at Corps Headquarters each Wednesday at 5.30 p.m. Pipe-Major Mackie will make arrangements to advise the members of the Band of any change in this order.

10.—N.C.O.'s Class. All N.C.O.'s are expected to take advantage of the Classes to be held at Corps Headquarters during the Summer months, on the first and third Fridays in each month.

The next Class will be held at Corps Headquarters on Friday, May 17, at 6.30 p.m. for Lewis Gun Instruction and training.

11.—Strength. The following recruit has been taken on the strength and posted as under:—

No. 1475 Bandsman R. A. Crespo, Corps Band, as from May 3, 1929.

12.—Transfers. 2/Lieut. A. C. Groves to the Reserve of Officers, as from March 31, 1929.

No. 1002 Pte. H. Birkett, from M.I. Co. to the Reserve Co., as from May 10, 1929.

13.—Reversions. The following are permitted to revert to the ranks at their own request, as from May 10, 1929:—

No. 1179 L/Cpl. L. Gardner, No. 9 Platoon.

No. 1129 L/Cpl. E. A. Noronha, No. 11 Platoon.

14.—Leave. Lieut. C. Peake Anderson, M.C. Battery, from May 15 to December 15, 1929.

No. 787 Sergt. E. D. Labrousse, Car Section, from June 1 to December 31, 1929.

No. 545 Spr. W. L. Walker, Engineer Co., from November 23, 1928, to March 21, 1929.

No. 462 Sergt. C. D. Easterbrook, Corps Signals, as from 15.11.28.

15.—Struck Off the Strength. Having left the Colony:—

No. 1097 L/Cpl. T. W. Southam, Car Section, as from March 31, 1929.

No. 976 Pte. J. H. Sutcliffe, Car Section, as from March 31, 1929.

No. 1044 Pte. E. T. S. Zimmern, Car Section, as from October 31, 1928.

No. 1039 Pte. S. M. Garrard, Machine Gun Section, as from February 24, 1929.

No. 1108 Pte. H. E. Orr, Machine Gun Co., as from December 31, 1928.

No. 1311 Pte. W. F. Leckie, No. 7 Platoon, as from April 25, 1929.

No. 1238 Bandsman J. A. Souza, Corps Band, as from February 15, 1929.

R. A. Wolz MURRAY, Major, Adjutant, H.K.V.D.O. Hong Kong, May 10, 1929. (Continued on next Column).

## "ARE LIBRARIES DOING THEIR JOB?"

LIBRARIAN'S CRITICISM.

OPPORTUNITIES BEING LOST.

"Are libraries doing their job?" was the question Mr. C. R. Sanderson, librarian of the National Liberal Club, set out to answer at a meeting of librarians held at the London School Economics. The answer was disappointing. Mr. Sanderson is not satisfied with what the libraries up and down the country are doing for the children. "If we are not doing our best for the children, if we starve them mentally," he said, "we are guilty of callous and criminal neglect. As librarians, we are in a position to say to them, 'Come to us for your reading,' but taking the country broadly, what do they get? A few juggling tricks with books and a certain amount of shop-window dressing. Are those libraries doing their job?"

For the specialist reader, Mr. Sanderson said, almost anything could be obtained in London, but the average student who was trying to make his way through a special subject, had a great struggle to secure the text books he needed. Two or three shelves of books would suffice for the average student studying for a university degree, but the urgent need for those shelves was in danger of being forgotten by the libraries in their craze for special staff. By failing to make the fullest provision for the average student, the libraries were losing their opportunity and increasing the difficulty of his task.

Thoughts on the War. Then Mr. Sanderson spoke of the change of thought in regard to such subjects as the Great War. Documents available since the war had proved that we did not go to war for "a scrap of paper," and that the idea of the Germans as a nation whose brutality could be illustrated by stories about corpse factories was false. The popular mind must be swung over to take an entirely different standpoint from that of 1914. Were the libraries helping the public to understand the facts?

Commercial and technical libraries could contribute enormously to the efficiency of our times, but it was also the function of a library to liberate the intelligence of the man in the street.

"This is a restless, dissatisfied age," Mr. Sanderson said, "but progress always comes after a period of dissatisfaction, and our job is not merely to take the best out of what is offered to us, but to go out and look for the great and then exploit it. I don't care what it is—poetry, drama, 'Undertones of War,' The Case of Sergeant Grischka, or Eugene O'Neill's work. How many libraries are circulating O'Neill's 'Hairy Ape'?" Because it uses the words 'Christ' and 'bloody,' it has been put out of library after library.

Mr. Sanderson's point was that when a man was arriving at a solution of very difficult problems, he only reached it by reading about hundreds of things that were miles away from his problem. His mind needed the stimulus that came from contact with sincere and living minds, working on their own problems of life.

The speaker did not wish to discuss the censorship, but he suggested that the Library Association should have a definite opinion about it. They should not shrink because of its difficulty. Were they facing up to other problems? Were they writing on prejudices or on ideals? "When I ask, 'Are the libraries doing their job?' Mr. Sanderson concluded, 'I mean also, 'Are the librarians doing their job?'"

NOTICES.

1.—Smoking Concert and Dinner. Friday, May 10.

The Annual Corps Smoking Concert and distribution of Corps Trophies and Musketry prizes will take place at Volunteer Headquarters to-night, Friday, 10.

Major-General J. W. Sandilands, O.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., has kindly consented to present the prizes. Tickets for the dinner will only cost 1s to include drinks at the Officers' Mess. The Sergeants' Mess, The Canten, The boys of these institutions have instructions to accept cash only. O.C. Units will arrange for tickets for unit guests. Time: 8 p.m.

Dress: Uniform optional but all prize winners are requested to attend in uniform. Forage cap, khaki jacket, medal ribbons, belt and slacks. Scottish as ordered.

The Machine Gun Company Rifle Club will hold their next meeting at the Peak Range on Sunday, May 19, 1929, at 9.30 a.m. to compete for Company Commander's Cup.

## TRAGEDY ABOARD GLEN LINE STEAMER.

A FATAL EXPLOSION.

[THROUGH RAUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, May 9. The 4th engineer, Mr. Kakle, a New Zealander, was fatally injured this morning as a result of an explosion in the boiler-room of the Glen Line s.s. Carnarvonshire, which was making preparations to sail for Vladivostok. Sailing has been delayed till tomorrow.

## COURT USHER ATTACKED.

WOMAN'S GRIEVANCE ABOUT A LOAN.

A violent attack on Mr. Young War Tong, usher at the Kowloon Magistracy, yesterday by a Chinese woman, suspected to be slightly demented, led to her appearance before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith.

The defendant accused complainant of owing her \$80, and declared it was he who first struck her.

Mr. Young said that as he was leaving the Magistracy defendant caught hold of his right hand and bit it. She then commenced to strike him, and accused him owing her \$80.

In answer to the Magistrate, witness denied there was any truth in the allegation made by the woman. Evidence was also given by Detective-Inspector Fallon, who said that he investigated the matter, but could find no truth in her statement.

Defendant continually interrupted the proceedings by mumbling accusations against the complainant, and demanding that he should go to the Joss House and swear his denials. The Magistrate remarked that he had witnessed part of the attack and was convinced that defendant was the aggressor. He had once sent her to the asylum, thinking that she was demented, but the authorities declared her to be sane. He must therefore treat her as a sane person, and would impose a fine of \$10 or 14 days' hard labour. She was also to sign a bond of \$50 for a period of six months to keep the peace.

With regard to her allegations, the Magistrate said that nothing could be done, as the police had investigated her case and could do nothing for her.

## MARINE LIEUTENANT INJURED.

RIFLE GOES OFF DURING SHOOTING EXPEDITION.

As a result of an unfortunate accident Lieut. W. G. Boobyer, a marine officer attached to H.M.S. Castor, and a Chinese boy are in the International Hospital, Hankow, with gunshot wounds.

The incident occurred at the back of the Race Club. Lieutenants Boobyer, Walker, Ashley, Junior and Gunner Smart, of H.M.S. Castor, were out on a shooting expedition when one of the guns went off and the pellets struck Lieut. Boobyer and the Chinese boy, who was detailed to carry the bag. They were immediately rushed off to hospital in a car. On examination Lieut. Boobyer was found with wounds on his forearms, left thigh and one under the right eye, while the boy had one in the abdomen and left arm. The wounds are not serious.

## PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

The following passengers arrived Hong Kong by the s.s. Delta from Bombay on May 9:—Lieut. Comdr. Bullock, Mr. J. Burgoyne, Mr. N. Colbride, Mr. E. B. Colesworth, Lieut. P. C. Deverell, Mr. W. B. Dunbar, Mrs. E. Erwin, Miss Barrow, Mr. F. Finer, Mr. Gibson, Mr. H. R. Hobling, Mr. Keong Fook Keon, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Monckton, Miss J. Monckton, Master Monckton, Sir Alex. McCormick, Lady McCormick, Miss McCormick, Mr. C. M. Piper, Mr. and Mrs. Pratt, Miss C. B. Robinson, Miss A. F. Randle, Mr. J. A. Rennie, Mr. A. K. Rickets, Mr. D. Rhoden, Mr. R. Rhoden, Mr. B. Sidgwick, Mr. H. Straycken, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Scott, Mr. W. Satterley, Mr. S. Schofield, Mr. L. A. Thomas, Mrs. Thomas, Mr. W. D. Walker, Mr. W. L. Wedleigh, Mr. H. J. Wooley.

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Pres. Cleveland, Tues., June 18. Pres. Lincoln, Tues., June 11  
Pres. Pierce, Tues., July 2. Pres. Madison, Tues., June 25

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Pres. Adams, Sun., June 18. Pres. Monroe, Sun., July 23, 8 a.m.

## To Manila

Pres. McKinley, May 11, 8 p.m. Pres. Lincoln, June 4, 6 p.m.  
Pres. Jefferson, May 21, 6 p.m. Pres. Cleveland, June 8, 6 p.m.  
Pres. Grant, May 25, 6 p.m. Pres. Madison, July 18, 6 p.m.

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Goods not cleared within 8 days including date of arrival will be subject to Rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignee, and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on Mondays and Thursdays, within the Free Storage period.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before 29th May, 1929, or they will not be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents. Hong Kong, 9th May, 1929. [7764]

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

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Goods not cleared within 7 days including date of arrival, will be subject to Rent.

All Claims must be sent to the Underwriter before Thursday, the 10th May, 1929, or they will not be recognized.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignee, and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on Monday, the 13th May, 1929.

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No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

L. LEDOS, Agent. Hong Kong, 7th May, 1929. [7761]

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## ALEXANDRIA.

Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.

## AMOI.

Haiyang, Douglas, May 10.  
Hupoh, B. & S., May 10.  
Anking, B. & S., May 12.  
Taima, B.I., May 12.  
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., May 13.  
Haiching, Douglas, May 14.  
Soochow, B. & S., May 14.  
Suisang, Jardine's, May 14.  
Haining, Douglas, May 17.  
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., May 18.  
Kingsuan, B. & S., May 19.  
Shantung, B. & S., May 21.  
Yensang, Jardine's, May 21.  
Tjitaroom, J.C.J.L., June 1.  
Tjisorra, J.C.J.L., June 3.  
Santia, B.I., June 5.

## ANTWERP.

Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., May 18.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.

## AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., May 22.  
Tanda, E. & A., May 31.

## BALTIC PORTS.

Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Nanking, Gilman's, May 18.  
Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.

## BALTIMORE.

City of Lille, Bank, May 10.  
Rhexenor, B.F., May 10.  
Comliebank, Bank, May 27.  
Neleus, B.F., June 5.

## BANGKOK.

Kwangchow, B. & S., May 12.  
Kwangchow, B. & S., May 19.  
Kwangchow, B. & S., May 22.

## BELAWAN DEIL.

Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
Van Heuts, J.C.J.L., May 23.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.

## BOMBAY.

Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Mores, P. & O., May 23.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., May 28.

## BOSTON.

City of Lille, Bank, May 10.  
Tsuyma Maru, N.Y.K., May 12.  
Rhexenor, B.F., May 10.  
Royal Prince, Furness, May 10.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Comliebank, Bank, May 27.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.  
Neleus, B.F., June 5.  
Imperial Prince, Furness, June 6.

## BREMER.

Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.

## BRINDISI.

Rosandra, Dodwell's, May 18.  
Romolo, Dodwell's, May 28.

## CALCUTTA.

Takada, B.I., May 12.  
Nagano Maru, N.Y.K., May 13.  
Hosang, Jardine's, May 17.  
Talamba, B.I., May 21.  
Namsang, Jardine's, May 22.  
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Taima, B.I., June 9.

## CEBU.

Golden Sun, States S.S., May 16.  
Iowa, States S.S., May 19.  
Tacoma, States S.S., June 3.

## CHEFOO.

Kueichow, B. & S., May 15.  
Huichow, B. & S., May 23.  
Sarpedon, B.F., May 31.

## COLOMBO.

Toyoaka Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.  
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Kalyan, P. & O., May 11.  
Ruh, Jeben, May 11.  
Hector, B.F., May 15.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., May 18.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
D'Artagnan, M.M., May 21.  
Vogtland, Jeben, May 21.  
Mores, P. & O., May 23.  
Rosandra, D'well's, May 25.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., May 28.  
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 29.  
Duisburg, Jeben, June 1.

## COPENHAGEN.

Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Nanking, Gilman's, May 18.  
Delhi, Gilman's, June 5.

## DALNY.

Sauerland, Jeben, May 13.  
Main, Melchers, May 17.  
Yingchow, B. & S., May 19.  
Sarpedon, B. & S., May 31.  
Trier, Melchers, June 5.

## DUTCH PORTS.

Ruhr, Jeben, May 11.  
Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Hector, B.F., May 15.  
Nanking, Gilman's, May 18.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., May 18.  
Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
Vogtland, Jeben, May 21.  
Diomed, B.F., May 23.  
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 29.  
Duisburg, Jeben, June 1.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.  
Delhi, Gilman's, June 5.  
City of Glasgow, Bank, June 10.

## LOS ANGELES.

Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., May 21.  
Rokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 21.  
Golden Dragon, S.S.S., May 25.  
Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., June 4.

## FOOCHOW.

Haiyang, Douglas, May 10.  
Haiching, Douglas, May 14.  
Haining, Douglas, May 17.

## GENOA.

Ruhr, Jeben, May 11.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
Vogtland, Jeben, May 21.  
Toyoaka Maru, N.Y.K., May 22.  
Duisburg, Jeben, June 1.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.  
Glaucus, B.F., June 3.

## GLASGOW.

Hector, B.F., May 15.  
Glaucus, B.F., June 3.

## GOTENBURG.

Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Nanking, Gilman's, May 18.  
Delhi, Gilman's, June 5.

## HAIPHONG AND HOHONG.

Canton, M.M., May 10.  
Teau, B. & S., May 12.  
Tonkin, M.M., May 21.  
Kwangchow, B. & S., May 22.  
Linnah, B. & S., May 23.

## HAMBURG.

Ruhr, Jeben, May 11.  
Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Nanking, Gilman's, May 18.  
Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
Vogtland, Jeben, May 21.  
Diomed, B.F., May 23.  
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 29.  
Duisburg, Jeben, June 1.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.  
Delhi, Gilman's, June 5.  
City of Glasgow, Bank, June 10.

## HAYRE.

Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Glaucus, B.F., June 3.

## HONOLULU.

Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.  
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 21.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., May 21.  
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 29.  
Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Pres. Grant, Dollar, June 4.

## ILOILO.

Golden Sun, States S.S., May 16.  
Iowa, States S.S., May 19.  
Tacoma, States S.S., June 3.

## JAPAN PORTS.

Lycan, B.F., May 10.  
Tsuyma Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.  
Taima, B.I., May 12.  
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., May 13.  
Sauerland, Jeben, May 13.  
Fiume, Dodwell's, May 14.  
Glenferr, Jardine's, May 14.  
Kamakura Maru, N.Y.K., May 14.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, May 15.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., May 15.  
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.  
Main, Melchers, May 17.  
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.  
Canton, Gilman's, May 19.  
Medon, B.F., May 19.  
Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 20.  
Angers, M.M., May 21.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., May 21.  
Tilawa, B.I., May 23.  
Siam, Mannere, May 23.  
Venezia, Dodwell's, May 23.  
Tydenus, B.F., May 23.  
Gurna, P. & O., May 24.  
Rajputana, P. & O., May 24.  
Medon, B.F., May 24.  
Antiochus, B.F., May 28.  
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., May 28.  
Oldenburg, Jeben, May 29.  
Quarrington Court, Jar., May 29.  
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 29.  
Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Tyndareus, B.F., June 1.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., June 5.  
Santia, B.I., June 5.  
Machao, B.F., June 5.  
Sauerland, Jeben, June 10.  
Nippon, Dodwell's, June 11.

## JAVA PORTS.

Tjondari, J.C.J.L., May 15.  
Tjikini, J.C.J.L., May 22.  
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., May 25.  
Tjitarang, J.C.J.L., June 5.  
Tjimanok, J.C.J.L., June 5.

## LIVERPOOL.

Toyoaka Maru, N.Y.K., May 22.  
Glaucus, B.F., June 3.

## LONDON.

Kalyan, P. & O., May 11.  
Hector, B.F., May 15.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., May 18.  
Mores, P. & O., May 23.  
Diomed, B.F., May 23.  
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 29.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.  
Delta, P. & O., June 8.  
City of Glasgow, Bank, June 10.

## LOS ANGELES.

Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., May 21.  
Rokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 21.  
Golden Dragon, S.S.S., May 25.  
Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., June 4.

## MANILA.

Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., May 11.  
Ruh, Jeben, May 11.  
Taiping, B. & S., May 11.  
Tjondari, J.C.J.L., May 15.  
Golden Sun, States S.S., May 16.  
Iowa, States S.S., May 19.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., May 21.  
Vogtland, Jeben, May 21.  
Raga Maru, N.Y.K., May 22.  
Tjikini, J.C.J.L., May 22.  
Pres. Grant, Dollar, May 23.  
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., May 25.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., May 28.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.  
Duisburg, Jeben, June 1.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.  
Tacoma, States S.S., June 3.  
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, June 4.  
Neleus, B.F., June 5.  
Tjitarang, J.C.J.L., June 5.  
Tjimanok, J.C.J.L., June 5.

## MARSEILLES.

Kalyan, P. & O., May 11.  
Hector, B.F., May 15.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., May 18.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
D'Artagnan, M.M., May 21.  
Toyoaka Maru, N.Y.K., May 21.  
Vogtland, Jeben, May 21.  
Mores, P. & O., May 23.  
Diomed, B.F., May 23.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.  
Sphinx, M.M., June 4.  
Delta, P. & O., June 8.  
City of Glasgow, Bank, June 10.

## NAPLES.

Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.

## NEWUWANG.

Yingchow, B. & S., May 19.  
City of Lille, Bank, May 10.  
Rhexenor, B.F., May 10.  
Royal Prince, Furness, May 10.  
Tsuyma Maru, N.Y.K., May 12.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Comliebank, Bank, May 27.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.  
Neleus, B.F., June 5.  
Imperial Prince, Furness, June 6.

## NORTH CHINA.

Sauerland, Jeben, May 13.  
Main, Melchers, May 17.  
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., May 18.  
Sarpedon, B.F., May 31.  
Tjitaroom, J.C.J.L., June 1.  
Trier, Melchers, June 5.

## ORAN.

Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.  
Nanking, Gilman's, May 18.  
Delhi, Gilman's, June 5.

## PANAMA.

Tsuyma Maru, N.Y.K., May 12.  
Rokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 21.  
Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.

## PENANG.

Kalyan, P. & O., May 11.  
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Takada, B.I., May 12.  
Nagano Maru, N.Y.K., May 13.  
Hosang, Jardine's, May 17.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., May 18.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Talamba, B.I., May 21.  
Namsang, Jardine's, May 22.  
Van Heuts, J.C.J.L., May 23.  
Mores, P. & O., May 23.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., May 28.  
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Duisburg, Jeben, June 1.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.  
Taima, B.I., June 9.

## PLYMOUTH.

Mores, P. & O., May 23.

## PORTLAND.

Peinylvania, States S.S., May 13.

## RANGOON.

Nagano Maru, N.Y.K., May 13.  
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.

## SAIGON.

Golden Sun, States S.S., May 16.  
D'Artagnan, M.M., May 21.  
Sphinx, M.M., June 4.

## SANDAKAN.

Mausang, Jardine's, May 24.  
Tanda, E. & A., May 31.  
Hinsang, Jardine's, June 4.

## SAN FRANCISCO.

Everett, States S.S., May 11.  
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.  
Pennsylvania, States S.S., May 18.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., May 21.  
Golden Dragon, S.S.S., May 25.  
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 29.  
Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., June 4.

## SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Nanking, Gilman's, May 18.  
Delhi, Gilman's, June 5.

## SEATTLE.

Everett, States S.S., May 11.  
Ixion, B.F., May 11.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, May 14.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., May 15.  
Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 29.  
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., May 29.  
Tyndareus, B.F., June 1.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., June 5.

## SHANGHAI.

Hupoh, B. & S., May 10.  
Lyon, B.F., May 10.  
Tsuyma Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Lushan Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Chakung, Jardine's, May 12.  
Sinkiang, B. & S., May 12.  
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., May 13.  
Sauerland, Jeben, May 13.

## SHANGHAI—(Continued).

Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., May 13.  
Fiume, Dodwell's, May 14.  
Glenferr, Jardine's, May 14.  
Kamakura Maru, N.Y.K., May 14.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, May 15.  
Soochow, B. & S., May 15.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., May 15.  
Kwangang, Jardine's, May 15.  
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.  
Chenab, B. & S., May 15.  
Main, Melchers, May 17.  
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.  
Canton, Gilman's, May 19.  
Kwaisang, Jardine's, May 19.  
Medon, B.F., May 19.  
Ninghai, B. & S., May 19.  
Yingchow, B. & S., May 19.  
Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 20.  
Siam, Mannere, May 20.  
Angers, M.M., May 21.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., May 21.  
Shantung, B. & S., May 21.  
Sunghuan, N.Y.K., May 21.  
Hopsang, Jardine's, May 22.  
Siam, Mannere, May 22.  
Teau, B. & S., May 23.  
Tydenus, B.F., May 23.  
Venezia, Dodwell's, May 23.  
Gurna, P. & O., May 24.  
Rajputana, P. & O., May 24.  
Medon, B.F., May 24.  
Antiochus, B.F., May 28.  
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., May 28.  
Oldenburg, Jeben, May 29.  
Quarrington Court, Jar., May 29.  
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 29.  
Sarpedon, B. & S., May 31.  
General Mettinger, M.M., June 4.  
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., June 4.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., June 5.  
Trier, Melchers, June 5.  
Machao, B.F., June 5.  
Sauerland, Jeben, June 10.  
Nippon, Dodwell's, June 11.

## SINGAPORE.

Toyoaka Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.  
Kalyan, P. & O., May 11.  
Ruh, Jeben, May 11.  
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Anking, B. & S., May 12.  
Takada, B.I., May 12.  
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., May 13.  
Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Hector, B.F., May 15.  
Hosang, Jardine's, May 17.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., May 18.  
Kingsuan, B. & S., May 19.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
D'Artagnan, M.M., May 21.  
Talamba, B.I., May 21.  
Vogtland, Jeben, May 21.  
Kwangchow, B. & S., May 22.  
Namsang, Jardine's, May 22.  
Van Heuts, J.C.J.L., May 23.  
Mores, P. & O., May 23.  
Diomed, B.F., May 23.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., May 28.  
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 29.  
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Duisburg, Jeben, June 1.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.  
Glaucus, B.F., June 3.  
Sphinx, M.M., June 4.  
Wakao Maru, N.Y.K., June 7.  
Delta, P. & O., June 8.  
Taima, B.I., June 9.

## SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

Wakao Maru, N.Y.K., June 7.

## SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Wakao Maru, N.Y.K., June 7.

## SWATOW.

Haiyang, Douglas, May 10.  
Anking, B. & S., May 12.  
Chakang, Jardine's, May 12.  
Kaying, B. & S., May 12.  
Sinkiang, B. & S., May 12.  
Haiching, Douglas, May 14.  
Kwangang, Jardine's, May 15.  
Chenab, B. & S., May 16.  
Haining, Douglas, May 17.  
Kingsuan, B. & S., May 19.  
Kwaisang, Jardine's, May 19.  
Ninghai, B. & S., May 19.  
Kwangchow, B. & S., May 19.  
Hopsang, Jardine's, May 22.  
Teau, B. & S., May 23.

## TAKAO.

Sauerland, Jeben, May 17.  
Sarpedon, B.F., May 31.

## TIENTSIN.

Kueichow, B. & S., May 15.  
Main, Melchers, May 17.  
Cheongching, Jardine's, May 21.  
Huichow, B. & S., May 23.  
Trier, Melchers, June 5.

## TIENTSIN AND VICINITY.

Rosandra, Dodwell's, May 18.  
Romolo, Dodwell's, May 28.

## TSINGTAO.

Chakang, Jardine's, May 12.  
Sinkiang, B. & S., May 12.  
Soochow, B. & S., May 14.  
Kwangang, Jardine's, May 15.  
Main, Melchers, May 17.  
Kwaisang, Jardine's, May 19.  
Ninghai, B. & S., May 19.  
Shantung, B. & S., May 21.  
Hopsang, Jardine's, May 22.  
Trier, Melchers, June 5.

## VANCOUVER, B.C.

Ixon, B.F., May 11.  
Everett, States S.S., May 11.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., May 15.  
Tyndareus, B.F., June 1.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., June 5.

## VICTORIA, B.C.

Ixon, B.F., May 11.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, May 14.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., May 15.  
Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 29.  
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., May 29.  
Tyndareus, B.F., June 1.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., June 5.

## VLADIVOSTOK.

Glenferr, Jardine's, May 14.  
Canton, Gilman's, May 19.  
Quarrington Court, Jar., May 29.

## WHAIRAI.

Kueichow, B. & S., May 15.  
Huichow, B. & S., May 23.  
Sarpedon, B.F., May 31.

## EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS.

## Aeneas due from Shanghai June 11.

Afrika due from Shanghai May 14.  
Aki Maru left for Manila Apr. 23.  
Akita Maru due from Japan May 23.

Alipore due from Europe June 18.  
Altai Maru due from Singapore May 14.

Amur Maru due from Shanghai May 11.

Andes Maru due June 8.  
Angers due from Europe May 21.

Antiochus due from Europe May 27.

Arafura left for Australia May 6.  
Asphedon due from Japan June 2.

Asuku Maru due from Singapore May 27.

Automedon due from Europe June 3.

Bellerophon due from Europe June 15.

Bencruachan left for Shanghai May 8.

Benlmond left for Shanghai May 6.

Bertram Rickmers due May 25.

Bessa due from Europe May 30.

Bokuyo Maru due from Singapore May 21.

Canton due from Hamburg May 17.

Carmarthenshire due from Europe May 27.

Change due from Japan June 11.



# CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

AMOI & SHANGHAI	"HUPEH"	On 19th May,	5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SINKIANG"	On 12th May,	7 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANKING"	On 12th May,	8 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KAYING"	On 19th May,	Noon
AMOI, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"BOOCHOW"	On 14th May,	5 p.m.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"KUEICHOW"	On 15th May,	10 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"CHENAN"	On 16th May,	8 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"KINGCHOW"	On 19th May,	7 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"KINGYUAN"	On 19th May,	8 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KWANGCHOW"	On 19th May,	Noon
SHANGHAI, NEWCHANG & DALNY	"YINGCHOW"	On 19th May,	3 p.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SHANTUNG"	On 21st May,	5 p.m.
HONGKONG, SINGAPORE & BANGKOK	"KIUNGCHOW"	On 22nd May,	10 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"TEAN"	On 23rd May,	8 a.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"LINAN"	On 23rd May,	10 a.m.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 23rd May,	10 a.m.

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TAIPING	In Port	14th May
CHANGTE	11th June	18th June
TAIPING	8th July	16th July

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S.S. "NELEUS"	via Suez Canal	5th June
S.S. "CITY OF MOBILE"	via Suez Canal	14th June
S.S. "MACHAON"	via Suez Canal	3rd July

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.

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# PRINCE LINE

IMPROVED SERVICE

TO BOSTON

AND NEW YORK

T.S. "ROYAL PRINCE"	May 10th
T.S. "IMPERIAL PRINCE"	June 6th
M.V. "JAVANESE PRINCE"	June 20th

Excellent Accommodation for a Limited Number of Passengers at Moderate Rates.

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Sailings from Hong Kong

To MARSEILLES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port-Said.	To Yokohama via Shanghai and Kobe.
DARTAGNAN ... 21st May	ANGERS ... 21st May
SPHINX ... 4th June	G. METZINGER ... 4th June
ANGERS ... 18th June	ANDRE LEBON ... 18th June
G. METZINGER ... 2nd July	PORTHOS ... 2nd July
ANDRE LEBON ... 18th July	CHENONCEAUX ... 18th July
PORTHOS ... 30th July	ATHOS II ... 30th July
CHENONCEAUX ... 13th Aug.	DARTAGNAN ... 13th Aug.
ATHOS II ... 27th Aug.	SPHINX ... 27th Aug.

We can issue Through Tickets to Egypt, Syrian Ports, (East Africa), Madagascar by Transhipment on our Mail Steamers at Port-Said, or Djibouti.

For DUNKIRK via Port-Said, Oran, Ombria, Hamburg, Rotterdam, (Antwerp).

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Telephones: C. 661 and 740. 3, Queen's Building.

## ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

STATION	MAY 8, 1929.										MAY 9, 1929.									
	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind	Direction	Force	Clouds	Sea	Visibility	Remarks	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind	Direction	Force	Clouds	Sea	Visibility	Remarks
Wladivostok	30.01	762.2	40	SE	1	1	6	30.04	762.9	40	SE	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Namuro	29.92	760.0	...	N	1	...	5	30.06	763.5	...	NNE	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hokkaido	29.94	760.5	...	SE	1	...	...	30.03	762.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tokio	29.78	756.5	...	NW	2	...	...	29.96	761.0	...	NE	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kobe	29.78	756.5	...	...	0	...	...	29.84	758.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagasaki	29.84	758.0	...	SSE	1	...	...	29.92	760.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kagoshima	29.84	758.0	...	...	...	...	...	29.86	758.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oshima	29.82	757.1	...	SW	1	...	...	29.82	757.5	...	WSW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Naha	29.88	759.8	...	S	4	...	...	29.84	758.0	...	S	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ishigakijima	29.86	758.5	...	SW	2	...	...	29.84	758.0	...	SW	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bonin Island	30.04	763.0	...	S	...	...	...	30.04	763.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chefoo	29.75	755.6	60	NNW	2	...	6	29.79	756.6	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shanghai	29.63	758.1	73	E	1	...	...	29.87	758.7	73	ESE	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gutzlaff	29.50	759.4	82	ENE	1	...	...	29.66	761.0	88	SE	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sharp Peak	29.75	755.7	71	E	2	...	...	29.88	758.9	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amoy	29.74	755.4	77	SW	4	...	6	29.87	758.7	72	ENE	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Swatow	29.82	757.5	82	NW	2	...	3	29.81	757.2	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taiheku	29.87	758.7	86	...	...	...	...	29.85	758.1	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taihu	29.86	758.4	80	SW	2	...	...	29.82	757.5	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tainan	29.85	758.1	84	...	...	...	...	29.84	757.8	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koshu	29.85	758.1	84	S	4	...	...	29.82	757.5	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pescadore	29.81	757.2	75	SSE	1	...	6	29.81	757.2	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hong Kong	29.81	757.2	75	SW	3	...	...	29.81	757.2	74	SSE	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gap Rock	29.78	756.3	70	WSW	2	...	...	29.78	756.3	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Macao	29.81	757.2	82	W	...	...	...	29.84	757.9	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hoihow	29.81	757.2	85	SE	2	...	...	29.76	756.0	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pratas Island	29.67	756.8	86	SE	2	...	...	29.79	756.6	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Phulien	29.78	756.3	86	...	...	...	...	29.81	757.2	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tourane	29.78	756.3	86	...	...	...	...	29.81	757.2	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cape St. James	29.78	756.3	86	...	...	...	...	29.82	757.5	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Basco	29.78	756.3	86	...	...	...	...	29.82	757.5	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aparri	29.75	755.9	90	NNE	4	...	...	29.84	757.8	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tuguegarao	29.72	754.8	97	N	2	...	...	29.84	757.8	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vigan	29.75	755.7	90	W	4	...	...	29.81	757.2	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manila	29.74	755.4	93	SE	4	...	...	29.81	757.2	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Legaspi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.81	757.2	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calbayog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.81	757.2	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tacloban	29.78	756.3	86	S	4	...	...	29.82	757.5	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Iloilo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.79	756.6	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cebu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.79	756.6	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Surigao	29.74	755.4	82	E	2	...	...	29.76	756.0	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saipan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.81	757.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Guam	12.22	29.78	756.3	...	...	...	4.22	29.81	757.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yap	11.60	29.76	756.0	...	...	...	...	29.80	756.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pelew	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.77	756.1	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ponape	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.76	756.0	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Labuan	14	29.77	756.1	84	83	NW	2	29.84	757.9	78	91	SW	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

May 9d. 11h. 13m.—Pressure remains highest to the east of Japan and the Bonins, and relatively low over China generally. The depression remains over Tonking.

Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.60 inch. Total since January 1, 8.45 inches, against an average of 13.98 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON THE 10th.

DISTRICT.

- 1.—Formosa Channel
- 2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamooks
- 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock
- 4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan

FORECAST.

S.W. or variable winds, light to moderate; cloudy, rain.

C. W. JEFFRIES, —Director.

## HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, May 9.

Previous On Date On Date

Day at 4 p.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m.

Barometer ... 29.78 29.85 29.85

Temperature ... 74 80 81

Humidity ... 93 92 84

Wind—Direction ... Calm NW SSW

Force ... 0 0 1

Weather ... O.M.E. O.M. O

Rain ... 1.81 0.00 0.57

Highest open-air Temperature, 8: 77.

Lowest open-air Temperature, 9: 74.

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Qualls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

\$7.50

will keep you in touch with Hong Kong news for six months

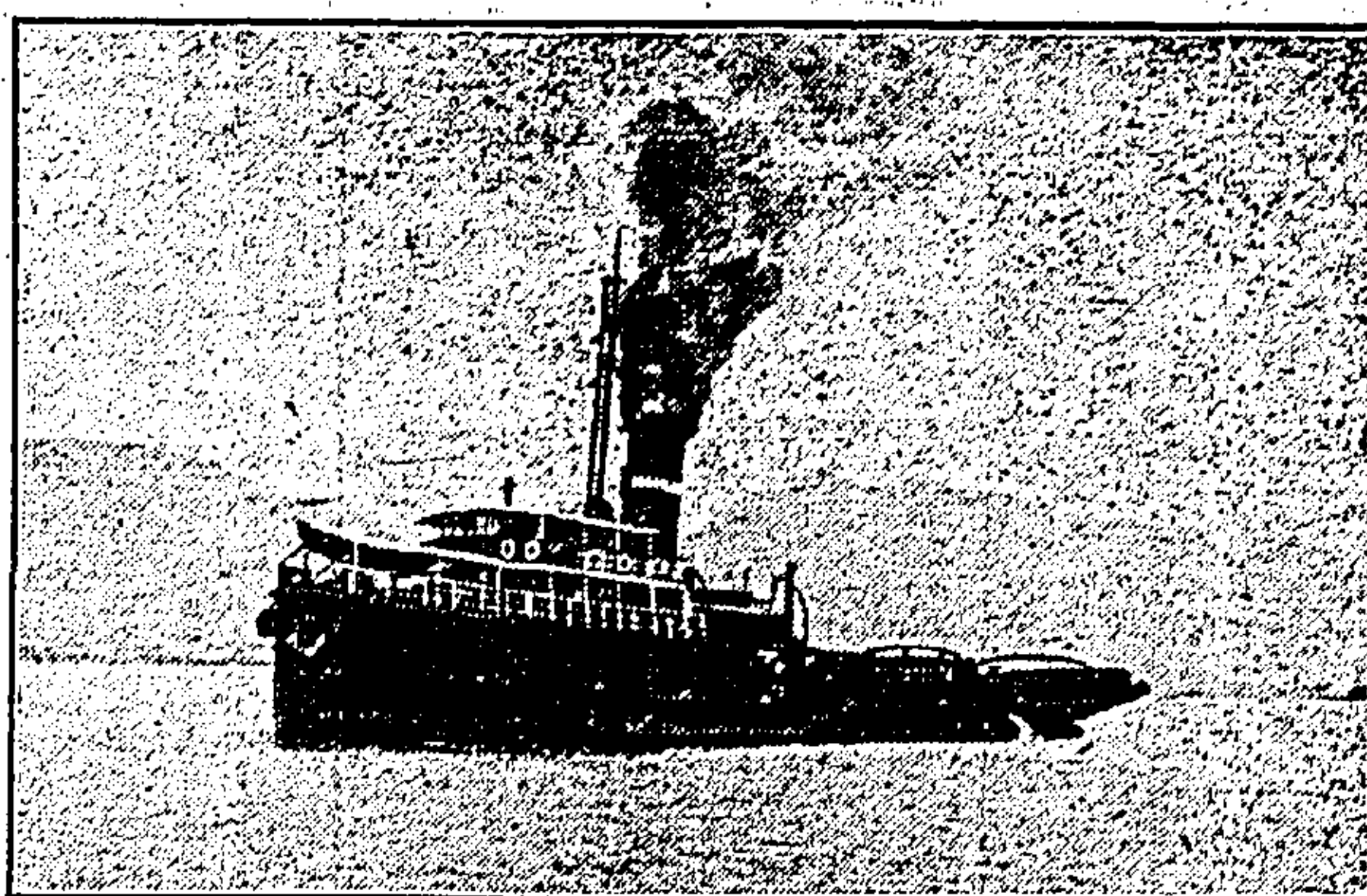
AFTER YOU GO AWAY

and you will certainly want to know what is happening. Send an order for the Weekly Press to be sent to you. We, at 11, Lee House Street, will do the rest.

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Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers, Iron, Steel and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians.



Steel Twin-Screw Ocean-going Tug and Salvage Steamer

"Henry Keswick"

Built, engine and equipped complete by The Hong Kong &amp; Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd., Hong Kong, for their own service, 1921. Length 165' B.P., Breadth 34' (m), Depth 17' (m), L.H.P. 2,000. Fitted with electrically driven submersible and centrifugal pumps, air compressor, wireless, searchlight and all modern appliances for Salvage Works. Please address enquiries to the Chief Manager.

R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.L.N.A., Kowloon Dock, Hong Kong.

## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS

To	STEAMSHIP	DATE
TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"CHAKSANG" "KWONGSANG" "KWAISANG" "HOPSANG"	Sun., 19th May, at 7 a.m. Wed., 15th May, at 7 a.m. Sun., 19th May, at 7 a.m. Wed., 22nd May, at 7 a.m.
OSAKA via AMOI, MOJI & KOBE	"SUISANG" "YUENSANG"	Tues., 14th May, at 8 a.m. 



## CANADIAN PACIFIC

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE ACROSS THE PACIFIC  
TO VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER

17 Days Hong Kong-Vancouver, 14 Days Shanghai-Vancouver  
11 Days Kobe-Vancouver, 9 Days Yokohama-Vancouver

	Hong Kong	Shanghai	Kobe	Yokohama	Vancouver
Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
EMPEROR OF ASIA	May 15	May 18	May 21	May 23	June 1
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	May 26	June 1	June 4	June 6	June 13
EMPEROR OF ASIA	July 10	July 13	July 16	July 18	July 27
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Aug. 24	Aug. 27	Aug. 30	Sept. 1	Sept. 17
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Sept. 7	Sept. 10	Sept. 13	Sept. 15	Sept. 24
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Oct. 21	Oct. 24	Oct. 27	Oct. 29	Oct. 38
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Nov. 4	Nov. 7	Nov. 10	Nov. 12	Nov. 21
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Nov. 18	Nov. 21	Nov. 24	Nov. 26	Dec. 5
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Dec. 2	Dec. 5	Dec. 8	Dec. 10	Dec. 19
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Dec. 16	Dec. 19	Dec. 22	Dec. 24	Jan. 2

F/Asia and E/Russia call at Nagasaki the day after departure from Shanghai.

Connecting Canadian Pacific Atlantic sailings from Montreal and Quebec  
every few days to Liverpool, Southampton, Glasgow,  
Antwerp, Cherbourg and Hamburg.

## HONG KONG-MANILA SERVICE

Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
Hong Kong	Manila	Manila	Hong Kong
May 28	May 30	EMPEROR OF FRANCE	May 31
June 18	June 20	EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	June 21

## CANADIAN PACIFIC EXPRESS

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PAYABLE THE WORLD OVER.

THE SAFEST AND MOST CONVENIENT WAY TO CARRY FUNDS.

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#120, #112, #110, #102, #23; via SAN FRANCISCO.  
#235, #230, #210 via JAPAN and SEATTLE.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu.

SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports.

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## Shipping News Daily Statement, Waterfront News, etc.

## YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS.

IMPORTS 15,000 TONS;  
THROUGH CARGO  
27,000 TONS.

During the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday the general returns shown at the Harbour Office of cargoes carried by vessels arriving in Hong Kong were as follows:—

British	Cargo	Through
H.K.	Ports	
Sinkiang	Shanghai	200
Kwonggang	Shanghai	450
Haiyang	Foochow	500
Hydrangas	Swatow	94
Siang Bee	Rangoon	150
Delta	Karachi	402
Hupei	Haiphong	340
Linan	Canton	—
Canton	—	2,145
French	Haiphong	500
Dutch	Amoy	—
Cremor	Amoy	1,319
Greek	Capt. Rokos	4,500
Norwegian	Suez	4,500
Ulrikka	Kin Hon	1,850
Japanese	Himalaya	500
Maru	Japan	691
Malacca	Japan	2,000
Roko	Japan	1,138
Canton	Keelung	4,327
Portuguese	Ka Heng	210
Chinese	Shiu Hing	20
Tai Lee	Dairen	1,200
Tak Hing	Autow	2
Total	—	15,054

Arrivals and Departures.

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were as follows:—

British	Arr.	Dep.
Japanese	8	10
Norwegian	4	1
Chinese	4	2
Dutch	1	2
French	1	0
Greek	1	0
Portuguese	1	1
Total	21	16

Empress of Russia left Yokohama on May 8 is due Vancouver on May 18.

## DAILY WATERFRONT NEWS.

## DANGEROUS GOODS.

The Haiyang brought 6 cases of fire crackers on her arrival from Swatow and Foochow on the 8th inst.

Twenty cases of sulphur flowers and 1,040 bags of saltpetre were among the cargo carried by the Himalaya Maru. The vessel arrived on the 8th inst. from Japan.

The Moji Maru from Japan carried a cargo of 30 cases of sulphuric acid and 25 cases nitric acid for this port.

## Death at Sea.

The death of a female passenger from heart failure was reported by the master of the Siang Bee from Rangoon and Singapore.

## Asiatic Deck Passengers.

The following vessels brought Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday:—

Vessel	Passengers
Sinkiang (Br.) Shanghai	8
Hydrangas (Br.) Swatow	845
Siang Bee (Br.) Rangoon	247
Delta (Br.) Karachi	10
Hupei (Br.) Haiphong	10
Canton (Fr.) Haiphong	17
Cremor (Dut.) Amoy	1,078
Swatow Maru (Jap.) Keelung	24
Tak Hing (Ch.) Autow	65
Total	3,065

## CLEARANCES.

May 9.

Borneo, for Saigon.  
Changchow, for Shanghai.  
City of Delhi, for Singapore.  
Delta, for Shanghai.  
Escondido, for Saigon.  
Hathor, for Manila.  
Himalaya Maru, for Manila.  
Hupha, for Amoy.  
Hydrangas, for Swatow.  
Ka Heng, for K. C. Wan.  
Kidderpore, for Singapore.  
Linan, for Swatow.  
Menado Maru, for Hoilow.  
N.S.D. Rosario, for Manila.  
Tongchuan, for Keelung.  
Tsuruga Maru, for Shanghai.

## THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD. COPENHAGEN.

## The M.S. "AFRIKA"

loading on or about  
15th May

PORT SAID, HAYRE, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,  
AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN AND OTHER  
SCANDINAVIAN & BALTIC PORTS.

## SAILING LIST.

OTHER SAILINGS:—  
M.V. "Malaya" ... 10th June  
M.S. "Siam" ... 20th June

Optional Bills of Lading issued to United Kingdom Ports.  
For further particulars, please apply to—

JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD.

[MEXICANTH BANK BUILDING.]  
Telephone C. 4072. Agents.

## BANK LINE LTD.

AGENTS FOR

## ELLERMAN &amp; BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT

"CITY OF GLASGOW" ... London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg ... 10th June

"CITY OF CAMBRIDGE" ... London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg ... 10th July

NEW YORK, BOSTON & BALTIMORE ... AMERICAN AND MANHATTAN LINE

"CITY OF SINGAPORE" ... via Suez Canal ... 14th June

"CITY OF MANDALAY" ... via Suez Canal ... 12th July

"CITY OF BEDFORD" ... via Suez Canal ... 9th August

ALSO AGENTS FOR

## ANDREW WEIR &amp; CO.

SERVICES TO

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE ... AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE

"COMLIBANK" ... 27th May

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA ... ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE

Loading for Mauritius, Reunion, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Algoa Bay (Port Elizabeth), Mossel Bay and Capetown.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Beira, Quilimane, Ibo, Port Amelia, Mozambique, Chinde, Inhambane, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Kilindini, Port Nellore, Luderitz Bay, Walvis Bay and Madagascar.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above lines apply to—  
Telephone: Central 4701.

## THE BANK LINE, LTD.

## P. &amp; O., British India Apear and Eastern &amp; Australian Lines

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).  
MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS  
TAKING CARGO FOR

STRAITS, JAVA, BULMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF,  
WEST INDIES, MADRAGUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA,  
AUSTRALIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND,  
PORTS, RED SEA, EGYPT, CONSTANTINOPLE,  
GREECE, LEBANTINE PORTS, EUROPE, ETC.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY  
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.  
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	9th May, Noon	Saigon, Straits, Colombo & Bay.
"KALYAN"	9,144	11th May, Noon	Marseilles, London and Hull.
"MOORE"	10,863	15th May	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"LAHORE"	8,532	1st June	Mars. London, A.werp, B. Am. H. bag.
"DELTA"	8,097	8th June	Marseilles, London and Hull.
"JEYPORE"	8,318	15th June	Mars. London, A.werp, B. Am. H. bag.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,388	22nd June	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"PERIM"	2,046	28th June	Marseilles, London and Hull.
"KASHGAR"	8,097	6th July	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
"MIRZAPORE"	8,715	9th July	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
"ALIPORE"	5,373	19th July	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"RANPURA"	16,401	26th July	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	2nd Aug.	Marseilles, London and Hull.
"KHYBER"	8,114	3rd Aug.	Marseilles, London and Hull.
"MALWA"	10,980	17th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"KASHMIR"	8,883	31st Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"MOORE"	10,863	14th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"MANTUA"	10,945	28th Sept.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
"MIRZAPORE"	8,715	2nd Oct.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
"ALIPORE"	5,373	9th Oct.	Marseilles and London.
"KARMALA"	9,123	12th Oct.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	23rd Oct.	Marseilles and London.
"KALYAN"	9,144	26th Oct.	Marseilles and London.

\* Cargo only.  
Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Piraeus, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

## BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TAKADA"	8,642	18th May, 5 p.m.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"TALAMBA"	8,018	21st May	do.
"TALMA"	10,000	9th June	do.
"SANTHIA"	7,754	4th July	do.
"TAKIWA"	7,834	10th July	do.

B.I.—Apear Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

## EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TANDA"	6,956	31st May	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	5th July	Inland, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.
"ARAFURA"	8,000	2nd Aug.	do.
"TANDA"	6,956	28th Aug.	do.

\* Calls Hilo and carries Orchestra.

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hong Kong to Japan & Hong Kong to Australia.  
The E. & A. S.S. Co. Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Hilo, Oahu, Kolambuga, Taiwan, Timor, Durban, or other ports en route as indicated.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—  
The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand  
Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.  
The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal.  
The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.  
The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

## SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TALMA"	10,000	12th May	Amoy, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama & Osaka
"ROSSINGTON COURT"	—	21st May	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"GURBA"	5,248	24th May	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,388	31st May	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	4th June	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama.
"SANTHIA"	7,754	5th June	Amoy, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama & Osaka.
"KASHGAR"	8,097	7th June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TILSINGTON COURT"	—	10th June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MIRZAPORE"	8,715	10th June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"ALIPORE"	5,373	19th June	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"TAKIWA"	7,834	12th June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"RANPURA"	16,401	21st June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KHYBER"	8,114	6th July	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	9th July	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama.
"MALWA"	10,980	19th July	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KASHMIR"	8,883	2nd Aug.	do.
"TANDA"	6,956	3rd Aug.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama.
"MOORE"	10,863	16th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KARMALA"	9,123	30th Aug.	do.
"MIRZAPORE"	8,715	11th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"ALIPORE"	5,373	13th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MANTUA"	10,945	25th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	27th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KALYAN"	9,144	12th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MACEDONIA"	11,120	26th Oct.	do.
"KASHGAR"	8,097	9th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"RAWALPINDI"	16,619	21st Nov.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.

\* Cargo only.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.

Passengers for Rangoon must defray their own Hotel expenses at Singapore while awaiting the on carrying steamer.

All Cables are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.

Steamers on London and Australian Lines are fitted with Laundries.

Parcels measuring not more than 3 ft. x 2 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to Noon on the day previous to sailing.

For Further Information, Passage Fare, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to—

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

P. & O. Building, Cross Street Road Central, HONG KONG. Agents.

## THE SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

SERVICE OF FAST MOTOR VESSELS

LOADING DIRECT FOR

ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN, OSLO AND GOTHENBURG.

Leading about 15th June



## POST OFFICE NOTICE.

## INWARD MAILS.

FROM	PER	DATE
SHANGHAI & AMOY	Kwaiyang	10th May
JAVA	Tyikembang	10th May
AMOI	Takada	10th May
STRAITS	Talma	10th May
JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Kaiyan	10th May
JAPAN, SHANGHAI & EUROPE via SIBERIA (London, 18th-19th April)	Tamba Maru	11th May
JAPAN, SHANGHAI & EUROPE via SIBERIA (London, 20th April)	Amor Maru	11th May
U.S.A., CANADA, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Pres. McKinley	11th May
SHANGHAI & SWATOW	Socohow	11th May
STRAITS	Sui Sang	11th May
STRAITS	Kashimo Maru	12th May
STRAITS	Empress of Asia	12th May
STRAITS	Lycan	12th May
STRAITS	Tango Maru	12th May
STRAITS	Pres. Hayes	12th May
STRAITS	D'Aragona	12th May
STRAITS		21st May

## OUTWARD MAILS.

REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

FOR	PER	DATE & TIME
Swatow, Amoy & Fuzhou	Haiyang	Friday, 10th, 2.30 P.M.
Fort Bayard	Wing Lee	2.30 P.M.
Amoy	Rupah	3.30 P.M.
Amoy	Tyikembang	5.00 P.M.
Shanghai & EUROPE via SIBERIA	Tyikembang	6.00 P.M.
Kowloon P.O.		
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt & EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 8th June	Kalyan	Par. 10th, 4.30 P.M. Reg. 11th, 9.00 A.M. Letters 10.00 A.M. G.P.O. Par. 10th, 5.00 P.M. Reg. 11th, 9.45 A.M. Letters 10.30 A.M.
Saturday, 11th		
Japan & Victoria, B.O.—due Victoria, B.O. 4th June	Ision	Reg. 9.15 A.M. Letters 10.00 A.M.
Manila & parcels only for Germany via Hamburg	Ruhr	12.30 P.M.
Haiphong	Canion	2.30 P.M.
Manila	Pres. McKinley	4.30 P.M.
Swatow	Sinkiang	5.00 P.M.
Amoy	Anking	5.00 P.M.
Sunday, 12th		
Amoy and Formosa via Swatow	Canion Maru	9.00 A.M.
Swatow and Bangkok	Kaying	9.00 A.M.
Monday, 13th		
Amoy	Sui Sang	8.30 P.M.
Japan, Canada, U.S.A., C. & S. America, America, & EUROPE via Victoria, B.O.—due Victoria, B.O. 3rd June	Pres. Taft	Reg. 4.15 P.M. Letters 5.00 P.M. Reg. 5.00 P.M. Letters 6.00 P.M.
Shanghai & EUROPE via SIBERIA	Pres. Taft	Reg. 4.15 P.M. Letters 5.00 P.M. Reg. 5.00 P.M. Letters 6.00 P.M.
Manila, Australia & New Zealand via Thursday Island—due Thursday Island, 25th May	Tai Ping	Reg. 14th, 9.45 A.M. Letters 10.30 A.M.
Tuesday, 14th		
Swatow, Amoy and Fuzhou	Haiyang	1.00 P.M.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East & South Africa, Egypt & EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 12th June	Hector	Kowloon P.O. Reg. 3.00 P.M. Letters 4.30 P.M. G.P.O. Reg. 4.15 P.M. Letters 5.00 P.M. Reg. 5.00 P.M. Letters 6.00 P.M.
Japan, Canada, U.S.A., C. & S. America, America, & EUROPE via Vancouver, B.C.—due Vancouver, B.C. 1st June	Empress of Asia	Reg. 4.15 P.M. Letters 5.00 P.M. Reg. 5.00 P.M. Letters 6.00 P.M.
Shanghai and EUROPE via SIBERIA	Empress of Asia	Reg. 4.15 P.M. Letters 5.00 P.M. Reg. 5.00 P.M. Letters 6.00 P.M.
Amoy	Socohow	Reg. 4.15 P.M. Letters 5.00 P.M.
Swatow	Kwongkong	Reg. 4.15 P.M. Letters 5.00 P.M.

\*Correspondence may be sent by name only.

## HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Authorized Capital ..... \$50,000,000  
Issued & Fully Paid-up ..... \$30,000,000  
Reserve Funds:—  
Sterling ..... \$8,000,000  
Silver ..... \$14,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors ..... \$20,000,000

Head Office: Hong Kong.

Court of Directors:—  
N. S. Brown, Esq., Chairman.  
W. H. Bell, Esq., Deputy Chairman.  
Hon. Mr. B. D. W. L. Pattenden,  
F. Bell, Esq.  
A. H. Johnson, T. E. Pearce,  
Esq.  
M. T. Johnson, J. A. Plummer,  
Esq.  
B. Lander Lewis, J. P. Warren,  
Esq.  
Chief Manager:—  
Hon. Mr. A. C. Hynes.

BRANCHES:—  
Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Chefoo, Colombo, Dairen, Fookchow, Haiphong, Hamburg, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kowloon, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manilla, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Suva, Tientsin, Yokohama.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in LOCAL CURRENCY and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.  
Hong Kong, 17th Apr., 1929. [28]

## HONG KONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.  
For the HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,  
A. C. HYNES,  
Chief Manager.  
Hong Kong, 13th Sept., 1927. [2]

## EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION.

CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS  
U.S. \$3,500,000.00  
HEAD OFFICE:—  
37, WALL STREET,  
NEW YORK.

An American Bank offering complete Foreign Banking Service in the principal markets of the world.  
Interest Allowed on all Deposits Rates on Application.

A Subsidiary of THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.  
Total Resources in excess of U.S. \$837,000,000.00.  
D. M. BIGGAR,  
Manager.

## NEDERLANDSCHE HANDELS-MAATSCHAPPIJ.

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

## BANKERS

Established 1824.

HONG KONG OFFICE: 11, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

Authorized Capital Gldrs. 150,000,000.— (\$12,500,000.)

Paid-Up Capital Gldrs. 80,000,000.— (\$6,400,000.)

Reserve Fund Gldrs. 40,000,000.— (\$3,200,000.)

Head Office:—Amsterdam.

Eastern Head Office:—Batavia.

BRANCHES:—Batavia, Bandoeng, Bencoolen, Birmah, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Hongkong, Kanton, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, Rotterdam, Soerabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

These offer free Safe Deposit Boxes To Let.

London Bankers:—

National Provincial Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents all over the world.

Banking Business of every description transacted.

P. M. ELBERG, Manager.

Hong Kong, 6th May, 1929. [34]

## THE BANK OF CANTON, LTD.

Head Office: Hong Kong.

Hong Kong Currency.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL: \$11,000,000.

PAID-UP CAPITAL: \$6,642,200.

RESERVE FUND: \$600,000.

Branches:—

CANTON, SHANGHAI, HANKOW, SWATOW, BANGKOK, NEW YORK and SAN FRANCISCO.

London Bankers:—

THE LLOYDS BANK, Ltd.

Correspondents

In all Principal Cities of the World.

Foreign Exchange and Banking Business of every description transacted.

Safe Deposit Boxes (various sizes) at a Yearly Rental of from \$5 to \$40.

LOOK POONG SHAN, Manager.

37

## CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

Head Office: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital ..... \$3,000,000

Reserve Fund ..... \$4,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors ..... \$3,000,000

AGENCIES & BRANCHES:

ALOR STAR, BANGKOK, BATAVIA, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, CANTON, CEBU, CULLEN, Dairen, DELHI, HANKOW, HARBIN, HONG KONG, KANGAR, KUALA, KUPANG, LONDON, LYONS, MANILA, Peking, RANGOON, SHANGHAI, SINGAPORE, SOERABAYA, SWATOW, TIENTSIN, YOKOHAMA.

FOREIGN EXCHANGES and General Banking Business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. H. FERGUSON, Manager.

Hong Kong, 9th Jan., 1929. [30]

## BANQUE FRANCO-CHINOISE POUR LE COMMERCE ET L'INDUSTRIE.

(Incorporated in France).

Princed's Building, Chater Road, Victoria, Hong Kong.

HEAD OFFICE:—

74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

Capital, fully paid-up ..... 50,000,000

Special Working Capital 50,000,000

Reserves ..... 22,319,000

BRANCHES:—

Paris, Lyons, Marseilles, Saigon, Haiphong, Hanoi, Tientsin, Peking, Shanghai, Hankow, Canton, Hong Kong.

BANKERS:—

France: Société Générale, Banque Nationale de Crédit, Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas.

London: Midland Bank, Ltd.

New York: American Exchange.

San Francisco: Bank of Italy.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Correspondents throughout the World.

L. BERNIS, Manager.

Hong Kong, 6th Aug., 1928.

## THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:—

15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C. 3.

Authorized Capital ..... \$3,000,000

Subscribed Capital ..... \$1,800,000

Paid-up Capital ..... \$1,050,000

Reserve Fund and Rest ..... \$1,612,047

BANKERS:—

THE BANK OF ENGLAND and MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES:—

Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Dairen, Delhi, Hong Kong, Kanton, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

HONG KONG BRANCHES:—

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at Rates that may be ascertained on application.

C. L. C. SANDES, Manager.

7, Queen's Road Central.

Hong Kong, 12th April, 1928. [29]

## THE BANK OF CHINA.

行銀國中

(Special authorised by Presidential Mandate of the Republic of China on the 22nd of November, 1917.)

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL ..... \$60,000,000.00

PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... 18,760,200.00

RESERVE FUND ..... 9,864,393.69

Head Office:—PEKING.

Hong Kong Branch:—4, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Branches and Sub-branches all over China, and Correspondents in Europe, America, and other parts of the world.

London Bankers:—THE GUARANTY TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK, THE NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK, Ltd.

New York Bankers:—THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY, THE IRVING BANK, COLUMBIA TRUST CO.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits. Terms on application.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

Loans granted on Approved Securities.

Special facilities for domestic exchange.

SHOU J. CHEN, Manager.

Hong Kong, 29th June, 1927. [38]

## BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

Head Office:—

96, Boulevard Haussmann, Paris.

Subscribed Capital Frs. 72,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital Frs. 68,400,000.00

Reserve Fund Frs. 102,000,000.00

BRANCHES:—

Bangkok, Hong Kong, Quinhon, Saigon, Haiphong, Hanoi, Tientsin, Peking, Shanghai, Hankow, Canton, Hong Kong.

BANKERS:—

IN FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Crédit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Crédit Industriel et Commercial; Société Générale.

IN LONDON: The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Crédit Lyonnais.

IN NEW YORK: J. P. Morgan & Co.; French-American Bank Corp.; Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Safe Deposit Boxes to let.

A. LECOT, Manager.

Hong Kong, 2nd May, 1929. [32]

## THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Capital, fully paid up Yen 100,000,000

Reserve Fund Yen 105,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Alexandria, Hankow, Hong Kong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Deposits received for Fixed Periods at rates to be obtained on application.

H. MORI, Manager.

Hong Kong, 11th Mar., 1929. [35]

## P. &amp; O. BANKING CORPORATION, LIMITED.

PAID UP CAPITAL ..... \$2,594,166

RESERVE FUND ..... \$180,000

HEAD OFFICE:—

122, Leadenhall Street, London, E.C. 3.

The Corporation undertakes General Banking and Exchange Business of every description, and Savings Bank Business, and in addition to its Branches has Agencies in all the principal towns of the World.

O. CHAMPKIN, Manager.

Princed's Building Chater Road, 36] Hong Kong.

## EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

May 9, 1929.

ON LONDON:—

Telegraphic Transfer ..... 1/11 1/2

Bank Bills, on demand 1/11 7/16

Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight ..... —

Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight ..... 1/11 1/2

Credits, at 4 months' sight ..... 2/0 1/2

Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight ..... 2/0 1/2

ON PARIS:—

Bank Bills, on demand 12 1/2

Credits, at 4 months' sight 12 1/2

Credits, at 60 days' sight ..... 43

ON BOMBAY:—

Telegraphic Transfer Bank Bills, on demand ..... 130 1/2

ON CALCUTTA:—

Telegraphic Transfer Bank Bills, on demand ..... 130 1/2

ON SHANGHAI:—

Bank Bills, at sight ..... 79 1/2

Private, 30 days' sight ..... —

ON YOKOHAMA:—

On demand ..... 105 1/2

ON MANILA:—On demand, 90 1/2

ON SINGAPORE:—

On demand ..... 84 1/2

ON BATAVIA:—On demand ..... —

ON HAIPHONG:—

On demand ..... —

ON SAIGON:—On demand, nom.

ON BANGKOK:—

On demand ..... —

SOVEREIGN, Bank's Buying rate ..... 9.90

GOLD LEAF, 100 fine, per teel ..... —

SILVER, per oz. .... 25 5/16